SANAA (R) - Hundreds of Yemenis 100k 10 the streets in at least two major cities Wednesday to protest at high prices and a sharp drop in the value of the local currency, witnesses said. Security sources said troops were deployed and contained the protests but the situation was still tense in the capital Sanaa and in the city of Taiz, 260 kilometres to the south. No casualties were reported but witnesses said most shops and markets remained shut in Sanaa on Wednesday. There appeared to be no damage to public property, the witnesses said. The country's elected assembly met Wednesday to discuss the economic crisis. It agreed to meet again on Monday to decide with government representatives what steps to take to stop the decline of the currency and contain high prices for basic foodstuffs. The protests started on Tuesday night in Taiz and were repeated there on Wednesday as well as spreading to the capital. Yemen, one of the poorest Arab states, is also affected by an acute and continuing political crisis (see page 2).

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AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, JANUARY 6-7, 1994, RAGAB 24-26, 1414

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Jordan, PLO launch crucial talks Hurd arrives after announcing

King meets top-level team led by Kaddoumi; statements indicate agreement to focus on immediate and urgent issues

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Wednesday opened talks seen crucial to the course of coordination in Middle East peace-making and Jordanian-Palestinian rela-

No immediate details were available on the outcome of two lengthy meetings between high-level delegations from the two sides, but it appeared that the discussions had reached a point where talks on a general framework for future relations were postponed and focus was being given to specific issues which need urgent attention.

PLO sources in Tunis said the delegation, led by Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the organisation's political department and including three members of the Executive Committee, was empowered by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to start "serious and indepth discussions on all aspects of the Jordanian-Palestinian relationship" as well as a draft economic agreement that was worked out in November but remained unendorsed by the

PLO leadership. "The leadership has decided that the delegation will discuss components of the agreement and reach immediate practical



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday receives Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Politic-

decisions with Jordan on the provisious that are not disputed by either side," said a senior PLO source.

The highlight of what observers described as a possible new era in Jordan-PLO coordination was a meeting Wednesday between His Majesty King Hussein and the visiting PLO delegation.

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the King and the

PLO delegation reviewed "the latest developments in the Middle East peace process, stressing the importance of enhancing coordination (between Jordan and the PLO) in light of the King's two recent addresses and in accordance with objective principles which

Jordanian and Palestinian peo-It was a reference to King

would serve the interests of the

al Department chief Farouk Kaddoumi (Petra Hussein's strong calls on Mr.

> fined political course of action and coordination with Jordan based on sincerity towards. serving the aspirations of the Palestinian peoples. In two speeches, one on

Arafat to adopt a clearly de-

Saturday and the other on Tuesday, the King signalled growing Jordanian impatience with the lack of coordination by the PLO and clearly set a

deadline for the revival of joint

committees. It was the "last chance" for ecordination, the King warned, and Jordan reserved the option to adopt whatever action it found fit to protect its national interests if the PLO did not rise to the level of the responsibilities.

During Wednesday's audience, Mr. Kaddoumi, who was dispatched here by Mr. Arafat in response to the King's call, emphasised the importance of Jordan's role in defending the Palestinian cause," Petra said.

The PLO recognises the courageous Jordanian role in defending the rights of the Palestinian people and sup-porting them in all fields," Petra quoted Mr. Kaddoumi as

saying.
The PLO official specifically referred to Jordan's acceptance of Palestinians displaced from their homes despite the Kingdom's limited resources and the challenges it faced,

The meeting was attended by Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Deputy Prime Minister Saed Al Tal and Information Minister Jawad Al Anani.

On the Palestinian side, the meeting was attended by PLO

(Continued on page 5)

British aid for Palestinians

By P.V. Vivekanand with agency dispatches

AMMAN — British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd arrived here Wednesday for a one-day visit during which be is expected to discuss the role of Britain and the European Union (EU) in the Middle East peace process as well as Jordanian-British relations

Mr. Hurd, who began his current Middle East visit in Lebanon and visited Israel and the occupied territories, arrived here after announcing a \$100 million British contribution to help Palestinian selfrule envisaged under the Sept. 13 Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agree-

In an arrival statement, Mr. Hurd, who was received by Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan, paid tribute to Anglo-Jordanian relations and underlined Jordan's role in the 26-month-old Arab-Israeli peace negotia-

"It is important to pursue contacts with Jordan at this obviously important, dramatie time in the history of the peace process," said Mr. Hurd, who arrived here from Israel. "Britain and Jordan have kept very close touch for many years."
The British official was

escorted immediately after arrival to the Royal Palace for a meeting with His Majesty King Hussein for talks on the latest developments in Middle East peace-making and bilateral relations.

Earlier Wednesday, Mr. Hurd visited the occupied Gaza Strip and got a firsthand look at the squalid living conditions in the most-densely populated areas in the world.

During the visit to Gaza, where he saw disease, pollution and impact of violence, Mr. Hurd announced the \$100

million aid for Palestinians.

Mr. Hurd said the money would be donated over the next three years to the Palestinian autonomy authority to belp pay for training police officers, setting up a Palesti-nian radio station and providing scholarships for Palestinians among other projects.

In London, the Foreign Office confirmed that the sum pledged Wednesday was separate from Britain's contribution to the \$600 million the Enropean Community (EC) will donate over five years.

Mr. Hurd said the deteriorating situation in the occupied territories underscored the urgency in making progress in the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) negotiations on Palesti-

Mr. Hurd visited U.N. headquarters in Gaza City, a British-financed eye clinic and the British cultural centre, but stayed away from refugee camps, saying he did not want to cause a commotion that could possibly lead to violence.

Mr. Hurd described the situation in the Gaza Strip as "disaster" and said it was time to end the Israeli occupation. But it was also up to the PLO, baving negotiated a peace, to make it work, he

"It is in British interests that this should work, that Palestinians should make a success of running the Gaza Strip and Jericbo," Mr. Hurd was quoted as saying.

He spoke of "disease, pollution on a monstrous scale, and violence," as manifestations of the years of Israeli-occupation.

It would be unthinkable for the peace process to he allowed to slip back, be said.

"It's time to end the occupation. A military occupation is a denial of human rights. There are no political rights in the occupied territories," Mr. Hurd said in bis strongest mes-

sage yet to Israel to abide by

the timetable for a withdrawal set out in its Sept. 13 accord with the PLO.

Once those principles were turned into an agreement, Mr. Hnrd said: "It won't be question of lightening the weight of the occupation, it will be a question of ending the occupa-

About 800,000 Palestinians are jammed into the Gaza Strip, 40 kilometres long by eight kilometres wide, most in refugee shantytowns.

"When you come to a place it's more vivid. What has been a fact on paper becomes a vivid, impression before your eyes," Mr. Hurd said.

Asked what he would tell the opponents of the Israel-PLO accord. Mr. Hurd said: People have a choice between a future that has risks and uncertainties and required a great deal of effort, and a recent past which is a disaster and the evidence of this disaster is all around us."

Mr. Hurd said he had no doubt the Palestinians could create viable communities.

The Palestinians are among the most gifted people in the Middle East," Mr. Hurd said. "The secret is to get that ta-lent, get that professionalism to work in administering Gaza and Jericho, that's what the PLO has to do.'

Mr. Hurd travelled the rubbish strewn streets of Gaza with advisers from the United Nations Relief and Works Agency which straddles the Gulf between local Palestinian administrators and the hated Israeli authorities.

Mr. Hurd, a former secretary of state for Northern Ireland, said he bad to accept the risks of visiting Gaza.

"Anywhere one is in the occupied territories... there is an element of uncertainty. But that's what the people here live through all their lives," he

Israel, PLO reach deal to resume talks

Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel are set to resume stalled autonomy talks in the Egyptian Red Sea resort of Taba after agreeing on a compromise to end a week's bickering, negotiators said

Israel had refused to go back to the negotiating table until the PLO agreed to base future discussions on a disputed document drawn up last week in

The Palestinians said the text reflected Israeli thinking and had to be changed.

An Israeli negotiator said that the two sides would resume negotiations on the basis of the document "but the Palestinians will be able to rediscuss the points which they

judge contentious."
The compromise allows both sides to argue that they stood their ground on the draft which Israel leaked after negotiations last week in the Egyptian capit-

In Cairo, a Palestinian negotiator said the talks would

probably resume in Taba on Sunday and there would be no

"preconditions." "All the points will be up for negotiation and that's the most important thing."

The formulation used for the resumption of talks was unimportant, whether it was "on the basis of the Cairo discussions' or similar wording, be said.

Israel and the PLO have

waged a battle of words over their different interpretations of the last round of negotiations, but bave been bolding intensive consultations in pri-

They are trying to agree on details of how to lanneh Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho under the autonomy deal signed on Sept. 13.

The PLO offered us a dozen compromise formulas before giving one that satisfied us," the Israeli negotiator said. Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and chief PLO negotiator Nabil Shaath spoke several times by telephone in a

bid to revive the stalled talks.

Earlier, a senior PLO official said in Norway the talks could resume later on Wednesday at Taba.

But Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, asked when negotiating teams would meet again, said: "I'm sure not this week.. an agreement has not yet been

"I believe that once we will clarify the rules of the negotiations, what is the status of the papers in Cairo, the understanding in Cairo, we will resame negotiations. I don't know when, the decision will not be taken before tomor-

In the Israeli partiament, the government narrowly defeated an opposition motion in parliament to make decisions on banding lands over to the Palestinians subject the approval of three quarters of

all legislators. The hill, proposed by opposition Likud legislator Meir Shcetrit, would bave killed any territorial compromise, as the peace process is backed by just 61 of 120 legislators. Its defeat was narrow: 52 legisla-tors voted against, 46 for and two abstained.

Partiament also began debate on a bill that would set in motion a system for compensating settlers evacuated from territories handed to Palestinians. Some settlers are already seeking such belp to move into Israel itself, although the government bas said no settlements would be uprooted for at least five years

under the autonomy plan. Although foreign ministry officially denied any knowledge of resuming the talks, a source in the ministry said talks will resume next week with both sides accepting the Cairo document as the basis, as Israel

had demanded. The official said an intense exchange of faxes Wednesday morning produced a "great closing of the gaps."

They have accepted our position that the Cairo document is the basis, and we accept that it is legitimate to propose any substantive changes in Taba," be said. tains the right to demand changes in what Israel has insisted was an agreement, the official said it was important for maintaining credibility between the sides that the PLO accepts the Cairo document in

principle. Negoriator Shaath told Radio Monte Carlo that "the tempest invented by Israel" that bad held np the Taba talks appeared to have subsided. We resume these talks

most probably at the beginning of next week without any preconditions," Dr. Shaath said, referring to Israel's demands that the PLO accept the agreement reached last week in Cairo.

The Cairo document summarised a series of compromises on control of border crossings. Reports said the document put the crossings under dual control, staffed by Palestinian police with the flags and other border trappings. But Israel would bave

Continued on page 5)

Troops kill Palestinian in Gaza

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip (Agencies) — Israeli troops shot dead a young Palestinian on Wednesday in the Jabalia refugee camp of the Gaza Strip, Palestinian sources

Iyad Abdul Karim Al Hindawi, aged 20, was shot in the head during a clasb with an army patrol, the sources said. Israelis have killed 1,164 Palestinians since the intifada began in December 1987. according to an AFP toll.

Eyewitnesses said Hindawi was shot into the head as he ducked into an alley near the army base in the heart of the refugee camp to escape a group of soldiers about 200 metres

away.

The mud in the alley was puddled with blood and pieces of brain scattered across the ground.

After the shooting Palestinian yonths continued to stone Israeli army jeeps patrolling

The death brought to 51 the number of Palestinians killed in Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy accord was signed in Washington Sept. 13, in the same period 19 Israelis have been killed.

Earlier Wednesday, a Palestinian threw a grenade at soldiers at the main crossing point from Gaza to Israel. slightly wounding a Palestinian worker, military sources said. Troops shut the Erez check-

point and launched a manhunt after the the attacker fled. Two Palestinians meanwhile set fue to an Israeli bus which was collecting Palestinian workers in the north of the strip after ordering the driver

Three other Palestinians were wounded by bullets in tbree separate clashes with Israeli soldiers in Gaza,

Syria assails Israel over settlement expansion

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -Syria Wednesday strongly condemned Israel's expansion of a settlement in the Golan Heightsand said the move was aimed at undermining the peace talks with Syria.

The official daily Tishreen also urged Israel to evacuate all Israeli settlers from the Golan if it wanted to make peace with Syria.

It said the settlement expansion was aimed at dealing a blow to the bopes pinned on the summit meeting between Syrian President Hafez-Al Assad and U.S. President Bill Clinton in Geneva on Jan. 16 which is aimed at pushing forward the Arab-Israeli peace

"While the world looked with hope and confidence to the Syrian-U.S summit in Geneva ... Israeli Housing Minister Binyamin Ben-Eliezer rushed to found a new neighbourhood in the Katzrin settlement in the occupied Syrian Golan...

"It is natural that Ben-Eliezer is assigned by the gov-ernment of (Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak) Rabin to make this flagrant provocative action which is part of a plan aimed at undermining the U.S. initiative ahead of the Assad-Clinton summit," Tishreen

Mr. Ben-Eliezer on Tuesday founded the settlement and rejected snggestions that the hundreds of new homes planned for the site would harm already stalled peace with

Syria. But Tishreen said any peace with Syria could not be achieved without the full return of the Golan and the evacuation of all Israeli settlers

from the area. "The Israelis know, as well as the world, that peace in the Middle East is impossible without Syria's effective participa-

tion. Peace with Syria is sub-

ject to the return of all the Golan and the evacuation of the settlers from it.

The Israelis know well, as well as the world, that when Syria says no is means what it says," Tishreen said. The Golan was the main

stumbling block in the two countries' 11 rounds of peace talks beld since negotiations began in 1991. The last round was in. Washington in September with

Israel rejecting Damascus's in-

sistence on a full Israeli pullout from the Heights in exchange A group of Jewish settlers are to demonstrate in Geneva during the U.S.-Syrian summit on Jan. 16 against any Israeli

eoncessions on the Golan-Heights, their leader said "We are going to Geneva to explain to the media that president (Bill) Clinton has no right to question the Israeli presence on the Golan," said the head of the council of Golan settle-

ments, Eli Malka. "It would be better for him to look after the internal problems of his own country," Mr.

Malka told Israeli radio. Another Golan leader, Sari-Bar Lev, said the snmmit

would turn to be "hot air." A U.S. Jewish leader said on Wednesday that Damascus is delaying the promised emigra-

tion of Syrian Jews by failing to issue exit visas to entire families. Lester Pollack, chairman of the Conference of Presidents. of Major American Jewish Organisations, said only two

Jews had emigrated since Syria pledged last month that all Jews who wished to leave would be allowed out by the end of 1993. Mr. Pollack told a news conference that Jews were refrain-

ing from leaving until all family members received permission

Jordan remains committed to comprehensiveness of Mideast peace despite pressures from opposite sides concluded their negotiations Syria might be seen to be Analysts believe that this

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan's ultimaturn to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) this week was a last-ditch attempt to bring back the concept of comprehensiveness to the Arab-Israeli negotiations, analysts and observers be-

In his address Tuesday to senior officers from the Public Security, General Intelligence and Civil Defence departments, His Majesty King Hussein expressed his "hope (that) we will reach a comprehensive peace with the

Jordanian officials privately say that the Kingdom was worried that the lack of coordination among the Arah parties to Middle East peace negotiations was leading to the disintegration of the concept of comprehensiveness, on which these negotiations were initially based, allowing

help of all parties."

Israel a chance to divide and

According to those officials, the Kingdom has come under Syrian pressure to drop attempts to bring the PLO back into Arah coordination ranks and work instead towards Syrian-Jordanian-Lebanese coordination without the Palestinians.

In view of the fact that the "separate Oslo accord" is going nowhere, the message from Syria was that the upcoming summit meeting in Geneva between Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and U.S. President Bill Clinton could be the right opportunity for the three countries to show PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat that they have the

upper hand. But the question, according to officials and analysts, was whether Jordan would join such a coalition and give up on attempts to convince the PLO to coordinate with

development placed Jordan in a difficult position since Mr. Arafat had been continually procrastinating over sending his aides to Amman. to attend coordination committee talks scheduled to have started last June but which never did.

ANALYSIS

This sentiment was actually expressed by Minister of Information Jawad Anani this week when he said Jordan feared that the lack of Jordanian-Palestinian coordination would force the country "to react in a way that is not in line with its overall policy."

To drop the idea of a comprehensive settlement and allow different Arab parties to reach separate peace accords with Israel would have defied Jordan's policy of waiting until all tracks have

with Israel successfully before signing accords simultaneously. Since Jordanians feel

almost certain that President Assad will get something from his meeting with President Clinton on Jan. 16, they felt that they were running out of time in bringing Arab parties to the talks to coordinate their steps and exchange information on developments on their tracks.

Senior Jordanian officials are constructing scenarios for progress on the Syrian front. They believe that while Syria is not expected to give in on its declared intention to accept full peace in return for full withdrawal, it may accept a time-tabled agenda leading to that conclusion if it receives American assurances that would guarantee its economie and security interests.

If this turns out to be true,

one seasoned analyst said,

willing to give up its Arab leadership role if the Americans can station American or international troops on the border, maintain Syrian interests in Lebanon and allow Damascus to reap economie benefits of peace. But Jordan also believes

that if this happens without

achieving tangible progress on the Palestinian front, there will be the risk of Arab-Israeli negotiations running into two separate "courses" Syrian-Lebanese-Israeli and Palestinian-Jordanian-Israeli - instead of the four streamlined tracks.

The Jordanians fear that

such a scenario, if it actually

develops, will further weaken

the Arab position and give: Israel the opportunity to "hunt down" each Arab party individually. to get out. This fear was also expressed by Dr. Anani when he told

(Continued on page 5)

'N. Korea canceis Scud sales to Iran'

NEWS IN BRIEF

TEL AVIV (AP) - North Korea killed the sale to Iran of

long-range surface-to-surface missiles carrying nuclear and

chemical capabilities, an Israeli newspaper has reported. The

respected Haaretz daily did not attribute its one-senteoce

front-page report, nor did it say when North Korea called off

the sale of the Nodong-I, or Scud-missiles. Defence ministry

spokesman Oded Ben-Ami would not comment on the report.

Israeli reports have said that North Korea signed contracts to

sell the Nodong-1 this year to Iran. The missile has a

1,000-kilometre range, and is capable of reaching Israel from

western Iran. It comes with a conventional warhead, but it is capable of carrying chemical and nuclear weapons.

CAIRO (R) — The Libyan authorities have abandoned the Gregorian calendar and reverted to the Islamic lunar calendar,

the official Lihyan news agency JANA said. "This step is a

return to authenticity, given that it is by the lunar months that

Muslims and Arabs set their important dates, such as the

pilgrimage...the (Ramadan) fast and the two main feasts," the

agency explained. It will be at least the second change to the

calendar since Libyan leader Munmmar Qadhafi launched a

cultural revolution in the 1970s. Colonel Qadhafi then

retained the solar calendar but cancelled month names based

on European words and replaced them with Arabic names

relating mostly to the weather. Libya also adopted an era

starting from the death of the Prophet Mohammad in A.D.

632 instead of the birth of Christ. The lunar Islamic year is

about 11 days shorter than the solar year and the era dates

from the Prophet Mohammad's move from Mecca to Medina

in A.D. 622. The main disadvantage is that months and

seasons bear no relationship. The Libyan agency said colonial-

ist countries had imposed the Gregorian calendar "hundreds of years ago." The agency continued on Tuesday to date its

Libya reverts to Islamic lunar calendar

Reformist team pushes PLO democracy package

TUNIS (Agencies) — Palestinian reformists who want Yasser Arafat to end his singlehanded dominance of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Tuesday they asked him to broaden decisionmaking and appoint officials on merit, rather than on polifical grounds

Mr. Arafat has been hurt by an inability thus far to deliver tangible henefits from his Sept. 13 peace deal with Israel, and is facing a barrage of criticism not only from Palestinians but also from other Arabs and from its emeny-turned-peacepartner, Israel.

The activists from the West Bank and Gaza Strip, led by Flaidar Abdul Shafi, arrived in Tunis Sunday. They mer with Mr. Arafai.

Dr. Abdul Shafi said the delegation insisted that "a mechanism" should be worked out with Mr. Arafai "in order to end unilateral decision-

making. Dr. Abdul Shafi told the Associated Press in an interview that the eight-membr delegation was pressing Mr. Arafat to adopt a package of measures to limit his power in running both the PLO and the self-rule talks with Isrcal.

He said key demands in-- Broadening base of decision-making in the PLO. — Appointments in the PLO and the fortheoming Palestinian administration should be on merit, not based on political

considerations. Qualified experts from the occupied territories should be among those supervising the

negotiations with Israel.
Asked what his group would do if Mr. Arafat did not give a favourable response to the de-

ADEN (AP) — The armed

orces in southern Yemen has

demanded the dismantling of

the Republican Goard and a

paramilitary fires i mown as

entral Security.
The demand raised tension

between sauthern Yemen and

the north of the country, which

accused by southerners of

trying to deminate the unified

Conservative North Yemen

ind then-Marxist-ruled South

Vemen united in 1909, but the

mion as be a gase and political violence has

breatened to tear it apart,

for escalation of the times, and

nes. History

A statement ?

strand the ac-

wurnern.

mands, Dr. Abdul Shafi said: He should convince us first tht this is not necessary... otherwise we will voice our dissatisfaction.

3. Giving priority to profes-

sional and political compe-

tence in forming working

groups and negotiating com

mittees and teams, climinating

favouritism and clan loyalties

4. Working out a plan of nego-

tiation based on the text of the

Israeli-Palestinian declaration

of principles and ensuring com-

plementarity and coordination

among the various commis-

sions and negotiating groups.

5. Forming a supreme author-

ity for guiding, directing and

following up the negotiations process with Israel.

6. Forming a Palestinian de-velopment and reconstruction

council based on specific

criteria so that it should be

eredible in the eyes of the

Palestinian people and the

donors of funds for building

the national economic infras-

Finalising the work of the

PLO legislative committee

charged with drawing up the

basic law — constitution — of

the national Palestinian au-

thority in a way that brings out

8. Creating as as soon as possi-

ble a supreme committee

charged with organising a wide

national dialogue grouping all Palestinian tendencies.

9. Creating a high consultative

committee of experts with a

parallel status to that of the PLO Executive Committe.

which has already been

weakened by the departure of

several of its members hostile

In this document, the 120

signatories reaffirm their de-

termination to make the

Israeli-Palestinian accord suc-

ceed, and their attachment to

the PLO as the sole represen-

tativen of the Palestinian peo-

lawlessness and a deteriorating

economy symbolised in the

plunging value of the rival, the

A committee of high-rank-

ing dignitaries, parliamenta-rians and tribal leaders in a

so-called dialogue committee had come to Aden lately to

But on Tuesday, opposition

parties in the 301-member par-

liament announced they were

disassociating themselves from

the dialogue committee "be-

cause the government has not

implemented any points

agreed upon, such as rounding

up those responsible for the

failed security or withdrawing

military units from the cities

and to their barracks.

pursue reconciliation efforts.

national currency.

to the Washington accord.

its democratic nature.

But he refused to speculate on their next step if Mr. Arafat turned down their demands. which he described as "logical and necessary."

The reformists support the PLO-Israel accord for limited Palestinian self-rule in the 10wn of Jerieho, and Gaza. But they disagree with the way Mr. Arafat is handling negotiations with Israel for its implementa-

tion.

The historic agreement has been stalled by differences between the PLO and Israel over control of crossings between Jordan and Jericho, and Egypt and Gaza, and the physical area of Jericho,

Dr. Abdul Shafi said Mr. Arafat, in the first meeting Sunday, complained it was not the right time to present de-

"He (Arafat) was complaining of difficulties he is facing in the negotiations with Israel and his need for support from the Palestinians." Dr. Abdul

Shafi said. But he said that "the call for democratisation and the negotiations are inseparable."

The following are the nine points of a memorandum sent to Mr. Arafat by the refor-

I. Creation of specialised councils for pursuing national action with regard to Palestinian autonomy and also with the Arab and international

2. Calling on qualified people and experts to form councils and the planning and executive structures that depend on

Southern Yemen presents demands

insisted on dismantling of both

the Republican Guard and

Central Security.
The Republican Guard is

responsible to President Ali

Abdullah Saleh, who is the

leader of the northern General

People's Congress (GPC) par-

ty. The San a-based Central

Security for the unifted

North and South regions of

Yemen had to be in the cen-

tralised hands of the federal

Interior Ministry, the southern

army said, demanding the dis-

mantling of the two forces.

the sor bern Yemen Socialist

Party's (YSP) dissatisfaction

with the slow pace of integra-

tion as well as widespread

At the heart of the crisis is

dent's brother.

Germany wants Lebanon to extradite suspect

BERLIN (Agencies) — Germany has called for a key suspect in the 1986 bombing of a Berlin discotheque, popular with U.S. troops, to be extradited by Lebanon where he is heing detained, the justice department said here Tuesday.

An arrest warrant was issued in 1990 against the former Libyan diplomat, identified as Yousef C., for complicity in the attack on the La Belle disco in which three people died and 230 were wounded.

Germany suspects the former diplomat of preparing the attack, a spokesman for the judicial authorities in the German capital said.

The United States singled out Libya as the mastermind behind the bombing and U.S. warplanes bombed Tripoli 10 days after the April 5, 1986 La

Belle attack. Judicial sources said the man who was being detained in Lebanon was of Palestinian origin and employed by the Libyan embassy in then communist East Berlin.

He was arrested in Lebanon in 1992 and has been detained since, the spokesman said. It was not immediately clear if the arrest was related to the

Berlin bombing. German authorities were informed of Yousef C.'s detention in Lebanon in late 1992, but the information was kept secret so an investigation could he carried out.

Yousef C. and another former Libyan diplomat in ex-East Germany are suspected of preparing the attack and supplying explosives to an unidentified man.

Accusations were based on documents uncovered in 1990 in the archives of the former East German secret police here who knew about the preparations but did nothing to prevent the attack.

A 37-year-old Palestinian. Imad Mahmoud, who is also suspected of taking part in the bombing, was detailed in Berlin in November 1992.

His trial opened in April last year but was rapidly suspended after a key witness refused to testify for fear of reprisals. He was later freed.

A German Foreign Ministry spokesman confirmed that Germany was still waiting for a reply from Lebanon, whose Bonn embassy phones went unanswered.

"We've had no answer, no response." despite a second request in November, said the ministry spokesman, who spoke on condition of anony-

Syria to remain on U.S. 'terrorism' list

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - Despite reassuring words from Syrian authorities, the does not plan to remove Syria from the official "terrorism" list prior to next week's meeting between President Bill Clinton and President Hafez

Al Assad. 'Syria will remain on the list of state sponsors of terrorism so long as it continues to provide support and safe haven for terrorist groups," State De-partment spokesman Mike McCurry said.

The administration is giving high priority to promoting an agreement between Syria and Israel, and Mr. Clinton is expected to press for that when he meets with Mr. Assad next week in Geneva as part of a week-long foreign trip. Syrian Foreign Ministerk

Farouk Al Sharaa assured Secretary of State Warren Christopher last month that Syria would withhold support for any group seeking to disrupt the self-rule agreement Israel reached with the Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) last September.
Despite the gesture, Syria continues to be one of seven countries on the State Department "terrorism" list. Coun-tries so designated are subject to economic sanctions.

U.S. officials believe Syria maintains close ties with groups in Lebanon and else-where but Syria has denied the allegation, saying its goal is to combat "terrorism.

Mr. McCurry said the terrorism issue has been discussed with Syrian authorities virtually every time the two countries have had high-level diplomatic contact.

"The president will obviously be discussing our concerns on that issue when he meets with President Assad," Mr. McCutry said.

Syria's image in the United States has improved somewhat with its decision last spring to make it easier for Syria's Jewish population to emigrate. Since then thousands have left.

iding judge of a court in west-

ern Algeria, the ninth magis-

trate murdered since May in

attacks attributed to radicals.

had presided over the court in

Oued R'hiou since early

November, was killed near his

home, the Justice Ministry

latest in a series of killings

blamed on extremists trying to

topple the military-backed reg-

ime. The radicals declared a

holy war after parliamentary

elections were cancelled Iwo

years ago to thwart a Muslim

More than 2.(0)) people

have been killed in two years

of confrontation with security

forces. Over the past year, the

killing campaign has grown

fiereer and broadened its

scope, targeting members of

the judiciary, intellectuals, journalists and foreigners.

new inroad late last month.

succeeding in capturing the air-

waves for a 15-minute televi-

sion broadcast, according to

The reported Dec. 27 hroad-

east was said to feature a man,

his face concealed by large

glasses, discussing the "unifica-

tion of the mujahedeen" fight-

ers, the paper said. The report

could not be independently

Security forces Monday

night announced the arrest of a

confirmed.

AMMAN:

the French daily Liberation.

Rebels reportedly made a

fundamentalist victory.

The assassination was the

Djilali Zaagane, 43, who

Mr. McCurry said that National Security Adviser Anthony Lake, in a letter to a family of a victim of Pan Am Flight 1113, confirmed that Syria will remain on the "terrorism" list.

The family had complained that by agreeing to meet with Mr. Assad, Mr. Clinton was in effect coddling a "terrorist." Stria was once thought to have had a role in the crash of Pan Ani Flight 103 but U.S.

officials later concluded that Libyan agents were responsi-hle. Mr. McCurry said the Lake letter was not meant to imply that United States was blaming Syria for the 1988 incident, which claimed the lives of 270 people. There had been speculation

that Syria would be taken off the terrorism list because of Mr. Clinton's plans to meet with Mr. Assad on Jan, 16 in Geneva for talks on the Middast peace process.

The State Department issues the list of countries it consulers as sponsoring terrorism each year. Those on the list are barred from receiving U.S. financial aid and loans from U.S. and international institutions, funds that Sytia badly

The United States said Syria allows its territory to be used by Palestinian groups which have conducted "terrorist" operations and continues to assist terrorist organisations in Lebanon, where thousands of Syrian troops are stationed.

The State Department also announced that a congressional mission will go to Israel over the weekend before heading un to Syria and, possibly, Lebanon to find out what happened to six Israeli soldiers missing in Lebanon.

Meanwhile, separate U.S.-Syrian and U.S.-Lebanese negotiations should resume within a week in Washington when the heads of the Syrian and Lebanese delegations arrive here to prepare for the resumption of peace talks with

western Algeria. Aouis Chikh.

32, chief clerk at the Saida

court, was reportedly part of a

nine-person armed band, six

mentbers of whom have been

Seven armed extremists

The rhythm of daily violence

remained steady despite the

approach of the Jan. 25-26

national conference to set an

agenda for a proposed three-

year transition period before

The transition period is to start at the end of the month,

when the five-man ruling High

State Conneil is scheduled to

step down. The committee was

installed in the military coup

two years ago to high the rise

to power of the Islamic Salva-

the crisis, have invited line-

ahiding front figures to take

part in the conference. But

there was no indication the

banned party would be repre-

Sheikh Hashemi Sahnouni, a

founding member of the party.

said in an interview published

in the weekly Arab-language

paper Al Hadeth that there

had been no official con-tacts between officials and par-

He called the transition

period a "waste of time... that

will only aggravate the crisis

and increase the number of

ty representatives.

Authorities, trying to ease

national elections

tion Front.

were killed between Thursday

and Saturday, security forces

Ninth court judge killed in

ALGIERS (AP) — An armed group Tuesday killed the pres-

Algeria; no sign of truce

reports by the Gregorian calendar. Denktash meets envoys of U.N. members

NICOSIA (R) - Rauf Denktash, president of the breakaway state of North Cyprus, accused Greek Cypriots on Tuesday of seeking to undermine Turkey's guarantor status by proposing that the island be disarmed. Behind (Cyprus President Glafkos) Clerides' disarmament proposal lies the plan to climinate the Cyprus Turks," he told reporters after separate meetings with U.S. Ambassador Richard Boucher and Russian Ambassador Boris Zenkov in Nicosia, "The aim is to have the treaty of guarantee and Turkey's intervention right abolished so that they can have a free hand and be able to act unopposed in their extermination plans." Mr. Clerides has suggested disarming both sides in Cyprus if Turkey withdraws about 29,000 troops deployed in the north siene its 1974 invasion, when Ankara cited its status as a guarantor of the 1960 treaty which gave Cyprus independence from Britain.

Balladur tightlipped on iranians

PARIS (R) - French Prime Minister Edouard Balladur declined Tuesday to explain why he decided to fly home two Iranians wanted on suspicion of murder instead of banding them over to Swiss justice. In his first public comment since Moshen Sharif-Esfanhi and Ahmad Tuheri were taken from jail and flown home to safety leat week, Mr. Balladur said only that he had served France's interests. "This is a decision I believe suited the nation" interests. I do not wish to say more," he said in an interview on France-3 television. "I ask to be trusted on this point, if it is not asking too mucb," he said.

Syrian-Turkish talks on security end

DAMASCUS (AFP) - Syrian and Turkish officials have ended three days of talks on security matters, including Kurdish guerrilla activities and cro-order smuggling, the Turkish embassy here said Tuesday. The joint working group was set up on Nov. 20 and meets every two months mainly to discuss border security. Turkish officials said the regular discussions were helpful in bui. . 2 cor idence between their two governments.

Iran arrests suspects in a kithest

TEHRAN (R) - Police have arres..... group of Iranian bank employees suspected of siphoning off 6.3 billion rials (\$3.6 million) from government accounts, police said. General Reza Seifeilahi, in temarks published in Layban newspaper on Tuesday, said all the money was recovered from the group which torged accounts in the state-owned Melli Bank. The report, the latest in a series of corruption cases to hit Iranian hanks in recent months, did not say how many people were involved or over what period they withdraw the money. An official at another bank was sentenced to seven years in jail and 55 inshes for taking the equivalent of \$45,000 in bribes.

Iran arrests Ayatollah, dissident savs

NICOSIA (R) - A dissident lianian eleric said on Tuesday that Iranian security forces had arrested a senior Ayatollah in the holy city of Com to har him from becoming the top Shiite Muslim religious authority. Avaiollan Mohammad Rohani, who believed religion should be separate from politics, was seized at his home in Qom and taken to an unknown place on Saturday night, cleric Mehdi Haeri said in a statemenr sent to Reuters in Nicosia. There was no independent confirmation of

Storm over plans for 'miracle' site mosque

BEIRUT (AFP) — A storm has broken out over a Muslim cienc's call for a musque to be built on the site where the Lebanesa believe Jesus Christ turned water into wine in his first miracle. The controversy comes fire months ahead of a planned visit by Pope-John Paul II. Sheikh Jaufar Sayegh, a Shille Muslim eleric in Qana, said over the weekend that a mosque should be built above a cave there which many Lebanese revere as the site where Christ changed water into wine during a wedding.

- Lunnistsi

Archaeologists set Bahrainis rethinking their past

By Maisoon Al Arayed The Associated Press

BAHRAIN - The recent discovery by French archaeologists of skeletons of headless snakes coiled around pearls has led the inhabitants of this island to rethink their past. Present day Bahrain

which dates its history to the Dilmun era of 50 centuries ago, has numerous archaeological sites from civilisations dating back across the thousands of years. The French team from the French National Centre for

Scientific Research, led by Pierre Lombard, found 11 "stake bowls" dating from the 6th century B.C. Measuring two centimetres in diameter, the beheaded

snakes were found in clay

bowls, and in some cases,

traces of woren cloth were

found along with the

lecture, explained that the occupants of the site probably first removed the snake's head and wrapped its headless form in a bag before placing it in a bowl and subsequently burying it as part of a

religious ritual.
The French archaeologist suggested that the snakes were used in ceremonies in which ancient Bahrainis worshiped a deity called Mush. Little is known about the deity except the association

with ideas put forward n the 1950s by British archaeologist Geoffrey Bibby, who shought tiny bowls containing the skeletons of headless snakes - which he also found were a reference to the legend of Gilgamesh, which

skeletons. Mr. Lombard, in a recent

with snakes. The new theory conflicts

semi-divine king of Uruk in Sumer, who journeyed to ask the secret of eternal youth from Ziusudra, the prototype of the Biblical Noah. Mythology has it that

Ziusudra, along with his wife, were the sole survivors of the flood, and was saved by the God Enki to enjoy immortality in Dilmun. The legend has Gilgamesh

visiting the island of Bahrain in search of the flower of immortality, thought to be natural pearls on which Bahrain's economy survived until the discovery of oil ear-

lier this century.

Discounting this theory.

Mr. Lombard said: 'I find the Gilgamesh connection unconvincing."

He said the epic of Gil-

gamesh describes the flower would be 20 centuries earlier. of immortality as a plant with Gilgamesh, the best known of ancient Mesopotamian spines, rather than a pearl. heroes, was said to be a Mr. Lombard also under-

lined the 20-century gap between the Gilgamesh story and the bowls in which the snakes were found. Gilgamesh's exploits are dated to 26th century B.C. and the bowls have been dated to the 6th century B.C. The archaeologist dated the howls by studying their position at the dig he worked.

Mr. Lombard made Mush coonection by studying cuneiform tablets discovered at the fort by a Danish archaeological team that visited Bahrain in the 1950s. He asserted that the site

was a temple reflecting local culture at the time. Mr. Lombard, who has left for France, is due to return to Bahrain in the middle of this

year for more digs. man suspected of planning the JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel. 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

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2:22	* in French
	Rencontre
0:30	News in Hebrew
	News in Arabic
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22:00	News in English
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HOSPITALS

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University Hospital 845845
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Al-Musetier Hespital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
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Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777 t01/3
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Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
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ZAROA:
Arthyri
Zarqa Govi Hospitat (09)983323
Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560
fon Sina Hospital (09)986732
AJ Hikma Modern Hospital (09)990990
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Princess Hays Hospital . . . (83)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

ARRIVALS Royal Jordan (Terminal 1) an (RJ) Flights .. Benut (RJ) 10:20 16:30 Lameca [RJ] 16:45 New York, Amsterdam [RJ] 18:15 Abu Dhabi [RJ] 18:35 Athers (RI)
19:90 Casa Blanca, Tunis (RI)
19:00 Bangkok, Calcutta (RI) 28:00 Rome | RU t 80:15 Cairo (RU |

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 13:06 Riyadh (SU) 16:35 Rome [AZ)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminai 1) 96:36 Beirat (RJ)
97:30 Aqaba (RJ)
11:99 Amsteidam Chicago (RJ)
11:05 Aba Dhabi (RJ)
11:15 Merical Totonia (RJ)
11:50 Page Totonia (RJ) Lancon (RI) Jeddah (R) 20:45 Bahcam, Doha (RI) 21:30 Dohai, Muscal (RI) 22:65 Kuala Lumpat, Jakorta (RI) Other Flights (Terminal 2) 95:45 Damarcus, Pains (AF)

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King, Majali receive premier of Ontario

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein received at the Royal Court Wednesday Bob Rae, premier of the Canadian state of Ontario.

Discussions covered regional and international issues as well as developments in the Arab-Israeli peace process. The King and Mr. Rae also

reviewed Jordanian-Canadian The King briefed the visitor on Jordan's efforts towards

promoting the peace process, with the hope of reaching a comprehensive and durable

Canada's ambassador to Jordan Andrew Robinson attended the audience. Prime Minister Abdul Salam

Majali also received Mr. Rae Wednesday. They discussed Canadian-Jordanian relations and coop-

eration in a number of fields. Discussion also covered the peace process and the obstacles bindering further progress along the Jordanian-Israeli track, like the refugees, water and expatriate issues.

Deputy Prime Minister Maan Abu Nowar attended the

Rae sees limitless economic development if peace prevails

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Potential economic development in Jordan and the Middle East is limitless should peace prevail in the region, said the visiting premier of Ontario after a two day visit to Amman which included a meeting with His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday.

"If there is peace, the sky is the limit in terms of development," said Ontario Premier Bob Rae after a meeting with King Hussein and at the end of an official two day stay in which the Ontario premier, perhaps the second most powerful man in Canada next to the prime minister, headed a delegation representing Ontario's business community.

While the premier would not say what deals had been struck between Jordanian businesses and the public sector industries during a press conference early Wednesday evening, he said

that there were "lots of them." A joint venture between Ault Foods Limited and the Jordanian Dar Al Dawa Pharmaceutical iodustry bas been tipped to be one among a series of agreements made between the large business group accompanying Mr. Rae and Jordanian firms, sources close to the delegation told the Jor-

Ontario, with a population of nearly 10 million people is Canada's largest province andis known for exporting its in-frastructural know-how and products. Among the most significant of these which the Canadian delegation is known to have lobbled for in Jordan are small civilian aircraft, railroads and telecommunications as well as construction companies and hydro infrastruc-

While Jordan does not have a most favoured trading status with Canada, the Ontario premier hinted that Jordan could receive a good status depending on its role in the General Agreement on Tariffs and

Trade (GATT). Stressing that the business delegation's main purpose in visiting Jordan, the Israeli occupied Palestinian territories and Israel was to "express Canada's support of the peace process," the premier also said that "trade and development will increase when there is an

The delegation's aim was to explore the potential regional and national infrastructure development possibilities in the event of "a successful evolution of the peace process." Jordan, said Premier Rae,

was playing a pivotal role in

the Royal Cultural Centre.

Baladna Art Gallery.

Royal Cultural Centre.

p.m. (on Thursday).

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Art exhibition by Sudanese artist Abdul Qadir Al Bakhit at

Art exhibition by artist Sadik Kwaish entitled "Talisma" at

* Art exhibition by Jordanian artist Suha Mash'al at the

Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Abdul Jabbar Salman on

the Exhibition on the 100th anniversary of the death of French

☆ Exhibition of Iraql books at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Art exhibition by a number of Jordanian artists entitled

Jordanian Art 93" at the Spanish Cultural Centre.

* Exhibition "Prints and Drawings of Fakhrelnissa Zeid"

DRAMA

to Drama for children entitled "The Question" at the Royal

☆ Film entitled 'Suspiciou'' at the American Centre at 5:00

* Film in English on surrealist artist Max Ernst, with

commentary in Arabic by Mrs. May Mudhaffar, at Darat Al

Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabai

"Permanent" Exhibition. (Tel. 643251/2).

Cultural Centre at 11:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

Luwelbdeh at 5:00 p.m. (on Thursday).

novelist Gny De Manpassant at the French Cultural Centre.

"The Sixth Exhibition - Samples From The Contemporary

(1915-1991) until the 15th of January '94 at Darat at Funun

of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation. Also showing the

bedonin culture at the Royal Cultural Centre.

emerging political consensus."

the region in regards to the Arab-Israeli peace process and the regional tranquility. The premier referred to Jordan's neutral stand in the Gulf crisis as having "increased Jordan's credibility" and "increased respect" for His Majesty King Hussein's judgment among those who are "well-informed

about the region.' Premier Rae also said "if there was peace" Jordan was ideally located to act as a hub for regional infrastructure. There had also been 'lots of hints" of regional cooperation on such issues of rail links, road links and telecommunications links during Premier Rae's five-day visit in Israel (Dec. 28-Jan. 2), his day and a half visit in the occupied territories and his two-day Jordan

"If a true region can emerge as a result of the peace process theo development can be much greater than what it has been thus far," Premier Rae said.

The premier said he was very impressed with the development in Jordan's education and health systems and the strides that had been made in the last thirty years. He said Canada was interested in helping to further develop the health and education sectors in Jordan.

Canada, a country of 28 million people, is largely depen-dent on the United States marked to sell their products and, along with Mexico, is the U.S. partner in NAFTA - the North American Free Trade Agreement. In the past few vears Canadian businessmen have been venturing beyond the North American boundaries to find trading partners, most notably Europe and Chi-

Egypt is one Middle Eastern country in which Canadian hydro industries have helped develop infrastructure.

The peace process

Premier Rae was noncommital on Canada's position-vis-a-vis the concept of Palestinian statehood and said, "Canada has always been careful not to support anything that the parties involved

Hinting that Canada could support a federated status of the still Israeli-oecupied Palestinian territories, Premier Rae said that Canada's federation of provinces has worked out well.

"I prohably should not say this but a people can be recognised as a people or as a country without necessarily being a nation state - the federal solution is a sound one," the premier said.

Hikmat: Human rights

Intellectuals debate role of politics in human rights

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputis-ing for His Royal Highness

Crown Prince Hassan, Justice

Minister Taher Hikmat opened

the three-day workshop enti-

tled "towards a professional, independent and effective

Arah human rights move-

ment" by highlighting that hu-

man rights violations in Arah

and Islamic countries, among

wards safeguarding human

ated competition among the

different parties over the lead-

ership of these organisations at

the expense of the organisa-

Among the many other diffi-culties facing Arah organisa-

tions, Ms. Rishmawi pointed

out, are 'the numerous restric-

tions these organisations face

internally in their efforts to

collect information on the sta-

tus of human rights in their

countries. She also cited the

absence of a well-equipped and

trained cadre specialised in hu-

man rights in the Arab coun-

tries as another major difficul-

ty in upgrading the level of

performance of these organisa-

Externally, Arah organisa-

tions' and plans of action.

society.

By Sa'eda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Arab human rights advocates Wednesday debated the dominance of poblicians over human rights organisations but agreed to accept this begemony as a real-

The debate was sparked by a comment made by Arab Thought Forum Secretary-General Ali Umleil in the firstday of a workshop organised by the International Commission of Jurists and held at the Marriott Hotel.

Dr. Umleil called for an independent Arah human rights movement that is not subjugated to political parties' dominance or influence. He told a group of 25 Arab jurists and human rights activists that there can be no guarantee that partisans or politicians will be committed to independent action without mixing their devotion to their parties with their effort to upgrade the level of human rights in their coun-

We have succeeded in making this real in the Moroccan organisation for human rights," said Dr. Umleil at the workshop entitled "Towards a Professional, Independent and Effective Arah Human Rights Movement. "At present, the organisa-

tion stipulates the membership of at least 50 per cent of non-party members or (political) leaders," Dr. Umleil said. Dr. Umleil's remarks drew

fervent reactions from participants, impatient to air out their Laila Naffa', a human rights activist, objected to the con-

tention that human rights organisations should be constituted of a majority of independent activists who have no political affiliations. A member of the Jordanian Communist Party herself, Ms. Naffa' said that it were parties themselves that give prominence and spearhead action related to human rights issues.





"You can't tell partisans to abandon human rights organisations and call on independents to replace them," she protested.

Lawyer Asma Khader agreed in principle to Ms. Naffa's remark hut pointed to certain limitations. She said that one of the basic rights in international conventions and agreements is a person's right to helong to any political

grouping or party.
"We can't confiscate any individual right on the basis of political affiliation," said Ms. Khader, a member of the administrative committee of the Arab Organisation of Human Rights - Jordan Branch. But main tasks should be

entrusted to human rights advocates whose political affiliation is of minor influence. We can further stipulate that leaders of political parties or veteran politicians are not in leading positions at these organisations.

In her paper entitled 'The Reality of the Arah Human Rights Movement: Challenges of the Present and Outlook for the Future," lawyer Mona Rishmawi, legal officer for Middle East Centre for the Independence of Judges and Lawyers, said that Arab hnman rights are organisations dominated by political parties and that this is a challenge organisations have to face. She said that this structure generviolations in Arab, Islamic countries are on the rise societies, especially in the Third World.

> minister said the Kingdom acts as an oasis of democracy in the Middle East because of its application and upholding of the rule of law and "because it serves as a beacon for others in the region with respect to human rights." "Indeed, this meeting is con-

Referring to Jordan, the

Third World Nations, were on vened in Jordan at a time when The minister said that there this country enjoys stability and prosperity and, above all, democracy which is gradually taking firm hold and making was a need for this workshop, which was organised by the International Commission of Inrists, to adopt effective, more gains" added the minispractical and applicable formulas which can contribute to-Noting that Jordan is keen

on participating in various re-

rights, protect democracy and gional and international conferences which discuss human the rule of the law and also constitute as an important rights and the rule of the law, component in the new world Mr. Hikmat said that His Majesty King Hussein and The growing human rights violations, added the minister, Prince Hassan have personally taken part in such meetings to were bound to threaten human highlight Jordan's achieve-

> tions face other major chal-(combatting) Zionism and col-

The minister expressed the

view that the human rights and

the rule of the law movement

was constantly responding to

new trends at the international

This movement, he added,

has been constantly attempting

to emphasise its independent

character hy being free of poli-

tical ideological hegemony and

not acting as an arm for any

serve as a forum confined to

the opposition groups in all

societies hnt should serve as an .

arena for all those who respect

human rights and human digni-

Concluding his address, the

minister said that Jordan wel-

comes the opening on its terri-.

tion whose mission serves to

tory of any office or organisa-

enhance the true concept of

democracy and human rights.

ty", he emphasised.

"This movement should not

lenges represented mainly in onolisation. the absence of legal protection Ms. Rishmawi concluded for human rights in the Arah that the dominant Arab culture World due to the "extra powand traditional patriarchal ers given to the executive authinking as well as poor econothorities," Ms. Rishmawi said. mic conditions, make the task And " despite the fact that lying ahead of Arah organisaseveral Arah countries have tions for human rights an enorsigned and endorsed internatioal conventions, they did not

with these charters." The second element playing to the detriment of better performance of human rights organisations is the unilateral thinking which originates from the restrictions set by Arab countries to limit and restrict freedoms and repress the "other opinion in the name of

amend their legislations in line

"If Arab organisations do ... not start to organise themselves, develop their resources and ways of work, it will be difficult for them to face the ..

enormous challenges in front ... of them and make it harder to .. take part in the building of a civil, democratie Arab society where the dignity of the indi-

Yemen, Jordan discuss traffic issues

AMMAN (Petra) — Acting director of the Public Security Department (PSD), Major-General Fawwaz Zaben Abdullah, Wednesday received the director of Yemen's Sanaa Traffic Department, Lientanent-General Yahya Zaher, who is currently visiting Maj.-Gen. Abdullah said

Jordan was keen to enhance

Major-General Fawwaz Zaben Wednesday meets with Director of

Sanaa Traffic Department Lieutenant-General Yahya Zaher (Pet-

bilateral ties with Yemen in security-related fields. It Col. Zaher was also received by PSD deputy director for traffic affairs Major-General Mu'ayyad Al-Mubas-

The two reviewed Jordan's

experiment in planning traffic

The Yemeni official also visited the Traffic Department and discussed with officials there the prospect of benefiting from Jordanian expertise in traffic-related fields.

The IRO will also provide assistance to poor families headed by working women and

to increase aid to the poor who do oot receive any assist-

AMMAN (Petra) - Social Development Minister Mohammad Sqour Wednesday lief Organisation (IRO) was joining hands with his ministry in providing assistance to poor families in Jordan.

Speaking after a meeting with Muayad Battiri, director of the IRO Amman office, the minister said the organisation has decided to widen its monthly assistance coverage to benefit 9,000 needy children instead of 4,000.

ance from the Ministry's National Aid Fund (NAF) according to the minister.

Islamic Relief Organisation

Subsequently, families re-ceiving aid from the IRO will no longer be receiving aid from the NAF, Dr. Sqour said noting that funds would therefore be saved to be given for others in need.

The NAF provides monthly salaries to families considered living in abject poverty.

Mr. Battiri said that each orphan child would be receiving JD 17 and up to five orphan children in the same family can benefit from the

Noting that the IRO also covers other expenses for the . children, Mr. Battiri said that . his organisation sponsors needy children's pilgrimage

(Omra) to Mecca. He said the IRO was this year sponsoring the trip and accommodation of 135 children from Jordan.

At the meeting, the two sides discussed matters of common concern and the minister later announced that agreement was reached on coordinating the IRO's humanitarian

services with the Ministry of Social Development.

NEWS IN BRIEF

King visits air force bases

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday visited several Royal Air Force bases Arabising school and university trust books and met with their officers. King Hussein's visits included the Prince Hassan and Muwwaffaq Al Salti air bases. His Majesty was accompanied on AMMAN (Petra) — A meeting was held the visits by His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Wednesday at the Ministry of Municipal and Ben Al Hussein and the Chief of Staff of the Rural Affairs and the Environment for directors ance attained by the force.

Prince Hassan leaves for London

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan flew to London Wednesday on a several day working visit to the United Kingdom. He will hold meetings with a number of British officials. His Majesty King Hussein and Royal family members and Royal Court officials as well as senior government officials hade him farewell

Masri goes to Syria today

AMMAN (Petra) — Lower House of Parliament Speaker Taher Masri will Thursday leave for after the mid of March. Damascus to meet with his Syrian counterpart Abdul Qader Qaddoura. Mr. Masri and Mr. Qaddoura will discuss issues pertaining to the Arab Parliamentary Union and Jordanian-Syrian

Algeria wants higher cooperation with Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — Algerian ambassador to Jordan, Al Hashimi Al Qaddouri, Wednesday called for the implementation of a Jordanian-Algerian cultural programme and the formation of a higher joint committee on coordination between the two countries. Speaking at a meeting with Minister Khaled Al Omari, the ambassador said that despite the adverse circumstances in his country the Algerian ministry of education was determined to go ahead with plans in educational plans. "Already there are seven million Algerian students at schools and the 30 Algerian universities are turning out graduates most of whom work People's Army join the committee.

as teachers," said the amhassador. In reviewing Algerian educational problems, the amhassador stressed that his government was interested in

Akaileh urges more field visits

Royal Air Force. In meetings with the officers of the ministry's engineering department around and non-commissioned officers at the bases, King the Kingdom to discuss problems facing these Hussein expressed pride in the level of perform- departments. Municipal and Rural Affairs Minister Ahmad Al Akaileh, who chaired the meeting, stressed the need to improve the performance of these departments through organising proper training programme fortheir personnel. He also urged the department directors to increase field visits to be able to pinpoint the problems and needs of their areas.
Masri invites Berri for a visit

BEIRUT (Petra) — Jordan's ambassador to Lehanon, Fakhri Ahu Talch, Wednesday met with speaker of the Lebanese house of representatives Nabin Berri and handed him an invitation from his Jordanian counterpart, Taher At Masri, to visit Jordan. Mr. Berri accepted the invitation and said he would visit the Kingdom

Youth committee discusses plans AMMAN (Petra) - The Higher Committee for Voluntary Work has discussed its work plans and programmes for 1994 in a meeting which was held Tuesday evening under the chairmanship of Youth Minister Abdullah Oweidat. Dr. Oweidat called for crystalising a well-defined concept that would benefit the role of youth in voluntary work tom contribute to developing the society and enhancing their sense of belonging. The minister reviewed at the meeting the activities of the higher committee during the past year and thanked all organisations and individuals who participated in these activities. He also proposed exploiting the efforts of the youth recruited by the people's Army and called for including voluntary work in their military training programmes. He pointed that the chairman of the joint chiefs of staff has earlier supported this idea and recommended that a representative of the

Foreign minister, German deputies discuss

peace process

AMMAN (J.T.) - Peter Kit-tlemann and Dankward Buwitt, two German federal parliamentarians now on a tour of a number of Arab countries. Wednesday had a meeting here with Ministry of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan and reviewed with him Middle Eastern affairs.

Mr. Al Hassan was reported by the Jordan News Agency. Peira, to have outlined to the visitors the latest developments in the Middle East peace process, Jordan's efforts to maintain momentum for progress and the need for the implementation of U.N. resolutions on the Arab-Israeli dis-

Mr. Kittemann, who is a leading member of the parliamentary economic committee, had visited Jordan and other parts of the Middle East several times.

Mr. Kittlemann, who came here from Yemen, was scheduled to meet Thursday with Information Minister Jawad Anani, Planning of Minister Ziyad Fariz and a number of Jordanian parliament members before travelling to Damascus Friday on the next leg of the

Jordan Times Tel. 667171

Tunisia, Jordan boost aviation cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) — The civil aviation authorities in Jordan and Tunisia have concluded an agreeement on promoting hilateral cooperation in civil aviation following two days of talks between the two sides in Amman.

A statement Wednesday said that the talks, which led to the signing of the agreement, focused on developing proce-dures related to civil aviation and air transport which entailed amendments to the present schedule of air routes, developing and encouraging air transport traffic and the exhange of expertise availabe to either country in technical. maintenance and training

The agreement was signed by Mohammad Al Tayeh Tunisia's director general of the Civil Aviation Department and Mr. Ahmad Jweiher Civil Aviation Authroity Director



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Adapting to new ways

NO NATIONAL leader in recent times has come under so much pressure as Yasser Arafat, the chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Since the early days of the establishment of his Fateh movement in the mid-1960s, Mr. Arafat has been on the run, a wanted man in many capitals in the Arab World and elsewhere. Yet he survived. During all those years that he spent flying from one capital to the other around the world he learned an important lesson: How to compromise.

He was constantly under Israeli military and political attack and world pressure to scrap his agenda for a liberated Palestine, which he did.

But now Mr. Arafat seems to be entering the most trying of all periods of time. Will he wrest from the Israelis the seeds of the aspired-for state of Palestine? Will he, while doing so, not trespass on the domains of other Arab countries? And, most of all, will he manage to lead the Palestinian people into a pluralistic, democratic state that respects human rights and the rights of women?

Of these three questions, the last is currently of great significance for his people especially under occupation, the people who most yearn for freedom and human rights. Because if Arafat and his men in the PLO fail to prove to their people, through their actions as well as their words, that they will not have for so many years been fighting to replace a brutal Israeli occupation by an insensitive and a brutal Palestinian regime, the Palestinians will all too easily lose heart from this peace-making pro-

It might not be an easy matter for Arafat, long the undisputed leader of a resistance organisation to change his ways and methods. But he cannot continue to alienate leaders within his own circle and those who have won people's trust in the West Bank and Gaza.

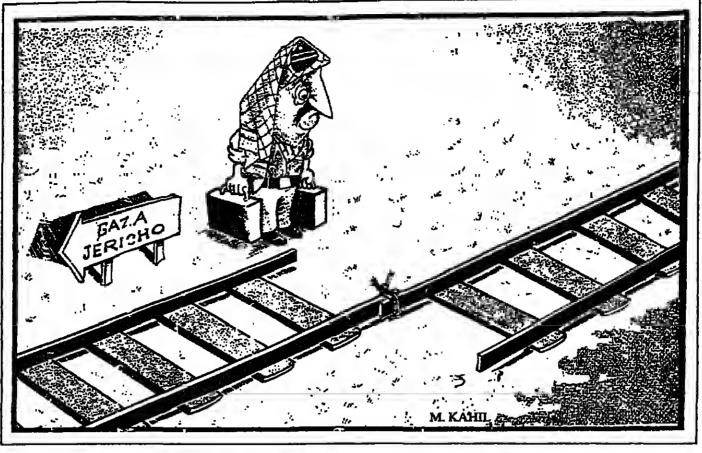
One encouraging sign has been Arafat's acceptance to receive the respected and highly esteemed Haidar Abdul Shafi at the head of a delegation that is demanding reforms of the "old man's" undemocratic practices. Another encouraging news is to see people like Hanan Ashrawi resigning from politics to devote herself to the defence of human and women's rights.

Given all these signs Chairman Arafat cannot but metamorphose himself into a truly democratic man as he did when he switched from the gun to the olive branch.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Sawt Al Shaab daily questioned the wisdom behind importing an army of non-Jordanian workers and giving them work in Jordan which is plagued by unemployment. Nazih Qusous said that thousands of carpenters. blacksmith and other craftsmen from different Arab eountries are employed in Jordan at a time when our vocational schools turn out thousands of them every year. The writer said that the country has been flooded by people coming from other countries, staying on in the Kingdom, working or looking for job, and taking up opportunities that should go to Jordanians. These questions are addressed to the Labour Ministry which has the power to issue permits to the guest workers and has the duty to control the labour market in Jordan, said the writer. Unfortunately, there is no control over the local labour market and the problem of unemployment remains without a solution, he added. Non-Jordanian workers could easily commit a murder or any other crime and in a matter of hours leave the country, leaving the Jordanian society to deal with the mess. We are demanding from the Labour Ministry, concluded the writer, that foreign workers have clearance from the Public Security and other concerned parties before being allowed to leave the country.

THE GREAT number of industrial projects being set up these days give a clear indication that the Jordanian investment elimate is quite encouraging for investors, said a columnist in Al Dustour newspaper. In view of the situation, said Mohammad Daoud, there is need to take into account the fact that the presence of a great number of similar industries is bound to limit their ability in marketing and therefore there is need to set up new industries of a different nature, whose products are of demand here and abroad. Experiments had shown that unless the quality of products is good and competing, in Jordan or zoroad they, have no chance of selling, said the writer. He said that despite the fact that Jordan adopts the free marker system, there comes a time when the government should interfere. The government should direct and guide investments and give advise to investors about the best areas to set up the business or ideas about the market situation, he added. The writer called on the government to encourage small businesses working in the same field to merge and improve their quality as this has proved very effective in world



The PLO and the current challenges — the need to restructure

By Dr. Ahmad Y. Majdonbeh

EVER since the signing of the PLO-Israeli accord on September 13, which I still believe to be a breakthrough, the news we have been hearing regarding Palestinian political conduct, particularly that of the PLO, is more discouraging than encouraging. Frustration with the soealled PLO's political "style," specifically Yasser Arafat's, has grown to encompass the PLO's negotiating tactics with Israel, its relationship with fellow Arab participants in the peace process (especially Jordan), and, most disturbingly, its relation to its own self

We realise, of course, that, as outsiders to the PLO's decision-making process, our critique of its conduct or style is, unavoidably, severely li-mited by what we know and what we don't. And I am afraid that, as outsiders, we know very little. One bas to be inside Arafat's close circle to know what exactly is-happening, and why. Moreover, much of politics is, generally speaking, schemed and ex-ecuted behind closed doors. There is always a great deal of secret negotiating, compromising, and bargaining. Most of us poor people are left to guess or conjecture on the basis of what we merely bear or see, which often does not amount to much. This is particularly true with respect to contemporary Middle Eastern diplomacy as a

political style begins soon upon the announcement of the "disruptive" Oslo deal, a deal which (while opening up a real channel for the settlement of the Palestine problem) seems to have opened also a can of worms. To many, the "ill-timed" agreement has, though unintentionally, dealt a severe blow to a well-coordinated, orderly Arab-Israeb peace process conducted under the auspices of two sympathetic and actively involved superpowers, has considerably slowed down (perhaps even obstructed) the momentum of peace-making on most of the other tracks, has almost put an end to Arab consensus over peace with Israel, and has (funnily enough) taken

The quarrel with the PLO's

the Palestinian peace delegation by total surprise and eventually turned it against its own leadership. Yes, what counts is the achievement of results. Fine, but could not the agreement bave been worked out and orchestrated in a more tactful and organised manner? There are many who still argue that the accord is an example of the PLO's hastiness and reckless-

Even though it has calmed down noticeably in the weeks after Oslo, the controversy over the PLO's unsatisfactory bandling of Palestinian affairs has escalated anew. The most salient evidence comes from within the Palestinian house itself. Forget the Palestinian rejectionists who appear to be satisfied with nothing and whose motives are almost always dubious. There are, first, members of the Palestinian peace delegation, most of whom (we ought to remember) were chosen with the knowledge and blessing of the PLO and most of whom are now voicing their objection to the PLO's autocratic method of leadership. As a matter of fact, the de legation head, Haydar Abdul Shafi, is in Tunis at this very moment, along with a significant number of Palestinians, expressing grave reservations regarding the said matter. At the beginning, many said Abdul Shafi was simply a "cranky" old man. What about him now? What about the tens of Palestinians who are with him in Tunis at this point? And what about

Furthermore, there is also the opinion of many highlyesteemed Palestinian scholars, most of whom are adequately familiar with the PLO's internal politics and political structure. Edward Said and Hisham Sharabi, to cite only two examples, have repeatedly and openly warned against the course the PLO is presently taking. Their criticism its extremely difficult to overlook since. unlike some other critics. they calculate and weigh well their views before they air

Hanan Ashrawi's resigna-

Moreover, there are His

Majesty King Hussein's significant remarks in the speech he delivered a few days ago. No matter how one looks at the King's words, they all point in one direction: Frustration over the PLO's unwillingness or inability to work closely with Jordan, a goal which most sensible Jordanians and Palestinians wish to see fulfilled sooner than la-

Obviously, there is no smoke without fire. Something is seriously wrong with the PLO's approach, with regard to both its internal nd external politics. The causes are varied. The first is the fragmentation within the very structure of the PLO itself. The dissatisfaction, neutralisation, or resignation of a number of the PLO's central committee members has left a negative impact on the PLO's overall performance. There is a great deal of truth in the opinion of those who. feel that the PLO has become a "ghost" entity, many of its active members having either died, resigned, vanished, or simply chosen to be silent. The second, an automatic outcome of the first, has to do with the personalisation. individualisation of the PLO. To many people, the dispute with the PLO is essentially a dispute with Chairman Arafat himself. Many including those who recognise his many virtues and accomplishments, feel uneasy about Arafat's monopolisation of power. The third is related to the nature of the PLO itself. Originally, and fundamentally, the PLO is a revolutionary organisation. Nowadays, it is

through is not easy. In my opinion, the state of disorder and confusion the PLO is experiencing is understandable under the circumstances. Too many things happened too quickly. A couple of years ago, peace was at best a dream and an ideal; now it has become a reality. A few months ago, the PLO (to Israel and the U.S.) was a "terrorist" organisation; now it is a legitimate political body. Less than a year ago, the PLO took care mainly of

entrusted with the responsibi-

lities of a full-fledged state.

The transition it must go

itself; now it has to think about the people it is supposed to represent. Old ways die hard. Inevitably, the PLO had a lot to cope with, and has to make substantial It needs to do two things, if

it is to gain the respect and support of its own people, its Arab brothers, and the international community, First, it needs to restructure itself entirely. It ought to stop thinking of itself as an "organisation" and start behaving like a "state" or a "mini-state." As such, it has also to depersonalise, de-individualise, diversify, and expand itself to be able to embrace Palestinians of all (or nearly all) political aspirations, views, and creeds. Such diversification will enrich and strengthen the PLO leadership. As a friend of mine is fond of saying, "Three are smarter than one, five than three, and ten than five." More significantly, the PLO has to begin building democratic institutions, before it even moves to Gaza and Jericho. Neither one person, nor ten, nor a hundred can shoulder the responsibilities of a state: al people have to be involved through democratic representation. There is no democracy without institutions.

Secondly, and simul-taneously, the PLO must work hand in hand and coordinate elosely with Jordan. The relationship between the two peoples (the Jordanian and the Palestinian) is closer and firmer than that linking the Palestinians with any other Arab country. The two peoples have lived for so long together, shared so much, and mixed no thoroughly that it is next to impossible to ignore the bonds which tie them together. In addition, the Jordanian leadership has been wholeheartedly enthusiastie and supportive of joint Jordanian-Palestinian action. Needless to say, the two peoples' mutual goals and interests are remarkably intert-

The challenges facing the PLO are formidable, but I hope that its determination to do what is best for the people on both sides of the river is more formidable.

First world dreams, Third World problem

By John Rice The Associated Press

MEXICO CITY - Mexico hoped to celebrate the New Year with a big step towards first world status through free trade with the United States and Canada. It was shocked instead by an eruption of Third World violence.

The Indian peasant rebellion in the southern state of Chiapas broke out on New Year's day, the same day the North American Free Trade Agreement took effect.

NAFTA is part of President Carlos Salmas de Gortari's yow to lift this country of 86 million into the "first world" of developed nations

But the rebellion was born from problems that NAFTA will solve slowly, or might even make worse: rural poverty. violent disputes for scarce land, threats to native Indian cultures and a sense of political powerlessness.

Those problems burn deeply in Chiapas, its rugged, fore-sted mountains hold many isolated Mayan Indian communities with few roads, schools or ebnics. Malnutration and infant mortality rates are among the highest in Mexico.

The distance between Chiapas and the skyscrapers. McDonalds and bustling shop-ping malis of Mexico City is measured in more than

The communities are often distinct cultures, with their own language and traditions. Many in Chaipas speak little, if

any, Spanish.

NAFTA's goal of making
Mexico's countryside more. productive implies that many small, inelficient producers will have to leave the land and move elsewhere to take advantage of better jobs.

Rebels who took the Chiapas market centre of San Cristobal de Las Casas a few hours ofter NAFTA took effect scrawled anti-NAFTA siogans on the adobe walls of the 10th century city, one of the oldest in

NAFTA could mean the end for some Indian cultures already driven into a last tefuge in the remote mountains. Coffee and curn prices on which many in Chiapas depend are low and NAFTA will pull corn prices even lower. When American eorn hits the Mexican market duty-free, it will drive down the price of locally grown com.

Meanwhile, government restrictions on woodcutting have made theap fuel illegal for many in 1991. Indians in the state took hostage several state police who tried to extort bribes from woodcutters,

Some tural coffee planta-lions pay less than \$2 a day --about half the legal minimum wage — according to local

PRESIS. Clashes between the various Mayan ethnic groups and with clashes between the various Mayan ethnic groups and with politically powerful ranchers seeking more land for their cattle are common and often bloody. A quarter of Mexico's officially recognised land disputes are in Chiapas, its south-

emmost state. Religion and culture, too, are sources of conflict. The

hills ringing San Cristobal de Las Casas, the most important city seized Saturday, hold t5,000 Evangelical Christians and Roman Catholics who were expelled from nearby Chamula by lownspeople trying to protect their own Mayan religious traditions.

States such as Michonean and Oaxaca also have dire poverty and threatened Indian communities. But seasonal emigration to the United States has helped provide an economic safety value, providing money that helps the towns survive. There is little interation from Chiapas.

Violence is endemie throughout Mexico, but it has not spilled over into a major regional rebellion since a revolt by disgrantled Catholic militants in the late 1920s. Violence tends to rise and fall at the local level, rarely posing a unified national threat.

On the day that revolt broke out in the south, members of mainstream political parties were blocking or had seized 11 city halls in the state of Mexico to protest alleged vite fraud.

In peace, there will be no more threats to Israel

By G. H. Jansen

IN THE interminable and unsuccessful negotiations going on between the Israelis and the Arabs on the implementation of the Oslo accord, the Israelis invariably produce what they think is their trump card: a certain concession to the Palestinians that is unacceptable to them because it would threaten "Israel's security." And the mere mention of that sacred mantra, "Israel's security" is enough to shut off further And yet, threats to

"Israel's security" are utterly improbable because Israel is the most secure state in the area. Not only is it in military occupation of territory belonging to three of its Arab neighbours, it is also beavily armed — thanks to the generosity of the U.S. — and it is. as it sometimes accurately boasts, militarily strong enough to defeat all its neighbours, indeed all the Arab states put together.

How then could Israel's minimal concessions to the PLO, Syria and Lebanon threaten the security of Israel? The answer is they cannot because Israel is using the emotionally-sensitive issue of a threat to its security which works with gullible westerners, still sensitive on the issue of the holocaust, to support its case for making only minimal concessions or none at all.

That the yarn about the threat to Israel's security cannot be taken seriously becomes obvious from any sober consideration of the geomilitary possibilities. Could even the most timid, or most devious, Israeli really argue that Egypt, undetected, could send arms and men into the Gaza Strip, surrounded as it is by Israeli-controlled land and sea, or Jordan do

task of imposing this apartheid. (Incidentally, Israel and South Africa, two racist states, have always had strong, cordial relations and not only because there is a large and prosperous Jewish community in South Africa, but because they are similarly circumstanced — racist states surrounded by hostile ene-

How else is Israel to deal with improbable threats to its security as a state or the more real threats to its individual

The answer is so blindingly obvious that it is overlooked by all except a few specially gifted Israelis. The answer is this: Israel has to make a just and lasting peace with the Arab governments and with the Arab peoples. The Israelis who see this, a clearly defined group which is increasing in numbers, are those gifted with the qualities of sensitive humanism and democratic equality, those who, in other words, set aside unreal Jewish fears and alltoo-real racial arrogance based, for the time being, on Israel's military strength and military prowess — though this latter quality is much less than elaimed.

But such a change would amount to nothing less than a revolution in Israeli thinking and feeling because it would run counter to the basic concept of Zionism on which the Jewish state is based: that the land of Palestine "belongs" to the Jews, and to the Jews alone, because it was "promised" to them by the God, Yahweh, of the Jewish tribe of Israel. Which is why Zionist Jews reject Arab offers to share "the land", in particular Jerusalem.

The split between human-ist Jews and Zionist Israelis is apparent in Yitzhak Rabin's

"Israel has to make a just and lasting peace with the Arab governments and with the Arab peoples. The Israelis who see this, a clearly defined group which is increasing in numbers, are those gifted with the qualities of sensitive humanism and democratic equality: those who, in other words, set aside unreal Jewish fears and all-tooreal racial arrogance based, for the time being, on Israel's military strength and military prowess -though this latter quality is much less than claimed."

the same, undetected, in the 50 square kilometres of the Jerieho enelave from where these forces would eventually break out to threaten, respectively, Tel Aviv and Jerusalem? That would be unscientific fiction.

But there is some factual basis for Israeli fears not for "Israel's security" but for the "Israelis's security", a possible threat, that is to say, not to the Jewish state but to its individual Jewish eitizens whom the Palestinians have shown themselves capable of shooting, stabbing, axing and blowing up in broad daylight and in busy, inhabited areas of towns and cities.

There are only two certain ways of countering this threat to individual Israelis: either all Palestinians must be "transferred" out of Israel and the occupied territories or, if that were not possible, confine the Palestinians to eertain areas, ghertoes, where no Jews would be permitted. Or, more realistically, to certain areas, ghettoes, where no Palestinian would be allowed.

Israel has already made certain tentative, temporary, experimental moves in this direction when, for instance, it cut off all traffie between the occupied territories and "Israel proper" or when it placed the entire Gaza Strip under curfew for days, even weeks, at a time, or when it did not allow young Palestiman males to enter the Jerusaicm area.

Such draconian measures produce results; they do reduce Jewish deaths, but they are conspicuous and attract criticism from human rights groups, like Amnesty International. They also impose a strain on the army and the police who would have the cabinet with the Meretz Party representing the humanists and the Labour Party the Zionists. But not all the Labour party representatives which include younger politi-cians like Haim Ramon, the health minister, and Yossi Beilin, the deputy foreign

minister. Unfortunately, the really powerful members of the eabinet, the prime minister and defence minister. Yitzhak Rabin, and the foreign minister, Shimon Peres, arc old fashioned Zionists, though from time to time Mr. Peres lapses into humanism. Hence, apart from the hardline Zionists in the opposition parties - who are, unfortunately, just short of having a parliamentary majority - it is the tough old soldier Rabin who is the chief obstacle to a just and lasting peace be-

tween Jews and Palestinians. It must be clarified and emphasised that Mr. Rabin, like the majority of Israelis, is a non-observant Jew who; while he would not accept the religious underpinnings of the Zionist myth, he accepts the myth of exclusive Jewish ownership of the Holy Land.

Which is why there is a continuing ambiguity in Mr. Rabin's policy towards the Arabs: he would yield territory to the Palestinians most grudgingly but at the same time he does not approve of Jewish settlements. His Israeli patriotism clearly confliers with Zionist beliefs because he would seem to see that it is Zionist beliefs that bring threats to Israel's security. There is some faint hope for him and Israel that it is not impossible that his humanism could prevail in which case there would be no more threats to "Israel's

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Published Every Thursday

Reformists vs old guard — JWA faces 'cultural anxiety'

By Mohammad Masharqa

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Vith the phrase "cultural anxiety" Jordanian novelist fu'nes Al Razzaz summarised the crisis now facing the ordanian Writers Association (JWA) at the political, ultural and ideological levels.

The crisis was a natural outcome of the deep changes hat influenced the principles on which contemporary rab cultural trends are based.

A dialogue among leading Arab thinkers and writers ver the past few years has not risen to the level of the hanges but rather manifested an expression of an anxiety situation," chaos and political parties disnemberment which has become typical of the nature of artisan activities in Jordan.

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It was natural in this situation that politicallybaracterised divisions and anxieties should be reflected n all intellectuals, not because these influences are olitically motivated and not surfacing as a result of and nder the effect of social developments or activities. Differences of views are now plaguing the JWA and aving the ground for the February elections in the arious JWA sectors.

Deep differences of views are emerging because the oung writers are demanding that there be major hanges that focus attention on the need to protect miters' interests, dignity and the cultural movement. the young writers group totals 330 in number, making ip one third of JWA members.

For his part, Mr. Razzaz has displayed enthusiasm bout the young writers programme of reform. In his iew, the JWA's role has changed under the influence of he on-going changes in Jordan and the formation of

political parties under the era of democracy.

He says that it would be a blunder to keep the IWA

serving as a front displaying the political parties' struggle with the authorities in the country and warns

that Jordan is at the threshold of enormous challenges. "The JWA should arm itself for the coming stage by adopting a well prepared programme that focuses attention on creating cultural works to serve in the post cold war era.'

He called for young writers to carry out their

AMMAN CULTURAL PULSE

ambitious programme which aims at stimulating JWA's activities.

"At the same time we demand pluralism in creative work and in the creation of cultural schools rather than wasting writers' time and effort in squabbles over fickle political stands."

Mahmoud Al Imleh, president of the Al Watan Club in Ruseifeh town asks: "Why should there be political tutelage within the JWA over creativity and why can't a revolutionary group, which is very enthusiastic to fight the idea of cultural and political normalisation of

relations with Israel, form its own political party?"
Of course the two sides involved in the squabble within the JWA are keen on concealing their political orientations by pretending that their differences are only professional and cultural,

But the truth is that the crux of these differences are related to the Arab stand vis-a-vis the political settlement on the Jordanian-Israeli and Palestinian-Israeli tracks. This view is supported by Mazen Saadeh, novelist from the young group of writers.
Saadeh says that the JWA board has been elected on

the basis of the previous political set-up.

This trend, according to Saadeh, resulted in the JWA's isolation and the shrinking of its members. The JWA board, which is chaired by Fakhri Ka'war, has been involved in non-cultural issues - not cultural and not creative in nature — in the past years, according to poet Basel Rafaiqa, Al Ra'i Arabic daily's cultural

But there are other causes for this divergence of views among JWA members according to novelist Jamal Naji who is now tipped to become JWA president.

There are two concepts which affect this crisis within IWA involving two groups, one trying to maintain the same methods and the other attempts to introduce changes in methods and approach in the light of cultural and political changes, according to Naji.

Naji says that it has become necessary for the "political expression" to upgrade itself into a "creative expression.'

The past stage witnessed a transformation within the JWA into what resemble a political party, as it is now issuing political statements and slogans without coming up with mechanisms or action plans to promote culture. he adds.

Is there a real struggle going on within the JWA? Perhaps, this is the case. The old guards who traditionally assumed the leadership since the association's foundation in the mid-seventies, shouldered huge burdens and faced imprisonment. They were banned from writing after defending the association's right for existence

following the government's ban of the JWA in 1986. The old guards also defended freedom and democracy and respect for human rights. These sacrifices and this role enabled the old guards to remain at the helm all these years. But the old guard has also benefited from all that comes with the leadership, like invitations to attend conferences abroad.

In the last few years there has been a slackness in admitting new members and the JWA imposed a rule that only those who had served as association members for two years will be allowed to run for elections or to assume the presidence. All this has deprived the new generation of writers of a chance to assume the

Judge Hashem Gharaibeh, who is also nominating himself for the JWA presidency, said "the JWA board should be set up on the basis of creative trends which would bring in real change and cultural pluralism."

According to Razzaz the revolutionaries are still a minority and could lose their battle in the first round, because ending the old and traditional system is not an easy matter in a country like Jordan.

This is the general view of the situation inside the JWA and the result of the crisis that has exploded, somewhat too early.

But one has to admit that the struggle within the JWA has been positive in nature, and that its cultural and political trends are not personal perhaps. Razzaz was right in predicting a loss for the revolutionaries and the reformists.

Yet, the struggle has indeed opened a new door to question the real role of the Jordanian writers, and has brought back the spirit that prevailed in the old JWA.

The cultural movement in Irbid

By Mohammad Dauod Tahboub

't's surprising how small the number of Ammanites who ave ever been to Irbid or have known about it, though 's geographical and topographical location as well as its esthetic qualities make it perhaps the most beautiful ity in Jordan.

With a vast plain stretching to the east and south and ith an uninterrupted chain of little bills in the north nd west it looks more like a resort than a city. Each ear at the advent of spring Irbid puts on a jubilant ttire and looks like a bride wearing a multi-coloured own, hence the nomenclature "the bride of the north."

Its winter is as mild as its summer which makes it the leal place for a thoughtful and quiet life and a suitable lace for literature and poetry to flourish. That's why nany authors and poets sprang from its soil. In this onnection Jordanians admirc and dearly remember the reat poet Mustafa Wahbi Al Tall, considered by many s a great laureate.

Though cultural activity in the city is relatively new it rich compared to other areas in the Kingdom. A new eneration of city writers have put their mark on the ordanian literature scene in recent years and acquired, ne fame and respect within cultural circles in the

Any essay on cultural activity will be incomplete if it ere void of due presentation of the persons who gave nd are still giving much of their time, thought and ffort to make cultural movement in the city a reality. Mahmoud Issa, a pharmacist and head of Writers' ssociation branch in Irbid willingly introduced me to nportant poets and authors. He is now working on a ovel which deals with the social fabric in a cynical

Dr. Ibrahim Al Khateeb, a gynaecologist, is a poet tho carefully and instinctively chooses his vocabulary nd expressions and who has the ability to write poems both old and new forms (rhyme and free or as some escribe them as the horizontal and vertical forms). He also a well-known critic of poetry. Al Khateeb ublished his first book collection of poems in 1984 nder the title "Chant Me My Tomorrow" followed by Lanterns for an Extinguished Day" in 1985. In 1986 he ublished "Winds Barn," in 1987 "Izzidin Al Qassam" nd in 1989 "I Take Refuge in Stone" then in 1990 Face to Face" from which I chose the following lines:

If you carry youth's dream to age of old, , by then, you recognise width and length of road.



Dr. Ibrahim Al Khatib dward Haddad

If grey hair line your head with its days and seasons, but your eyes wouldn't care to behold. If all hardships bow before your feet as told, There, then, is a new meaning for heroism.

"My poetic experience now far surpasses the past," he says adding that poetry is the fruit of life experience and as such gets finer and ripens with the passage of time. "This is what actually is happening with me."
Another poet, Edward Haddad has the gift of

dressing his long poems, though not easy to grasp, with colourful imagination in a hazy atmosphere. Reading through Haddad's work, one feels that he moves stealthily from one idea to another motivating his reader to follow his unseen dream to the end. Haddad published some of his poems in a book titled "Flight on a Low Altitude" and sporadically furnishes some of Jordanian Arabic newspapers and magazines with his poems. The following extracts from his poem "Mercenaries and Lovers" may shed some light on his style:

Oh ... how pretty you are! How often I mingle you with coffee, In a raining morn.



Mahmoud Issa

Suleiman Al Azrai

And reside in you with shaken auxiety, As a branch long torn, I leave my dried leaves on your breast, Evading a cry... yet I cry

Blessed are the eyes of sea, That overflow me Blessed are the eyes of jungle and rain, that cleanse me Blessed are the eyes of sea, that drown me deep where I drop my anchor... but then,

While literature in the north and indeed elsewhere in the country is directed to grown-ups and little is dedicated to children, Hassan Naji took the hard path of writing plays in poetical form for children. Many of his plays have been acted on theatres here in Irbid and in other Arab cities and got popular recogniton and some

"It pleases me so much to address children's minds and hearts. Yet this endeavour needs official encouragement. After all I alone cannot afford, from the material point of view, to publish my works although the children's library lacks this line of literature in Jordan,

On a larger scale, novels and short stories found fertile soil in Irbid. Sulaiman Al Azrui and Hashem Garaibeh are among the pioneers in this field.

Al Azrui is also a sound critic of literature and his books "Studies on Jordanian Story and Novel" and "Studies of Modern Jordanian Poetry" are vivid examples of his cultural background.



Ismail Abul Bandora



· · · Hussein Naji

Azrui is a fine, short story writer. A fine example is his "Al Babour" or the Burner named after the first story in the this group. It is a good attempt in revealing inner struggle between human material needs and the incessant yearning for knowledge among the new

A penniless country boy is anxious to read the works of the renowned novelist Naiceb Mahfouz. Unable to buy his collection he decides to steal the only burner from the house to bargain it with the owner of a bookstall for the novelist collection.

Hashem Garaibeh is well-known within the cultural movement in Irbid for his novels and activity in the Writers Association. He published several good works that acquired publicity and recognition.

Needless to say that a very important tributary to any culture is the transfer of the accumulated knowledge of other nations'. This can be done by two ways: by learning other tongues which can be achieved mostly on an individual basis; and by translation of literary works, a hard yet noble task.

Ismail Abul Bandora is one such self-inducive translator who is keen to bring to Arab readers the fruits of other nations' minds. In 1982 he published his first translation of Gabriel Garcia Markez' book "Eyes of the Blue Dog" and in 1985 he completed a collection of Yugoslav literary works that was published in Al Mahd literary magazine.

In 1991 Abul Bandora translated "Yugoslav stories", a collection of eight stories written by two famous Bosnian writers. The collection includes a fine introduction to Yugoslav literature. Abul Bandora is now working on Meva Salimovich's novel "The Castle."

Irbid's men of letters have their own branch of the Writers Association established in 1982. With selffinancing and with the help of local establishments they were able to found a branch for the Association in downtown Irbid. It can be seen from the schedule of activities the bulk of effort exerted by the management of the branch body over the years, especially over the last three years.

The general sentiment among members of the cultural circle in the north amounts to resentment resulting from what they see as Amman's negligence of their creativity and activity. They think that both the media and concerned cultural departments focus, their attention on Amman literary figures and pay little attention to other famous figures elsewhere.

Mohammad Daond Tahboub is a political and literary the above article to the Jordan Times.

researcher and translater based in Irbid. He contributed

Injecting glucose marker improves X-rays

SHOW THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF

arately detect the spread cancer, radiologists are ecting patients with a stance containing gluand a slightly radioacmarker before the X-. a recent report said.

to grow and divide more

The radioactive material would decay quickly and pose no risk to patients, Dr. Hill said in a report presented to the Radiological Society of North America.

The technique is useful for assessing how fast a cancer is growing. It the cancer has metastasized, chemotherapy rather than surgery may be the proper

Scan), which costs about 1,800 per patient. There are and Canada.

65 cancer patients found important new information in 30 per cent of the cases, Dr.

Hill said. Surgical biopsies where

tissue is removed and analysed remains the standard technique to diagnose can-cer, but the PET Scan is non-invasive and can better detect the disease's spread, researchers said.

Chocolate museum dream comes true

By Nao Nakanishi Reuter

COLOGNE, Germany -A German entrepreneur's dream of a museum dedicated to his consuming passion has come true in this Rhineland city.

Hans Imhoff, owner of one of Germany's largest confectioners Stollwerck, has spent a fortune on a ship-shaped building overlooking the Rhine that is

devoted to chocolate. Opened in October, the museum - which advertises itself as the only such exhibition in the world - is attracting tens of thousands

of visitors. "I have long dreamt of a museum recording the history of chocolate," says Imhoff, a chubby man with a cherubic face who admits to indulging his passion for chocolate every day.

"Now my dream has become reality.

Everybody has happy childhood memories related to chocolate," he told Reuters. "But not many people know what cbocolate is. where it comes from and how it is produced."

Like the hero of British author Roald Dahl's famous children's book Charlie And The Chocolate Factory, Imhoff went to explore a chocolate factory as a wide-eyed child, attractedby the rich, heavy smell of melting chocolate.

In adulthood, he put his sweet tooth to use in business, setting up a small chocolate-making firm. In 1971, he bought Stollwerck. a bankrupt chocolate maker once honoured by Nazi dictator Adolf Hitler as a "National Socialist model company.'

Some of the profits of the company Imhoff rescued have gone into the museum. Part of the exhibition is housed in a modern building connected to a renovated 19th century customs office holding the rest.

It may lack some of the magic that Charlie discovered in Willy Wonka's fictional chocolate factory. such as brown rivers of chocolate, squirrels cracking nuts for chocolate bars or dwarves singing songs as they make candies.

But it does have a golden chocolate fountain where visitors can dip a biscuit and savour the heavenly taste of fresh warm chocolate.

"I dipped my finger into the chocolate fountain. It was delicious," said Elmar Busch, a surgeon from Col-

A hothouse room contains a small tropical forest, where real cocoa trees grow in the shade of palm trees

and tiny white orchid-like

cocoa flowers bloom. The ground floor of the museum contains a modern factory where cocoa beans harvested and fermented in banana leaves in Africa or Latin America are turned

into chocolate bars. Roasted and ground, they are mixed with sugar and milk and cast into chocolate Santas for sale at Christmas, teddy bears and a host of other shapes, as well as fine pralines for old-

er chocoholics. Cocoa, first cultivated by the Mayans in Mexico more than 2000 years ago, was introduced to Europe by Spanish explorer Hernan Cortes in the 16th century.

Cortes was treated to a cup of whipped hot chocolate by Aztec ruler Montezuma II in 1519. He was stunned by the sight of 2.500 tonnes of cocoa beans at the state treasury.

Yet until the 18th century, cocoa remained unknown to most Europeans outside the Spanish nobility, for whom it symbolised the cultivated pursuit of leisure.

Industrialisation changed that, bringing prices down and gradually turning chocolate into a mass-market product. The first floor of the

museum commemorates chocolate's origins as a drink. Silver and China goblets and cups used at the Spanish and German courts in the 18th century are displayed alongside archaeological treasures from

Unlike teapois, choco-late pots often had holes in the lid for sticking whisks into the beverage. Chocolate needed constant stirring in those days as it contained much more fat j than modern varieties.

The second floor of the museum is dedicated to the rise, fall and resurrection of the Stollwerck Chocolate Сотрапу. There is a colourful col-

lection of toys and vending machines for sweets dating from as far back as last century.

Unlike the standard boxshaped vending machines of today, early machines came in imaginative shapes such as an elephant, an African boy, a palace or an elaborate grandfather clock. some with moving parts.

Among the toys Stollwerck offered to its customers at the turn of the century is a fascinating minigramophone for playing chocolate "records."

The customers apparently gave in to temptation a long time ago. None of the edible "records" survive.

HCAGO (R) — To more Cancer cells, which tend

rapidly than normal cells, will take up more glucose," thus marking diseased areas on an X-ray, said Michael Hill, a radiologist at the University of Tennessee Medical Centre in Knox-

treatment, Dr. Hill said. After injection with the substance, patients undergo whole body positron emission tomography (PET only 78 centres with PET Scans in the United States Use of the technique on

Professional amateurs

By Jean-Claude Elias

In the world of personal computers (PC), a noticeable phenomenon has marked the beginning of the nineties. Users worldwide have ended their quest for more powerful, faster, feature-laden machines and turned to learning how to better use software. Hence the remarkable expansion of the training sector in private companies, government institutions, schools, major orgamisations and the attention it has received.

Once the question of selecting and acquiring satisfac-tory hardware was solved. PC users realised that the priority should be given to the programmes, and that iliev had to focus on understanding computers and software rather than being obsessed with megabytes and

Computer 'awareness' became, and is still, the trend. Whether you are a teenager or in your seventies. a plumber or a corporate executive, you had to know about computers. Even if only to take an active part in social conversations. Owning a PC did not even matter.

Things however went overboard. What started as a justified move to vulgarise the topic and educate the public ended up creating an unhealthy, unclear situation. Many neophytes, having read a PC magazine or two and having attended a summer training course, thought they have become data processing consultants.

If a little on-hand experience combined with some reading can certainly help people improve their computer knowledge and skills, it won't make them experts overnight. It is one thing to use a word processor, it is another to set up and control a local network of PCs or a large relational data base.

To be fair, one must not put all the blame on the users. Specialists who give training have their own share of respon ibility. To attract the users, they tend to



promise more than they can deliver. More that can possibly be delivered anyway. How can anyone expect to replace four or five years of systematic academic studies with a few training courses?

In some stage of the computer training, it should be made very clear to the operators that computer awareness is one thing and true expertise in informatics is another. Individuals who are self-taught or attending private courses have to know where is the difference.

The deceptive factor is the relatively low cost and small size of modern PCs. They can easily make you believe that everything is simple, inexpensive and that, whatever you are planning to do with the machine, you will never need the help of an expert.

Think of it this way: You can take an Aspirin without your doctor's advice or approval, but would you decide to have open heart surgery on your own? Let alone perform it yourself!

Learning more about PCs is not only recommended. but has become essential for communicating with your peers in a modern world. One can push the awareness and knowledge as far as possible. When in doubt however, consulting a specialist becomes an absolute

ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

By Mohammad A. Shuqair

TIME FOR RIB-TICKLING READING

CREAM-PUFFS

A CREAM-PUFF is a weak and ineffective person especially a man.)

He never has to worry about his station in life. Everyone is always telling him where to get off.

☆ When a fight starts, he always does his best-100 yards in 10 seconds. ☆ At the first sign of trouble, he thinks with his legs.

If he goes into an auto showroom just to use the phone, he buys a new car because he hasn't the nerve o walk out without buying something. When he goes to a dentist, he needs an anesthetic just

to sit in the waiting room.

☆ You can break him easier than a biscuit.

When faced with danger and threatening disaster, he sets his teeth, assesses the situation in the twinkling of an eye-and then runs faster than a jack rabbit who hears the howl of a wolf.

* * * * * *

SAY IT IN ARABIC

Common expressions

 Go about your husiness. Ibta'id min hoga. - I've done it for your avail. Fa'alt haza limas'lahatik. — I value honour above life.

Al sharaf indi aghla minil-bayat. Hc cmpowered me to act in his name.

Kallafani ann ancob anho.

 I'm amiss today. Ana muta'akkiril-mizaj bazal-youm.

- Don't set my back up. La togdiboni.

 I appeal to God against evil. A'oozo billahi minash'shaitanir-rajeem.

- Away, you hypocrite. Okh'roj min bona ayyohal-monafiq.

You should not appear against your relations.

Yajib ann la to'aadi akaribak. — They are the apple of my eye.

Innahom a'azz an-nass alayya.

HUMOUR

 Abbas married an ugly woman. Whenever he set eyes on her, he felt very depressed and looked upon her as if she were a man. One day the wife looked out of the window and saw a

beautiful girl. She called her husband and said: "Hurry up and have a look at that girl. He gazed at the passing girl deploring and cursing his

had luch, and suid: Dearest...! I've a good idea. I suggest we both

 POLic E OFFiCER: "Why didn't you move your car when the sergeant commanded you to do so?" MAN: "Because my wife asked me to wait for her in this particular place. Whose order do you think I should obey."

• Ather summoned his daughter and said to her: "Our young neighbour has visited me in my office to ask for vour hand. I gave him my word. Is this all right?" DAUGHTER: "But how can I leave my mother at re?"

F. ... HER: "You can take her with you!"

 At e-stamping the first kiss on his bride's lips, he said to : r:

"Ar I the first man in your life, darling?"

"Ye: my love." she answered.

"Die ou like my kiss?" "It's really the most delicious kiss I've ever tasted."

HOROSCOPIC CHART

WHEN WERE YOU BORN?

Jan. 21 to Feb. 19

People born during this period have a strong sense of duty. They have a kindly disposition and are inclined to be affectionate. They refuse to think ill of anyone until the bad qualities are proved. Being straightforward themselves, they imagine everyone else is the same and, on this account, they are likely to suffer some bitter

However, they lack a proper regard for their own welfare. They are a little too confiding and they are not adaptable. Once they make up their minds on a matter, it is almost impossible to persuade them to change it.

* * * * *

TO THESE PEOPLE WE SAY

Don't brood over troubles. Face the facts, fight them out, and then, forget all about them.

Don't be guided by impulses. Don't neglect the financial side of things, if you want

to succeed.

* * * * * BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

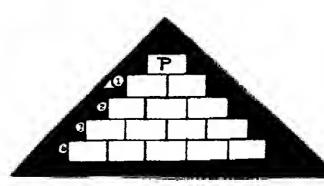
SADISM

Sadism is a sexual perversion in which gratification is attained by the infliction of physical or mental pain on the person one loves: named for the Marquis de Sade, a French novelist, who was charged with numerous sexual offences. He spent 27 years in prisons or asylums. writing obscene romances, including Justine (1791). His theory that since sexual deviation and criminal acts exist in nature, they are natural, foreshadowed modern psychological thought. (compare 'Masochism')

> * * * * * * **PUZZLES**

LETTERS TRIANGLE

In letters triangle you add only a letter to the one at the top to make a meaningful word and then add another new letter to the second row apart from the letters of the first row to produce a word that has also a meaning. You continue doing this with the third and fourth rows. You can insert the letters in each row provided that all the words begin with the letter "P" and give the desired meaning as indicated below.



THE CLUES:

I. Name of father.

2. Container used for cooking.

3. A single sheet of glass used for a window, door, or

4. Members of a jury.

Granny

By E. Yaghi

Granny lived in a big house with her husband, grandpa. They had many children who were mostly all grown up. plus one teenager and many grandchildren. Now granny and her spouse, inspite of having a whole lot of children and who should have been sick and tired of anything having to do with kids, loved their grandchildren dearly, especially two in particular who had come to live with

them in the same quarters.

It was difficult at first for granny and grandpa to get used to putting up with small children. They woke up at all hours, cried in the middle of the night and more than that, scattered their toys, food and more importantly, cookie crumbs, and fingerprints all over the bouse. What made the situation even nicer, the naughty grandchildren's mother seldom bothered to sweep up the crumbs that got ground into the carpeting or wipe off little black fingerprints or help granny, prepare the buge meals that looked as if they were made for an army. Thus, poor old granny with her head full of thinning gray hair and a stooped back from working hard to raise all ber own children, had to now cook and clean and pick up after a tonne of people as though she were a young chiek herself.

Yet, whenever one of her precious grandchildren cried, granny, and yes, even the pretending to be gruff grandfather would rush to the rescue to save the grandchild in distress.

It came to pass that inspite of the ensuing overcrowded bathrooms, waiting in line for a turn at the iron, and sometimes queuing near the telephone, granny and grandpa loved those little rascals, the grandkids, who had stolen their hearts away. And a very strange thing happened too, those little rascals began to love their grandparents too and in fact, the baby became strongly attached to guess who? Nobody other than granny herself. Ob, baby loved grandpa also, no mistake about it, but when it came to granny, she stuck to her like glue and didn't want to be separated from her grandmother no matter what. Adding insult to injury, she even called her granny "Mama" much to the disgust of the child's mother. In fact, the baby's mother only delighted in using granny as a built in cook, cleaning woman and babysitter and became quite blue in the face whenever baby refused to go to her mother. Even though the food was free, hot meals were cooked every day, and all the other conveniences offered to gramy's son, be and his diligent wife (who spent 23 out of 24 bours sitting doing absolutely nothing) decided to move out. Oh, out didn't bappen to be too far away, just downstairs a bit, but nevertheless, away from those conniving parents who had the nasty habit of doting on their grandchildren and interfering in the affairs of said son. After all, they were supposed to behave themselves like good grandparents and remain very silent while their grandchildren destroyed their home, smeared black finger marks throughout, broke whatever they could lay their hands on and cried at unearthly hours of the night. Furthermore, they were supposed to turn

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their hearts on and off like a water faucet when it came to their grandchildren to the convenience of the kids' mother as though love and affection could be switched on and off so easily. Whenever she wanted to bury herself in her remote room and pretend to be too extremely busy to help cook, clean or straighten up, she often shooed her children out of the room and shut the door on them so they would go and get stuck on their grandparents. It never mattered what the grandparents were doing, or if they were busy or not, it only mattered bow convenient it was to the children's mother, but whenever she decided she wanted the children back in her room, she would roughly and sometimes rudely wrench them away from the cook granny and that gruff grandpa who only cared so very much about the welfare of his grandchildren and who so kindly supplied the money to build a new apartment for his son and son's family downstairs.

Well, to make a very long and tiring adventure shorter, granny's son and ber daughter-in-law moved out their mess, the noisy grandchildren who bad nonetheless won their grandparents' hearts, and went to live in their new apartment with an air that seemed to granny as almost rebellious, leaving granny and ber busband with peace and quiet like heaven, no more spilled toys, black fingerprints, cries at all bours of the night or cookie crumbs ground into all the carpets. But something else bappened too. It was as granny said to her husband one day not long after the transition of their son moving out, over a hot cup of tea while the two sat brooding in the kitchen. "you know, its so nice not to bave to cook such huge meals all alone, to be able to wash and iron when I need to, and not to be taken advantage of so much, but those darling little children left an empty space in our bearts and home. No one will ever know how much we love them or care for them, not even our son. We were rewarded by their mother by their presence when she felt it to ber convenience, and when she wanted to spite us, she denied us their company. In other words, for these long five months, our purpose was merely to act as agents for her advantage. She never considered that she could have belped me cook or clean, that was my job, but bers was to do as little as possible in order to save ber strength for her own selfisbness.'

And grandpa said: "How true. Now those months that they stayed with us have vanished like nothing and all the love we put in those little children will be wiped away by their mother. She never helped you cook or clean, for wby should she? She didn't even change her own children when they were wet or dirty or keep them warm, or see that they were fed three meals a day, or even stay home to care for them. What do you expect from a woman who is selfish and cares for herself morethan our son, her busband, or her own flesh and blood, her children? She wants to show off how clever she is and compete with everyone in everything, but she doesn't care to be a good homemaker or mother which really should be her first priority."

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday, Jan. 6

8:30 Flesb And Blood

The proverb says: "Blood is thicker than water.' Rachel, the lawyer, finds how true it is as she meets her long lost and forgotten brother.

9:10 Da Beat's On

Mohammad Al Jazirch presents the latest on the pop music charts.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Movic Of The Week

Marked For Murder

Upon the suggestion of a woman psychiatrist, a tough prisoner is set free to help with police work, hoping to transform him into a good and a productive citizen. New life begins outside the prison walls.

Friday, Jan. 7 8:30 Walter And Family

Zak, while at his grandparent's house, pretends to be sick to avoid going to school, while his dad is on a business trip.

9:10 Faces And Places 10:00 News In English 10:20 The River Kings

This is the story of a family foresaken by the father. They are to survive on a barren and dry land. The eldest son's hope is to move out.

11:10 Yes Minister

The Economy Drive

In order to cut spending, the minister suggests doing without the despensable administrative employees.

Saturday, Jan. 8

8:30 The Fanelli Boys

Ronnie seems to suffer from "falling for the older women syndrome." He seeks Anthony's help in rescuing him from a woman...und her mother!!

9:00 Talk Show 9:30 The Campbells Homeward Bound

James Campbell and his brother-in-law, Andrew. are victims of a conspiracy. Both await the reading out of the will, left behind after the death of Andrew's

10:00 News In English 10:20 Feature Film — Deep

Starring: Robert Wagner, Isabelle Pasco and Ben Cross A police officer and an

American firebrand named Madigan fall in love with the same beautiful woman. Alice, whose father was murdered.

Sunday, Jan. 9 8:30 You Bet Your Life

Bill Coshy gives away the grand prize of \$10,000 to the winning couple in his quiz show, 9:10 Jordanssone

Jordanesque is a documentary programme that looks into a segment of the Jordanian population the bedouins, their way of life, and features of their culture and traditions.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Island Son

Gifts

Danial, the good doctor, is involved with two women in hospital. The first has been wanted by the police

for over 20 years, and the

other who dies suddenly

Monday, Jan. 10

8:30 The Torkelsons

and unexpectedly.

Mrs. Torkelson has a row with her son. Steven, because of problems at school. But soon she realise he is justified and he has a good

9:10 Thirtysomething Happy New Year

Everything is going well at Hope and Michael's New Year's Eve party, until Hope hears the bad news about an old boyfriend of

10:00 News in English 10:20 Feature Film - Mar-

Starring: Sean Connery, Diane Baker and Tippi Hed-

In Marnie. you are led into the dark and sinister world of Alfred Hitchcock. The colour red is the clue behind Marnie's troubled mind. At an early age she had to experience something so horrible that it affected her state of mind.

Tuesday, Jan. 11 8:30 The Respected Family

Talking Baseball Kim and her grandfather have a strong argument about the baseball game. He believes he knows better because he was one of the best players.

9:10 Man And The Machine

Truth Or Consequences Man and Eve are in pursuit of the gang, but the safety of Anna and her daughter. Nicky, comes

10:00 News in English 10:20 Cape Rebel

Sleuth, the prisoner at St. Helena Island, is after the map which he desperately needs for his escape. 11:10 Night Court

Wednesday, Jan.

Christine's Friend

8:30 Too Close For Comfort

Who's Sara Now? A question of identity surround. Sara. Is she, or is she not the real daughter of

Harry and Mirrel? 9:10 Documentary - Edgewood

Bad Trip To Edgewood

A powerful and disturbing documentary that shows how since the 50's, the American Defence department, has allowed Nazi-like experiments to be conducted on young American volunteers to test how deadly chemical weapons can be. The barbaric experiments were conducted in Edgewood.

10:00 News in English 10:20 Day One

Day One is the day in 1941 when a Hungarian nuclear physicist arrives in the United States from Germany. President Roosevelt offers him a large sum of money to work on producing a nuclear bomb.

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Hollywood on fast forward

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By John Horn The Associated Press

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif. - Established to honour the best work seen in movie theatres, the Academy Awards bave been transformed into a battle of mass-produced videocassettes judged on TV sets.

The 4,500 Oscar voters are being inundated with a blizzard of free tapes not available in any store as major studios and independent distributors alike desperately battle for precious nomination votes.

Just a few years ago, Oscar campaigns were limited to advertisements in Hollywood trade newspapers. The prevalence of videocassette recorders and the financial rewards of Academy Award attention bave merged to put videotape front row, centre, despite worries about videotape piracy.

Titles shipped to academy members range from the highbrow art films The Piano and The Remains Of The Day to the low-budget children's film Homeward Bound: The Incredible



A scene from Jurassic Park by Steven Spielberg



Even though The Fugi-

A scene from the film Gettisburg

Journey and the quickly for-gotten Thriller Malice.

tive was a huge box-office hit and seen by virtually everybody in Hollywood, All four hours of Gettysburg — filling two videocassettes — is now in the mail, and cassettes of Debra Win-Warner Bros. shipped its cassette, hopeful that coger's A Dangerous Woman star Tommy Lee Jones and arrived on some academy director Andy Davis will be doorsteps before the movie remembered when ballots arrived at local theatres. follow Jan. 7.

Oscar officials privately worry that any film not distributed on videocassette to Oscar voters won't be nominated, and some producers face agonising decisions about shipping their visual spectacles on the far less impressive video for-

"Short Cuts should be seen in a theatre in all its 70 millimetre glory," says Ira Deutchman, whose fine line features bas yet to decide whether to mail cassettes of its film. "On the small for free; it bas no jurisdic-

screen, it loses a lot of its impact."

Universal Pictures has declined to make its acclaimed holocaust film Schindler's List available on a videocassette, urging voters to see it in theatres, and will not send out tapes of Jurassic Park, the highestgrossing film in movie his-

Unlike voting in acting and creative categories such as costuming and cinematography, in which only certain academy branches cast ballots, the entire academy votes for best picture. Voters need not prove they bave been either the eligible films or the ones for which

they vote.
The academy urges its members to see movies in theatres, and they can do so tional ability to limit the flow of tapes.

The independent distributor Samuel Goldwyn Co. has launched an especially aggressive campaign for its Shakespeare adaptation Much Ado About Nothing. Oscar favourites Philadelphia, a film about an AIDS patient, Schindler's List and The Piano, a love story featuring a mute woman, all debuted at year's end. Director Kenneth Branagh's Much Ado, on the other hand, premicred in May, and may be

a foggy memory. Furthermore, the film's co-star Emma Thompson plays prominent roles in The Remains Of The Day and the upcoming In The Name Of The Father. Much Ado best actress votes for Miss Thompson might be bard to come by as ber fans will be split among three perform-

In addition to a Much Ado videocassette, Goldwyn gave academy members free soundtrack albums, a photo brochure and a book about the film's production. The Oscar pitch was timed to conclude when most competing campaigns begin. The theory: Make Much Ado the benchmark against which other films are measured.

"You know the almost ridiculous amounts of money that are spent towards the end of the year by the studios," says company president Samuel Goldwyn Jr. in explaining the grass roots strategy. "How much do you think they're going to spend on Schindler's List? We're facing a lot of

Budgeted close to



Peter Gallagher (left) with Francis McDormand and Jerrett Len-

non in Robert Altman's film **Short Cuts**

\$200,000, the Goldwyn campaign pales in comparison to some studio efforts, which frequently exceed \$500,000. Universal has not disclosed how much it will spend to promote Schindler's List as an academy nominee.

"Just'buying a lot of advertising is not the way to deal with the academy, Goldwyn says. "The important thing is to be sure everybody sees the picture. I believe that if everybody sees the picture, you've had your shot. Whether or not we can get the nomination is anybody's guess."
Columbia Pictures assem-

bled the most impressive Oscar video mailer, shipping nine cassettes by Federal Express in a box Fine Line's Deutchman said resembled "The kind of case you'd think would hold two very expensive bottles of cham-

The Columbia assortment included likely Oscar nominee The Remains Of The Day and Groundhog Day, a longshot even for the far less prestigious Golden Globe Awards. Independent Miramax films will send out cassettes of the Chinese film Farewell My Concubine, even

will lose a lot in the process. "Concubine is difficult on video but we nonetheless did it," says Harvey Weinstein, whose Miramax was

though the subtitled movie

one of the first to exploit videocassettes for Oscarvotes. "Seeing it on cassette and seeing it on the big screen are two different

"But the nomination is a sure-fire way to bring mass attention to a movie. It's almost a good bousekeeping seal of approval."



Zhang Fengyi (left) and Leslie Cheung in Farewell My Concubine

Denzel Washington looks ahead to directing

By Jim Loney

With starring roles in two

Christmas releases — oppo-

site Tom Hanks in the

Jonathan Demme AIDS

drama Philadelphia and co-

starring with Julia Roberts

in Alan Pakula's The Peli-.

can Brief - Washington is

a bankable Hollywood

attraction, one of the actors

audiences most want to see.

with Demme and Pakula

went much further than

good paychecks, good

scripts and good co-stars.

because I'm looking to

direct," said Washington.

Tri-Star release which made

its limited debut in New

York, Los Angeles and

Both Philadelphia - a

"I'm plucking their brains

Yet his decisions to work

Toronto on Dec. 22 and hits movie screens around the Reuter nation on Jan. 14 — and .The Pelican Brief, already LOS ANGELES — Denzel in mass release, are ex-Washington, one of Hollywood's hottest actors, pected to be big winners at the box office. makes no secret of his desire to play a different part
— behind the camera.

Yet Washington seems unimpressed with his status as one of Hollywood's leading men and more interested in his agenda for the future.

"I'm not on the movie star track," he told Reuters in a recent interview at a Los Angeles hotel. "For the last two or three years now it's been very important

what director I work with." Indeed, a peek at Washington's recent resume reveals an actor making the rounds of the best directors of the day: Pakula and Demme, Kenneth

Brannagh and Spike Lee. "I needed the challenge. I needed something from the directors. I needed to go further," he said. "I felt like I was getting stagnant."

I've been plucking Brannagh's brains. I've been plucking Pakula. He was great. Obviously, Jonathan Demme is one of the greatest directors around.

"I'm just learning." Washington, 38, began his trek to the pinnacle as George Segal's illegitimate son in Carbon Copy (1981) and received his first popular reviews on the critically acclaimed television series St. Elsewhere.

He went on to an Academy Award nomination for best supporting actor as Steven Biko in the 1987 anti-apartheid film Cry Freedom and won that award for Glory in 1989. His most recent triumph was the starring role in

Spike Lee's Malcolm X. In the The Pelican Brief, an action-thriller based on the novel by John Grisham, Washington plays investigative journalist Gray Grantion plot at the highest

levels of government. The film marks Roberts' return to moviemaking after a long hiatus and Washington admits that his agent - at least - was excited about the commercial prospects.

"My agent's like, 'she hasn't made a movie in three years and this is the big comeback.' I could hear the (cash register) going 'cha-ching' in his head, Washington chuckles.

Philadelphia, on the other hand, is expected to become a cinematic "event," one of Hollywood's few - and, to date, grandest - attempts to weave insightful and compelling drama around the AIDS crisis.

In Philadelphia, Washington plays Joe Miller, a street-smart. ambulance-chasing lawyer known around town as "the

"I've been placking tham, who becomes TV guy" for his high press-(Robert) Redford's brains, embroiled in an assassina- ure client-seeking television commercials.

> His happy personalinjury practice is interrupted by the plight of the Hanks' character, Andrew Beckett, and AIDS sufferer who asks Miller to represent him in a wrongful dismissal lawsuit against his former employers at a high-powered Philadelphia law

> The acting challenge, de-clares Washington, was to make himself something he's not - a homophobic, who through the course of the film undergoes a metamorphosis.

During one telling scene, Beckett walks into Miller's law office. In a series of quick cuts he touches various objects on Miller's desk and a look of unease comes over the lawyer's face. Miller then rushes off to a doctor to find out just



Law student Julia Roberts with investigative reporter Denzel Washington in The Pelican Brief

how easy it is to get AIDS. "I had to work at being Joe Miller," Washington said. "I would never react the way he did to shaking someone's hand."

Yet Washington admits the role cause him to do a lot of soul-searching about his true feelings.

"You have to really confront yourself," he said. "Maybe you wouldn't react that way. But would you feel that way?"

Vietnam film looks at Hanoi's MIA tragedy

By Andrew Quinn Reuter

HANOI — An army truck packed with corpses barrels through a Vietnamese

mountain pass. Inside, the military driver calmly lights a stick of incense in a plea to the dead to keep them safe. They are the lucky ones, headed for a proper burial at Truong Son, Vietnam's largest

cemetary for its war dead. With these stark shots. the film Wild Reed begins one of Vietnam's first cinematic looks at a tragedy that has gripped the U.S. Public and still divides Hanoi and Washington: Soldiers listed as "missing in action", or MIA, almost two decades after the guns tell silent on the Vietnam

discover the fate of its more than 2,000 MIAs have been told by journalists and film directors, little has been done in Vietnam to illuminate the struggle to account for its own missing.

"This is the story of all of us," Director Vuong Tuan Duc said in an interview. "The dead have to be accounted for, or else they keep fighting with the

The sheer size of Vietnam's MIA problem makes it appear almost unsolvable. From the start of its anticolonial war against France in 1941 to its withdrawal from Cambodia in 1989, the country was at war for almost five decades.

Tran Cong Man, an army major general and veteran military journalist, said Hanoi estimates it has 300,000 MIAs from the war with the United States and the former South Vietnamese government in Saigon alone.

This number only refers to regular soldiers with the North Vietnamese army and Communist forces, Man said. "It does not count missing soldiers from the Saigon regime, 'or civilians.

"I myself lost an older brother in the war against the French and a younger brother in the war against the Americans, their remains have never been found."

Duc's film tries to bring that experience to the screen, showing the anguish of a North Vietnamese officer who returns to his hometown with a Vietnamese MIA search team in 1976 to discover his wife has remarried, believing him to be dead.

He is also plagued by guilt over the death of a junior soldier who lies buried in an unmarked grave somewhere in the reed-covered

While Wild Reed may be rough and swerve too frequently into melodrama by Hollywood standards, it still tries to address the emotions of those who survived Vietnam's wars as they reconcile themselves with those who did not. .

"We were trying to look at the war from a different angle, with our eyes on human element," said screenwriter Le Hoai Nguyen, a former "student-soldier" Nguyen Minh Chau.

wbo adapted the story from a novel by the late author Wild Reed represents a

major gamble for Vietnam's

beleaguered movie-makers: It is the only full-length film completed by the official Vietnam Feature Film Studio in 1993.

The country's only other major studio, Liberation Films, made no celluloid features this year, industry analysts said.

"The government has sharply cut back on subsidies, so there is no money." Duc said. But he was lucky enough to receive government financial help for his project, with subsidies accounting for half of his 600 million dong (\$60,000) budget.

The money, earmarked for films with the right political content, was available because Wild Reed is about the war. But when Duc arrived in Quang Tri province to film, financial considerations were over-

whelmed by the power of the story. "Frankly, I chose this

topic because I knew I could get funding. But that is only the beginning," he Quang Tri, a small pro-

vince at the slender waist that once divided North and South Vietnam, was the scene of some of the toughest fighting of the war, with heavy casualties among civilians and soldiers. "There are more than 10

cemetaries in Quang Tri for war dead, each with more than 10.000 graves. Twothirds of these are unidentified," said Duc. "That is just one small province. Imagine what is it like for the country."

Through the army officer, Duc takes his viewers on Vietnam's beart-breaking hunt for its MIA's - from searching bulletin boards for photographs to clawing holes in the ground at for-mer battlefields to turn up shards of human bone.

This is a trek undertaken by countless Vietnamese families, some of whom walk hundreds of kilometres south along routes once followed by soldiers in hope of stumbling across someone or something to indicate where their sons fell.

"Identification is a big problem," Man said. "We only started to use identification bracelets for soldiers, like dog-tags, in the final years of the war. Most were just buried and then marked down on paper

The film's young soldier. killed in a mortar allack. does not join the other bodies carefully wrapped in

plastic and placed in a truck. His body is lost forever to the mountains although his ghost returns to haunt the former officer.

"How can you find us if you yourself want to forget the suffering," the ghost asks, leaning on his gun in the blasted ruin of a church. "We want to live in the memory of the living."

The officer himself finds a slightly happier resolution to his tragedy. After a bittersweet encounter with his former wife, he is introduced to the small daughter he left behind.

"War is like the slice of a knife, it cleaves life in half." he says in the film's final moments as he carries the laughing little girl down a path away from the unmarked graves.

"The most painful thing is that it is not a clean cut.

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Failure to stick to vaccination schedule pushing spread of whooping cough

ATLANTA (AP) - U.S.children are coming down with whooping cough in huge numbers this year because too many are failing to receive vaccinations on time, federal health officials

said.
The Centres for Disease. Control and Prevention (CDC) reported there were 5,457 cases of whooping cough through Dec. 4, the highest number of cases since 1967. Outbreaks have occurred in Chicago and

In addition, more teenagers and adults are coming down with the sometimes fatal cough and passing it to susceptible younger chil-dren in their households. the Atlanta based CDC re-

"We're not vaccinating our children well enough. It is a real warning," said Dr. D.A. Henderson, deputy assistant secretary for

> By Stephen Hughes

Reuter

RABAT — A full-page

advertisement in the

Moroccan press depicts the

African continent floating

in a black void with the

caption: "Is Africa conde-

mned to fight AIDS

ple in Africa. which has the

world's highest rate of ac-

quired immunity deficiency

syndrome (AIDS), will get.

less help than before to combat the so-far incurable

Professor Abdallah Bens-

liman, chairman of the 8th

African AIDS conference

held in the southern Moroc-

alone?"

fatal disease.

health and science at the breaks in Chicago and Cin-Public Health Service in Washington.

Whooping cough, also called pertussis or the 100-day cough, is a bacterial disease characterised by a severe cough that comes in uncontrollable bursts and ends in a deep, wheezing sound. The cough lasts for several weeks and can cause pneumonia, seizures and inflammation of the brain.

Infants under age I are most severely affected by the disease. More than half of infants with whooping cough must be hospitalised and one in 200 dies from it.

This was expected to be a bad year for whooping cough, which tends to peak every three to four years:

can city of Marrakesh, said

financial aid is a big

health services on the conti-

nent is \$3.50 a head a year

and 29 of the world's 42

poorest states are in Africa.

In some the AIDS rate is

a Moroccan could spend a

whole month's income on

condoms. They are not

made in Africa and when

imported the price has in-

"There is a negative trend. Financial aid for

AIDS programmes is being

diverted to Asia and East-

em Europe," Prof. Beasli-

man told Reuters in an in-

creased ten-fold.

Prof. Bensliman reckons

Average spending on

a unati. 35 states reported a) increase in the number o cases of whooping cough

rier last year.
The CDC found that about half the preschool-age children who came down with whooping cough this year hadn't received the proper vaccination.

Children are supposed to receive a DTP shot — the vaccination to protect against diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis — at ages 2 months, 4 months, 6 months and 15 months. They should receive a booster shot before they enter school, between ages 4 and

"These were potentially preventable cases," said Dr. Iain Hardy of the

The anti-AIDS associa-

tion Act-Up staged a sit-in at

the Cooperation Ministry in

Paris last month in protest

against its alleged failure to grant sufficient aid to

A group of 30 demonstra-

tors chanted "Third World forgotten. Third World

assassinated" and other slo-

try said France had allo-

cated 300 million francs

(\$51 million) for medical

assistance in Africa to more

than 100 technicians de-

AIDS problem. The World Health Orga-

nisation (WHO) estimates

that by the year 2000 the

number of cases could reach

voted exclusively to the.

In a statement the minis-

sticking to the vaccination schedule.

"What we're trying to get across (to doctors) is that every time you see a young child, the vaccination status should be checked out," he said. "And the parents think everything seems to be all right if their child is not sick. They're not understanding that the child needs four doses."

The CDC also found that the proportion of adults and teenagers getting whooping cough is on the rise - from 19.8 per cent in 1980-89 to 26.9 per cent in 1992-93.

Adults and teens who have been vaccinated still can get the disease because the vaccine wears off after

"We are faced by an im-

pending catastrophe, a de-luge of disease. Until a cure

or a vaccine is found our

only hope is prevention.

If the spread of the dis-

ease is not arrested "it is

possible that within ten

years the elite in African

countries will be simply wiped out," he said, saying

that elites tended to be

more sexually active

although better educated.

words: Fidelity, abstinence

and protection. No one, no

religion, can quarrel with

He stressed that Islam.

Christianity and Judaism all

preached fidelity.

"The answer is in three

Prof. Bensliman said.

five million.

Scientists find alternative to bone marrow transplants

LONDON (R) — British scientists said they had pioneered a more effective and less traumatic alternative to bone marrow transplants in the fight against

certain cancers. Cancer Research Campaign (CRC) scientists in Manchester, England, said the technique involved a single transfusion of blood cells taken from patients before they are given inten-

sive chemotherapy. CRC's Scientific Director Gordon McVie said that the Manchester scientists had shown the way forward by

developing a technique which was extremely effective in re-arming the body to fight back after intensive chemotherapy.

It was used successfully in studies at Christie Hospital and the Paterson Institute for Cancer Research on more than 70 people with a variety of cancers including leukaemia, lymphoma, breast cancer and Hodgkin's disease.

"Following intensive che-motherapy for their cancer, these patients had a faster recovery of the infectionfighting white cells and of the platelets which prevent bleeding, said Derek Crowther, head of the CRC Department of Medical Oncology at Christie Hos-

Bone marrow manufactures the disease-fighting blood cells of the immune system. Its transplantation can he painful and there is a risk that bone marrow received from a donor may manufacture blood cells that wage a misguided attack on the body of the recipient.

Dr. Crowther said: "Patients also required fewer days in hospital following their intensive treatment. I believe this makes this approach an improvement on bone marrow transplantation because not only is it more convenient for the patient, it is also more cost effective." he said.

This could revolutionise the way therapy is given to many cancer patients. It also fulfill's two of the campaign's aims, namely to develop effective treatments and lessen the burden of treatment for patients."

Research shows abortion pill may The number of cases this several years. But they typiyear jumped 82 per cent over last year and 19 per work as male contraceptive CDC's National Immunisacally suffer a milder version tion Programme. Dr. Henderson said paof the cough and are misdicent over 1990, the last agnosed as having bronchirents and doctors have betis or an allergy, Hardy By Marilyn August In addition to the outcome too complacent about

The Associated Press

PARIS - The French-made abortion pill may lead to an oral contraceptive for men that would become active in a few seconds and could be taken right before sexual intercourse.

The effect of the male pill would also wear off quickly. said the developer of the abortion pill. Dr. Etienne-Emile Bcaulieu. "I can envisage a pill that can be effective for varying amounts of time - for one hour to one week to one

Recent test-tube experiments with human sperm show that the pill may work as a kind of "hormonal condom," according to Dr. Beaulieu.

He said Monday that preliminary testing on rats and monkeys will begin soon. Human testing is expected to start in two or three years.

"Clearly if something could immobilise the sperm and ideally was reversible, that would be a breakthrough," said Dr. Allan Rosenfield, dean of the Columbia University School of Public Health. He said he needed to see the study before commenting further, but described Dr. Beaulieu as

Male contraception has long been limited to the use of condoms, vasectomy or heavy-duty hormone treatments to prevent sperm formation.

"I'm extremely optimistic that a good contraceptive pill for men, without the negative side effects usually associated with hormone treatments, is just down the road," Dr.

(1987年) 1. 1. 1986年(1980年) 1983年 - 19

sler said.

Pulmozymc.

said.

"Although this new pro-

duct is not a cure for cystic

fibrosis, the clinical data

show that it can make a real

difference in the quality of life for many patients, FDA Commissioner David Kes-

"This is the first treat-

ment that specifically im-

proves lung function in cys-tic fibrosis patients." he

Dnase is manufactured

by Genentech Inc. of San

Francisco and will be mar-

keted under the trade name

Details of his team's findings was reported in the Jan. 4 proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences. An advance copy of the article was obtained by the Associated

Dr. Beaulieu conducted his research at France's National Institute of Health and Medical Research with Dr. Pierre Jouannet of the Bicentre Hospital in Paris.

Dr. Beaulieu said their research showed that the drug in the abortion pill. RU-486, as well as its chemical derivatives, prevent calcium from penetrating the sperm. Without calcium, sperm lose their mobility and cannot fertilise the

The findings were a major breakthrough for male contraception because RU-186 did not cause the negative side effects associated with other techniques that block sperm formation, according to Dr. Beaulieu.

Other methods involve the ingestion of Progesterone and Testosterone, natural steroid hormones. They take three months to become effective and three months to wear off. RU-186, or Mifepristone, is in a class of drugs called

They work in women by blocking or inhibiting the action of progesterone, essential for maintaining pregnancy, When combined with another hormone, Prostaglandia, the drugs cause an embryo to be expelled from the uterus.

Dr. Beaulieu said RU-486 also prevents the head of the sperm from changing form, also essential in fertilisation. However, he said more research is necessary to find out whether the pill has the same effect in men, who each produce 130 million sperm daily.

WEEKEND CROSSWORD

Africa fears it must fight AIDS alone

MAKING OUT . By James & Phyllis Barrick

ACROSS

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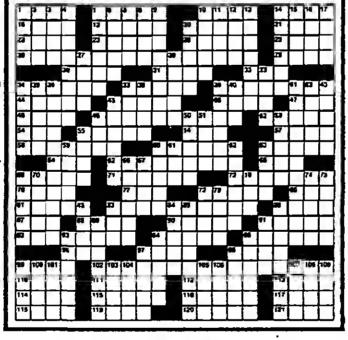
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Last Week's Cryptograms

When tipsy boxer mistook store mannequin's chipped eye for a filrty wink, he quinotically winked back.
 Lox and bagel costs one dollar at chesp deli — a big dollop of cream

cheese for an extra dime.

3. Of course, some mild discord in friends' discourse is no real of

CRYPTOGBAMS 1. PLN VLFW FRHV BHZIUR OFWNOWOLF WL

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GEAKKI JURL" BAEAUK BA AWGEADDMHU OH TWISTETH -By Ed Huddleson

3. BUGAN BRETAN LEGAT POW BUL HOLD EM EVA. QAKVA, LOXAA, LHU ZUKXY, EMQ E -By Duane H. McGogy

4. V MAIL XMIX LAXVLAY UPEXTAR EAHYPT LAXZLR XP XMAVL PHY EXITUVRN



Approval came following States. Scientists complete genome chart

PARIS (AFP) - French researchers have completed a chart of the "first generation of the human genome", an achievement that should speed up the process of identification of genes responsible for dis-

By Mike Feinsüber

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - The

food and Drug Administra-

tion (FDA) has unnounced

approval of a drug offering

the first new treatment for

cystic fibrosis in 30 years. The agency said it has

licensed the production of

the drug Dornase Alfa, commonly called Dnase, a

product of recombinant

Cystic fibrosis, un inher-

ited disorder, affects about

30,000 people in the United

DNA technology.

The French Academy recently published the results of rescarch leading to the creation of the "genome guide" which is to be made freely available to the international scientific community.

An account of the work by scientists Daniel Cohen, Ilya Chumakov and Jean Weissenbach was published in the Dec. 16 issue of the British scientific review Na-

The contents of the "physical chart of the first generation of the human genome" — the genome, a set of chromosomes, is a component which carries all the information necessary for the existence of life were placed in a data bank open from Dec. 15 to 31

prior to the publication of a 300-page printed version early this year. "This is only a first geog-

raphic chart, with imperfections, hut which covers almost 90 per cent of the еспоте.

The chart gives an overall view, with its imprecisions. just as Christopher Columbus's chart gave an overall view of the Earth, without the precision of mups supplied by satellites." Dr. Cohen commented. He helieved it would take

15 years to achieve a genome map of comparable precision.

"But we thought (this chart) was sufficiently good to help us speed up the identification of the genes of diseases and serve as a basis for the following stages," he added.

Glenn Evans, director of the Salk Institute Research Centre Into the Human Genome, said the chart represented a major advance for human genetics.

a six-month clinical trial of the drug involving 968 peoplc suffering from cystic fibrosis. Some were given a neutral placebo and some were given the drug.

"Daily doses of Dnase, when used in conjunction with standard therapies, re-duced the risk of severe respiratory tract infections by 27 per cent and increased patients' lung function," the FDA said.

U.S. approves new drug

for treating cystic fibrosis

But there were side effects: Inflammation of the throat, chest pain, voice alteration and laryngitis

No tests were conducted to test the drug's safety and effectiveness in children under 5 or in patients with less than a 40 per cent breathing function. Nor was the drug tested to see if it would be safe and effective for more than a year.

Genentech said the drug reduces lung infections by hreaking up the thick mucus accumulation that is the major complication of cystic fibrosis, which is the most common lethal inherited disease among Caucusians. There is no cure for it.

Cystic fibrosis is caused when a baby inherits a flawed gene from each pa-

rent. The disorder causes the buildup of dense mucus in the walls of the breathing airway and in the digestive tract. Frequent bacterial infections and eventual damage to lung tissue usually

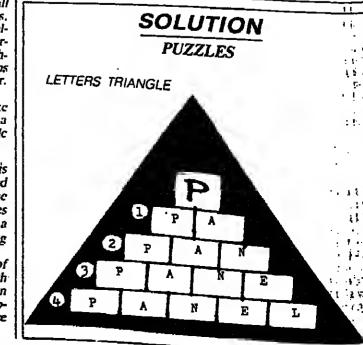
result. Dnase acts by dissolving the tangle of mutter from dead cells that accumulates in the lungs. It is inhaled through a device that converts the liquid drug into an atomised spray.

The drug thins and then liquifies the mucus, which then can be coughed up.
Michael J. Sevka, an

FDA doctor, has said that the long-term use of the drug is still not known.

Every child with cystic fibrosis faces a premature death sentence and each faces a quality of life that we would consider unacceptable. Robert J. Beall, executive vice president for medical affairs of the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation said.

He said the life expectan-cy for children with cystic fihrosis was once about five vears hut that patients now live until about age 29 because of improved treat? ment techniques.



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Gulf babies maimed at birth

By Simon Tisdail

WAYNESBORO, Mississippi Unusually high rates of birth defects, rare physical abnormalities, and life-threatening health problems are being detected in babies fathered by United States servicemeo who may have been exposed to biological or chemical weapons during the Gulf war three years ago.

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The children's plight is matched by what appears to be an abnormally high rate of miscariage and illness among Gulf veterans' wives.

The disclosures will raise fears that the "Gulf syndrome" - an unexplained, chronic, iliness which has affected about 4,000 U.S. and an estimated 500 British troops can cause genetic damage or has a viral component that has communicated it to the soldiers' families.

According to well-placed U.S. officials and congressional investigators, the problems of a growing number of "Gulf babies" born since the war range from rare blood diseases, severe respiratory disorders, and enlarged or underdeveloped vital organs to physical deformities such as fused fingers or club feet.

In most cases, there appears to be no family history of such problems; and children conceived by the same parents before the war were born bealthy.

The biggest cluster of cases discovered so far is in Waynesboro, a small town in southeastern Mississippi. Officials of the U.S. government's veterans' affairs department confirmed recently that 13 of 15 infants born since the war to members of a National Guard unit based there bave unusual and unexplained bealth prob-

The 624th Quartermaster Company, served in Saudi Arabia and Iraq from January to April 1991, and was twice under biological or chemical attack, according to unit members interviewd recently.

John Ellis said he recalled a big explosion near King Khaled Military City in Saudi Arabia, "It seemed like it was five or seven miles away but it

(Continued from page 1)

this week that the Kingdom

feared ending up "with sepa-

rate courses rather than

And while Dr. Anani was

willing to concede that these

separate courses are histor-

ically present because of

common interests, he feared

that lack of coordination

among the Jordanians and

Palestinians would create in-

ertia by making (the parties)

rivals and competitive in

dealing with Israel at the

In a statement he made

Tuesday, Syrian Vice Presi-

dent Abdul Halim Khaddam

referred to the compreben-

siveness of the negotiations

by saying "the concept of comprehensiveness cannot be

ignored (and has to come) in

coordination with Lebanon

Mr. Khaddam did not

mention the PLO as part of

the comprehensive solution

but criticised it for signing the

declaration of principles

(DoP) and predicted that

"Israel would emerge the

winner" as a result of this

The Syrians did not hide

their displeasure with Jordan

over the latter's agenda

agreement with Israel, which

was signed in Washington on

Sept. 14, not only because

they might have thought it

was a prelude to reaching a

separate peace treaty with

the Jewish state, but also

and Jordan."

expense of each other.

tracks.

knocked everyone down. We had an alert for chemical weapons," he said. The alert was one of several which commanding officers later called false alarms.

Dennis West, a sergeant in the Waynesboro unit, reported that an Iraqi Scud shot down by a Patriot missile scattered debris on their camp. He and others believe the Scud may have been what the troops called a "milkshake" - carrying chemical agents, nerve gas, and a virus.

Mr. Ellis and Mr. West are victims of the Gulf syndrome, and both have fathered children since the war. Jonathao Ellis, aged one, was born with dangerously under-developed lungs, according to his mother. Serena, and is constantly ill.

Mr. West's daughter, Reed. aged 22 months, was born with an identical problem and has repeatedly suffered from pneumonia and hronchitis, according to her mother, Ammie. Neither child was premature, nor had either mother bad a history of pregnancy problems or ill-health in the

Tracey West, the wife of another Waynesboro guards-man, said her son Jeremy, born last July, was diagnosed with a rare blood disorder. Her hushand, Jamie, has been unwell since returning from the

She said doctors told her after the birth that her blood type had changed from group O Rh-negative to O Rh-posirive, "The doctors said this can't happen. They couldn't explain it. I know it can't happen. But it has." Tracey and Jamie West have been told they cannot bave any more children.

The haby of Suzi McCarty. wife of another Waynesboro guardsman, was born with a deformed umbilical cord which had caused kidney damage to the foetus. Another woman, who asked not to be named, said her baby was born with a blood disorder. In both cases, their doctors told them the babies' conditions were extremely rare, they said.

Ron Kirkpatrick and other officials at the department of veterans' affairs medical centre

Sept. 13 agreement between

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa, at the

time, issued what was seen as

a warning to Jordan, but the issue was diffused soon after-

wards when King Hussein vi-

sited President Assad in

Damascus and reportedly

assured him that Amman

would not go it alone despite

all the pressures it faced from

the Americans and Israelis.

the PLO and Israel.

Jordan remains firm Similar reports of abnormalbecause it gave a diplomatic political cover for the

in Jackson, Mississippi, said they could not comment on the cause or on the coincidence of the Waynesboro Gulf habies' problems. Mr. Kirkpatrick said all the Waynesboro cases were under investigation.

But congressional sources said the main reason why an inquiry had been launched was that the constituency of Sonny Montgomery, chairman of the House of Representatives veterans affairs commutee, borders on Wayneshoro.

Mr. Montgomery said this month that the rate of illnesses among the Waynesboro habies was abnormally high. He also asked the national Centres for Disease Control in Atlanta to assist government and Mississipic state health officials to "document, analyse, and monitor the problems of Gulf veterans and their children." But while the veterans are now being registered, tested, and in some cases, treated for Gulf

All the Waynesboro women said their medical bills had mounted into the tens of thousands of dollars and many of them were in debt as a result.

syndrome, the government

provides no such assistance for

their families.

Last Monday, President Clinton signed into law a bill requiring the veterans affairs department to give priority attention and treatment to "veterans who may have been exposed...during the Gulf war to a toxic substance or environmental bazard."

The new law represented an advance for those who claim that biological or chemical weapons of toxic agents may have caused Gulf syndrome, but it makes not provision for wives and children.

The problems extend far beyond Waynesboro. Mr. Kirkpatrick revealed that the medical records of children fathered by members of an additional three Mississippi Gulf war units are to be examined for evidence of a pattern or common factor.

"Out of 285 men and women in the four Mississippi units, 54 have told us that they have had children since Desert Shield and Desert Storm," Mr. Kirkpatrick said. "Of that, 54, 36 have told us their child has some kind of health problem."

ly bigh rates of birth defects among the children of Gulf veterans are surfacing elsewhere in the U.S., but for the most part, they are not being formally investigated.

-In Alabama, 28 of 33 members of a navy reserve unit say they are suffering from the Gulf syndrome, the symptoms of which includes skin rashes,

fatigue. But according to Nick Roberts, a member of the Ala-hama unit, five of the men's spouses and several of their children are also the victims of unexplained and so far undiagnosed illnesses.

nausea, diarrhoea, cramps,

headaches, loss of memory and

Other cases of babies who have apparently acquired their fathers illnesses, perhaps generically, perhaps through a virus, have been reported in Texas, Iowa and California.

Meanwhile, Mrs. West of Waynesboro said she had identified or heard of dozens of cases of Gulf vcterans' wives who had suffered miscarriages, often late into their term, and after having had children in the past without any problem. Women in their early twenties, she said, were having Down's syndrome babies - a most unusual occurrence.

Mrs. West, who has organised the Waynesboro women, took on the Jackson veterans' affairs department at a meeting she called last month. "We wanted to talk to them about our problems," she said. "But they had a different idea. They gave us a slide-show about home loans.

"The meeting turned real ugly. There was about 250 peole there but the VA weren't listeoing to us. I think they were pretty shocked by the reaction. They apologised the

next day."
Mrs. West said her medical bills for Reed amounted to \$40,000 and her private insurance was running out. She had no idea what caused the Gulf syndrome or her child's illness, but she knew that "what's happening's not right."

"Some of the doctors have told us that if you're exposed to chemical toxins, that can change your generic make-up, change the cbromosomes somehow. If it's biological, it can be a virus. I don't know. 1. work in a bank!

"But what they don't realise is that when you get hold of a mother, you get hold of the wrong thing. The politicians ethink they can ignore the men. But when it's children; they: can't walk away. You don't mess with a mother."

Several Waynesboro wives said they did not trust the whole truth even if the cause of men - indentified in a con-

Gulf syndrome was eventually established.

Apart from biological and chemical weapons or toxic agents teleased by U.S. bombing of Iraqi targets, possible causes that have been named include toxins released by the oil fires in Kuwait, uranium depletion caused by exploding ammunifion, desert parasites and Pentagon-issued antinerve gas tablets.

The Pentagon does not officially recognise the existence of Gulf syndrome. Only last month it finally confirmed French and Czech reports that chemical agents, including nerve gas and mustard gas, had been detected in low concentrations in the Gulf region. But it maintains the readings were not produced by the use of weapons and were too low to be considered harmful.

Funds earmarked for Gulf syndrome research were included by the House of Representatives in next year's Pentagon budget. But the \$2.9 millioo was cut by more than three-quarters later in meetings behind closed doors.

Mr. Montgomery, whose committee will hold public hearings early next year on the Gulf syndrome and the Waynesboro cases in particular, is attempting to have the research cuts restored. The Pentagon's annual budget is abouit \$360 billion.

Britons show no evidence of syndrome

No evidence of "Gulf. syndrome has been fund among British veterans, the Ministry

of Defence says.

The ministry has been investigating the syndrome since Jermy Hanley, the Armed Forces minister, appealed in July to British veterans to come forward with their medical stories.

Ten men so far referred to the MoD's medical services as a result of the appeal have been found to be suffering from "recognised medical conditions unconnected with their service in the Gulf," a spokesman said. One other case has still to be assessed, and the ministry is willing to look at any further cases where the relevant symptoms - including headaches, rashes and hair loss - are unexplained. -

However., a' separate study

fidential database provided by Dr. Alastair Hay, of Leeds the charity Tact (Trauma University's department of Aftercare Trust) - asking if chemical pathology, said very they needed help, for example low concentrations of nerve with a war disability claim. Thirty-six bad replied. gas had been reported near the Saudi border, possibly follow-

factories.

Ammie West cradles her daughter: 'You don't mess with a mother'

The ministry is concerned about the U.S. allegations, because they are likely to alarm service families in Britain, and because one possible cause is depleted uranium anti-tank ammunition used by the army in the Gulf.

British tank crews were given no specific warnings about depleted uranium ammunition. Troops fired 88 shells of this type in action, and about 100 in training beforehand.

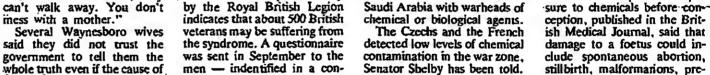
In the U.S. the latest evidence emerging from investigations by Senator Richard Shelby of Alabama focuses on the possibility of Iraqi Scud misiles have been fired into Saudi Arabia with warheads of

mature delivery or the birth of infants who are smaller than normal. But Dr. Hay said that, given that the troops had not become acutely ill in the Gulf, the

chance of transmitting defects ing the detonation of an ammunition dump, but it had through sperm was extremely not been confirmed that Scuds unlikely. Some medical probcarried chemical weapons. lems, such as stomach illness? The MoD reaffirmed that, could have been caused by despite a number of chemical drugs given as an antidote to warfare alerts, "there is absochemical atack, but more stulutely no evidence to suggest dies were needed, he said. In August, the U.S. Narional Academy of Science's Institute of Medicine concluded that chemical weapons were used by the Iraqis." Nor were

British troops exposed to harmful levels of chemical or that the Agent Orange des biological agents as a result of foliant used in the Vietnam allied bombing raids on Iraqi war, caused cancer in some veterans. The study reached no There is evidence that cerconclusions on birth defects. tain chemicals can damage sperm, and defects can be although they have been seen in animals exposed to Agent transmitted to babies. A re-Orange. An independent inquiry was cent review of paternal expo-

lemanded by David Clark, the: shadow defence minister. "I remain unconvinced that the government is taking seriously," be said - The



Jordan, PLO in crucial coordination talks (Continued from page 1)

Executive Committee members Mohammad Zuhdi Al Nashashibi and Yasser Amr and the Palestinian ambassador to Jordan, Al Tayeh Abdul

Officials and analysts here The King's meeting was pre-ceded and followed by the two believe that Jordan cannot forge coordination with Syria and that this was made clear in His Majesty's statement Tuesday when be said that he bad spoken about coordination with Syria, Lehanon and Egypt. "We have proven our commitment to work culture Minister Mohammad together. No one should be-

in this regard." But while the Kingdom is committed to coordination with Syria, politicians agree that Jordan could not respond positively to dropping the PLO from coordination efforts because "it is a complicated and intricate rela-

lieve that we will go it alone

tionship."
The King's virtual ultimatum to the PLO, while indica-tive of "tension" in relations between the two leaderships. can and should "serve interests of both Jordan and the PLO without hurting relations with Syria," one official

future coordination.

the principles and objectives," Dr. Tal said. "We are discussing the means and policies that could translate these principles into realities." Mr. Kaddoumi also re-

meetings between a high-level Jordanian delegation and the PLO team chaired by Dr. Tal and Mr. Kaddoumi. In addiclear basis." tion to Dr. Anani, the Jordanian side included Planning Minister Ziad Fariz and Agri-

Following the first meeting in the morning, Dr. Tal indicated that the two sides bad agreed on the principles of

Mahdi Farhan.

There is total agreement on

mained very general, saying that he agreed with King Hussein that "the relationship should be built oo a sound and Mr. Kaddoumi sought to

play down the differences There is no crisis," he said. "This is a family affair and

we have come bere to discuss all issues pertaining to the future of the one family."

work hecause we are approaching a very dangerous period and this explains King Hussein's recent statements and his desire to build relations on healthy foundations," he said. PLO officials have said that

the need to carry out joint

the organisation was seeking the postponement of the signing of the agreement until the formation of the national Palestinian authority. The officials have also said that the Palestinian side was hoping that the Israelis will agree to the setting up of a Palestinian central bank.

But sources in Tunis said on Wednesday that proceeding with practical economic arrangements with Jordan did not need to wait for the setting up of a Palestinian authority, and that the issue of a Palestinian central bank was still a subject of serious discussion in Tunis.

There was no confirmation by the PLO if it was ready to drop its demand for confederal relations with Jordan as a basis for present and future agreemeots. But PLO officials said that Mr. Arafat was seeking agreements that will lay the basis for a relatiooship on equal footing between Jordan and the future entity. The fact that Mr. Kaddoumi is the head of the Palestinian

delegation, is viewed as a positive sign since he understands reservations expressed by Arab governments about the Israeli-Palestinian accord and he himself has been critical of the failure of the PLO to coordinate with the other Arab

countries. Mr. Kadoumi himself was kept in the dark about the accord, and was not involved in the secret oegotiations in Oslo and did not sign it in Washington — although be is

the formal Palestinian foreign

Mr. Kaddoumi, a cofounder of the Fatch movement, bebeves that close coordination; with Arab countries, particularly with Jordan, was crucial lest the Palestinians would be left alone under Israel's mercy.

Mr. Kaddoumi represents a growing trend within the PLO that expresses deep fears that the accord could turn against the Palestinian and Arah interests onless there is close coordinatioo with the Arab

THE NATIONAL MUSIC CONSERVATORY/NOOR AL HUSSEIN FOUNDATION FORTHCOMING EVENTS JANUARY 1994

"There is a keen desire for

Wednesday, 12 January - 8:00 p.m. Flute & Piano Recital

M other and daughter ensemble Patricia and Julie Carter will present a special recital of American, Austrian, Polish and French art music on flute and plano. The program includes pieces by Schubert, Chopin, Poulenc, Copland and others. It will be a beautiful example of a musical family performing together to create a very special concert atmosphere. Violinist Mohammad Ali Abbass and cellist Ali Musa of the faculty of the National Music Conservatory will also participate in this fine concert. The Royal Cultural Centre - Main Theater

Ticket price: JD 5 In cooperation with Jiries Rihani and Sons Co.

Saturday, 15 January - 8:00 p.m. The NMC Chamber Ensemble

his ensemble comprised of five professional musicians who are also faculty members of The This ensemble comprised of the professional interests him and Armen Armenaldan (flute).

National Music Conservatory will be presenting a memorable recital. Armen Armenaldan (flute). All Shawki (clerinet), Mohammad Othman (piano), Mohammad Ali Abbass (violin/viola), end Ali Husseln Muse (cello) will be playing in various combinations of duets, trios and quintet groups to give a concert of wonderful quality and variety. In the program are pieces by handel, Bach, Haydn, Chopin, Khatchaturian and others.

The Royal Cultural Centre - Main Theatre Ticket Price: JD 5

Monday, 31 January - 8:00 p.m.

Cello & Piano Recital

his is the first of a series of concerts to be given during 1994 in cooperation with the Austrian Embassy and the National Music Conservatory. Florian Kitt (cellist) and Rita Medjimorec (planist) continue the Austrian tradition of producing some of the world's finest music and musicians. This recital will be a first for Jordan, and should not be missed.

The Royal Cultural Centre Main Theatre Ticket Price: JD 5 In cooperation with the Austrian Embassy.

TENDER'S NOTICE

The Directorate of Projects Services/Ministry of Education announces the retendering of the following tenders as part of the Education Sector Investment

Tender's No.	Title	Financed through:	Fees JD	Closing date
6/92	B.W. Computer	IBRD (3106-JO)	JD (50)	Monday Jan. 31st 94 (10:00 a.m.)
3/93	Wooden pallets & steel frames (local tender)	IBRD (3106-JO)	JD (100)	Monday Jan. 31st, 94 (10:00 a.m.)
13/92	Lah. Equipment	OECF (JO-P8)	JD (50)	Tuesday. Feb. 15, 94 (11:00 a.m.)
14/92	Audio Visual Aids.	OECF (JO-P8)	JD(25)	Tuesday. Feb. 15, 94 (11:00 a.m.)
15/92 ·	Sports Equipment	OECF (JO-P8)	JD (25)	Tuesday, Feb. 15, 94 (11:00 a.m.)
16/92	Arts & Craft W/Sh,	OECF (JO-P8)	JD (35)	Tuesday Feb. 15, 94 (11:00 a.m.)
17/92	Pre-Vocational Education Equipment	OECF (JO-P8)	JD(35)	Tuesday Feb. 15, 94 (11:00 a.m.)

Interested bidders are invited to collect tender's documents from Procurement Division of the Directorate of Projects Services/Ministry of Education, starting Jan. 5, 1994 against the payment of the above fees.

> Head of Special **Tenders Committee.**

Israel, PLO reach compromise

(Continued from page 1) the right to reject those coming.

The control of the crossings between Jordan and Jericho. and Egypt and Gaza has been a major sticking point and delayed the start of the Israeli withdrawal scheduled for December.

Jewish seminary at school site

Jerusalem's city council, under a new right-wing mayor, has taken the first step to turn a site carmarked for an Arab school into a housing for a Jewish seminary, a municipal

spokeswoman said. Palestinians fear the move may signal the start of a campaign by Ehnd Olmert to settle Palestinians in East Jerusalem.

Officials of the Beit Orot seminary on the Mount of Olives in Arab East Jerusalem moved seven mobile homes to the site under cover of darkness on Monday night, honrs after a municipal subcommittee approved the plan.

zoned for a middle school. The sub-committee for planning approved the Beit Orot Yesbiva's request to build housing on it," municipal spokeswoman Ruth Jaffe said.

She said the land was "privately" owned "by Jews who benefits of Jews and that Mr. Olmert supported the committee's decision.

more Jews among 150,000

"The site was (originally)

wanted the land used for the

Chairman of Tel Aviv Stock Exchange cautiously views '94

Aviv Stock Exchange index rose by 29 per cent last year but its chairman is taking a cautious view for 1994.

In his annual report. Haim Stoessel said: "Future developments in the stock market depend, more than in the past, on a mixture of political and economic factors that are not easily forecast.

The market's sensitivity to Middle East peace moves was illustrated in September when the signing of a self-rule deal betwen Israel and the PLO pulled it out of a five-month

Official estimates issued at the end of the year showed a 29.3 per cent increase in the general market index, which rose to 270.2 on a base of 100 set at the start of 1992. The Mishtanim index of 100 blue chip shares was up 17.1 per

cent. to 248.54. In 1992, the general index soared nearly 74 per cent and the Mishtanim index 79 per cent over the year after the government allowed pension funds to play the market for the first time.

Mr. Stoessel described 1993 as a year in which stock market activity reached new dimensions in Israel.
"In 1993, 186 new com-

panies offered their shares and the number of issues traded reached 1,140 from 777 at the end of 1992," he said. "These growth rales are un-

precedented when compared to the norm on developed markets and also to past years of growth on the Tel Aviv exchange, he pointed out. Daily volume rose 112 per

cent in 1993 to 357 million shekels (\$125.8 million) from 168 million shekels (currently \$56.4 million) in 1992.

The total worth of shares traded increased by 62 per cent to 146 billion shekels (\$49 bil-

lion). In all, 9.5 billion shekels (\$3.2 billion) was raised on the share market last year. About a third of the sum came from privatisations.

of trading in shares of partly

privatised Bank Hapoalim Ltd.

and Bank Leumi Ltd., the

country's biggest commercial

banks, boosted the market's

worth by 11 billion shekels

government sold shares and

options in Bank Leumi worth

500 million shekels (\$167.8

million). Bank Hapoalim

shares and options brought in

about 1.5 billion shekels (\$500)

But a second offering of a 10

per eent stake in Bank

Hapoalim flopped in Novem-

ber, causing the government to

delay a second Bank Leumi

offering scheduled for the end

of 1993. The government bought the banks after a 1983

shares scandal.

Market figures showed the

(\$3.7 billion).

"The tremendous increase in the number of companies listed on the exchange could continue in 1994 if there is no turn for the worse in the economic situation," Mr. Stoessel said.

Israel's gross domestic product grew by 3.5 per cent in 1993, according to official figures released last week. Unemployment, at 10.4 per cent, was expected to fall. Inflation, on course to top 11 per cent in 1993, was forecast to fall to

eight per cent. Mr. Stoessel said he was disappointed the government had not privatised more companies in 1993, such as the state airline El Al. Zim Shipping, Israel Chemicals and the Bezeq telecommunications

But the resumption in 1993

Turkish stocks may face new year hangover

ISTANBUL (R) - Istanbul's stock exchange rose an intoxicating 194 per cent in dollar terms in 1993, but Turkey's economic woes could give at a new year hangover, brokers

say.
"It's going to be a fluctuating year," said Ali Nezih Akyol, equity trading manager at Turk Ekonomi Bankasi

"There are too many risks," said Sami Erol, deputy chairman at Global Brokers, "There were rock-bottom prices in 1993 but now price/ earnings ratios have risen too

Buoyed by Prime Minister Tansu Ciller's support for capital markets expansion, the growth of equity funds taking advantage of tax incentives and a weak dollar, the 60-share composite index soared fivefold last year to finish at 20,682

The average price/earnings

ratio based on year-on-year company profits in June 1993 swelled to 25.75 from 7.4 at the start of the year.

Market capitalisation was 546 trillion lira (\$36.4 billion) at end-1993, against 85 trillion (\$5.6 billion) a year earlier.

The exchange passed another milestone when it launched partial computer trading in December. But brokers fear the heady

times could be over. They say investors could be deterred by worsening economic fundameotals and a perception that the government is unlikely to act firmly to correct them ahead of local elections in March.

Six months after Ms. Ciller took over the helm of the coalition government, the economy is skating on thin ice. The U.S. agency Moody's

has already said it may reduce Turkey's rating this month from a long-term BAA-3. It put Turkey under watch in October to examine the effect

of its yawning fiscal and trade deficits on credit risk. TEB's Akyol said a downgrading was unlikely to trigger

a stock market crash, but

would have unfavourable re-

percussions. Turkey borrowed \$3.8 billion in foreign bond markets last year, reducing its reliance on expensive domestic funds. But any credit downgrading could shift more funds to dolMoroce (R) Moroce (S10) Marines (M) Moroce (S10) Moroce (M) Moroce

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HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Take care of your rouring chores today and try to look on the good side of your situation without discarding anything of value that you may need later on. If you loan items, get a receipt.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) in the face of unexpected changes, it is possible now to realise what your true aims are and proceed in such directions.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You may feel that conditions are such that you can do nothing to improve them, but if you are more practical and friendly in your business and personal associations, much progress is yours. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You are very dynamic now and this evening you find that close tles will give you finest advice and benefits. Contact them early and also increase you circle of worthwhile friends.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Real pleasure can be yours if you go after it quietly, unobtrusively, but be sure you please the public and persons who are truly important.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) By getting together with friends who have your interests at heart, going off to some new sites together, you will get excellent ideas and advice that will mean real progress soon.

VIRGO: August 22 to September 22) It would be very wise to get advice from experts in your field of endeavor today. In the evening you have an opportunity to

help a loved one concerning something important.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Look to new friends for finest benefits from today's acti-vities. Business affairs should be handled during the day so that the evening is free for important dinners and personal aims.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You can keep well within you budget today and lonight and still get the important things you need. Also, take health treatments so that you can cooperate with associates more

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22) 10 December 21) This can be a very happy day and evening for you if you get together with pople you truly like and exchange ideas for successful pro-

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) By cooperating with family ties and doing whatever is in your power to please them, fine benefits will accure for you while establishing far more harmonious relations.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have every opportunity now to show others that you are well versed in whatever matters are at hand : . . . that you can go after current interest in the most modem way.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Financial affairs are your prime concern today, so be sure you get fine advice from experts in order to handle them adroitty. Set up a better budget.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You are going to need to work the angles and engineer others to do things that are important to your present circumstances if you are going to stabilise the efforts you have made for material

ARDES: (March 21 to April 19) Take care you get all tax, insurance, security matters handled wisely in the morning, later you can relax with a good friend who understand you and is loyal.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Resolve not to have an argument with an associate who temper and sultriness is equal to yours. Make it a point to take him/her to some charming spot for fun instead and save the day.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 2t) Be sure you prepare your tasks well before you tackle them or there can be damage and trouble later. Be careful with delicate

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 10 July 21) Be content with inexpensive pleasures today or you

can really lose money and get in the red if you follow extravagant LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Courtesy and gentillity with close lies pay big dividends today.

Strive for greater harmony in that important realm of your life. VIRGO: August 22 to September 22) Care while driving and in conversation with others is a

must today or there can be accienets and trouble. Stay home tonight reading your paper and studying whatever is important

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Monetary affairs should be of prime consideration today, so be sure you handle them properly. Be objective for best

SCORPIO: (October 23 'to November 21) Rely on logic and reasoning in today's activities, otherwise if you go by emotion alone you can get into trouble. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 feel that others are not giving

you the credit you deserve, take care you do not lose your temper with them or trouble will de-CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Sicer clear of that ally who could take his/her ire

out on you because tenstions are high. Keep busily occupied at your own tasks.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Take care to act. very circumspectly today or you lose preslige and the respect which others now hold for you interms of your success.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Take care you do not leave daily duties behind so that you can meet new people. It won't be worth the trouble. Be steady, then study into new outlet

Japanese banks dispose of \$19.5b in bad loans

TOKYO (AFP) - The vehicle set up by Japanese banks a year ago to absorb bad loans said Tuesday that it had acquired non-performing assets worth 2,202 billion yen (\$19.5

billion) since March. The latest figures announced by the Cooperative Credit Purchasing Co. Ltd. showed that banks were suffering even bigger losses on debt write-offs.

The agency said that it had paid 1,210 billion yen for 890 non-performing loans acquired since March, representing 55 per cent of their face value. But in December alone, the agency had paid only 105 billion yen for some 231 billion yen in bad loans, or 45 per cent

initial transactions conducted before March and 51 per cent in the six months to Septem-

The Yomiuri Shimbun reported Tuesday that bad loans at major commercial banks were 72 per cent higher than previously disclosed at almost

The leading daily said Hokkaido Takushoku Bank Ltd.. the smallest of II city banks. had non-performing loans amounting to 747 billion yen or 15 per cent of its annual lending, three times the average

ratio for all city banks. In addition to the Sept. 30 figure of 9.27 trillion yen already disclosed, the newspaper said the 11 banks had a further 5.7 trillion yen in bad of their face value. That compares purchases prices of twothirds of the face value in the debts, boosting the combined

total to 15.97 trillion yen. Hokkaido Takusboku, which had previously disclosed bad loans of 400 billion yen at the end of September, has already stopped lending to Kabuto Decom Inc., a realestate firm whose president was recently charged with

forgery.
The Sapporo-based bank plans to write off loans of 90 billion yen to Kabuto Decom and about 57 billion yen to a leasing affiliate, the Yomiuri

In a separate report, the Mainichi Shimbun said that the bank planned to write off more than 100 billion yen in the current fiscal year ending in March, covering the losses by selling shares and possibly real

The new taxes aim to build up - this Central Asian nation's hard currency reserves. partly so that the central bank can use hard currency to support the national currency, the

Uzbekistan uses an interim currency called the som coupon, which has been losing value against the dollar recent-

By Harris

"Our marriage counselor said we should do something outrageous once a week. So, let's watch Channel 5

instead of Channel 7!"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

By Henri Arrold and Miles Arrolden

WHAT THE PATRONS

BECAME

Now arrange the circled lettars to gested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: USURP ANISE TWINGE HANSOM Answer: What they called the birthday preparations -

THE RESTAURANT

(Answers tomorrow

ly. The government is pledged

lished in Narodnoye Slovo. the finance ministry ordered an increase in the prices of some basic foods in state-run shops.



Uzbekistan announces new taxes, raises food prices official Narodnove Slovo news-

TASHKENT, Uzbekistan (R) The former Soviet republic. of Uzbekistan has announced new corporate taxes and taised the prices of some basic foods

President Islam Karimov said in a decree that companies based in Uzbekistan and earning hard currency must pay 10 per cent of their income in tax to central authorities and five per cent to provincial or city

bodies. He also decreed that such companies must sell a further 15 per cent of their hard currency earnings to the central

The decree carried in the

Unscramble these lour Jumble: one letta: to each square, to for lour ordinary words.

REBET

PAKKO

WEABER

COAMIS

Print answer here:

THE BETTER HALF,

paper said the firms engaging in barter trade will also have to pay tax in hard currency. A government spokesman

the new taxes would be levied on foreign and joint venture

decree said.

to replace the coupon with a full national currency, also called som, at an unspecified later date.

Meat is to rise to 4,500 som a kilogramme from 3,000 som. Milk is to rise to 300 som per litre from 200 som, flour to 250 som a kilogramme from 76

It noted that the gover nment had previously promised that all food prices would he freed from Jan. 1. 1994.

Peanuts





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Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



1 Beginning with 5 Jewelry regal 10 Dash 14 Zhirago's love 15 Revolutional 20 Forsakes 21 Number

THE Daily Crossword by Charles R. Wooden

21 Number 22 — street 23 Grow weary 25 Neoraska in 26 Gotter 5 call 29 Container 32 Orient 31 AKA 34 Aromatic place at the series 32 — Magnor 40 — which is no in the



RABAT (R) - Morocco's

93.37 billion dirhams (\$10 bil-

lion) budget for 1994 will in-

clude tax cuts to stimulate eco-

"Among the objectives of

nomic growth, officials said.

our economic and financial

policy is a high increase in economic growth while main-

taining a low inflation rate.11

Finance Minister Mohammad

Mr. Sagou said he hoped to

keep the budget deficit below

1.5 per cent of gross domestic

Sagou told parliament.

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Japanese Yen
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Currency
U.S. Dollar
See East David

20

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Wednesdown

U.S. \$1.00 costs

One sterling

One ounce of gold

Cypriot Pound

1.3158/68 1.7335/45 1.9392/02 1.4785/95 36.04/08 5.8882/32 1693.3/4.8 112.75/85 g,2326/26

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Morocco's budget to include tax cuts

The chamber of representatives is expected to pass the budget by a comfortable majority in a vote by mid-January.

To encourage investors, taxes on companies and work-

ers will be cut. The maximum corporate tax rate on profits will be cut from 38 to 37 per cent and the highest income tax band will fall from 48 to 47 per cent. The tax-free floor for

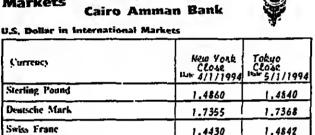
AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

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HOUSING BANK		5.700			
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S INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION	671,50%	3.380	3.500	3.450	

6,946,364 TOTAL

Financial

Jordan Times in co-operation with Markets



Dedecting istal R		1.73	,,	1.7300
Swiss Franc		1.443	30	1.4842
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		1.111	80	1.1167**
I SD Per STG. European Opening or 2500 a.m. C. European Cheming or 2500 a.m. C.			Date: 5/1	/1994
Currency	MTH			12 MTHS

Eurocurrency Interes	st Rates	'Date: 5/1/1994		
Currency	I MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	3.18	3.31	3.37	3.75
Sterling Pound	5.31	5.25	5.12	4.93
Deutsche Mark	6.00	5.68	5.50	5.06
Swiss Franc	4.00	3.90	3.68	3.50
French Franc	6.43	6.06	5.68	5.46
Japanese Yen	2.31	2.00	1.90	1.75

Sterling Pound	5.31	5.25	5.17	4.93
Deutsche Mark	6.00	5.68	5.50	5.06
Swiss Franc	4.00	3.90	3.68	3.50
French Franc	6.43	6.06	5.68	5.46
Japanese Yen	2.31	2.00	1.90	1.75
Europeau Currency Unit	6.31	6.15	5.87	5.38
Interbunk hid rates for amounts exc Central Bank of Jordan I				

	Date: 5/1/1994			
Currency	Bid	Offer		
U.S. Dollar	0.7050	0.7070		
Sterling Pound	1.0435	1.0505		
Deutsche Mark	0.4056	0.4076		
Swiss Franc	0.4746	0.4770		
French Franc	0.1194	0.1200		
Japanese Yen	0.6224	0.6255		
Dutch Guilder	0.3628	0.3646		
Swedish Krona	*****	*****		
Italian Lira*	0.0415	0.0417		
Belgian Franc	*****	*****		

	The second secon	The state of the s
Belgian Franc	*****	*****
Per 105 Other Currencies	Date: 5/1/1994	
Ситевсу	Bjd	Offer
Bahraini Dipar	1.8570	1.8800
Lebanese Lira*	0.040675	0.041785
Seedi Riyal	0.1875	0.1885
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.3100	2.3650
Qutari Riyal	0.1910	0.1923
Egyptjan Pound	0.2050	0.2200
Omani Riyal	1.7980	1.8240
UAE Dirham	0.1910	0.1923
Greek Drachma'	0.2765	0.3185

1.3415

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

7.4865/15 6.7620/70 \$1.4863/73 \$394.30/394.80 Canadian dollar

1.5785

workers would be raised from 15,000 to 18,000 dirhams a

year (\$1,580 to \$1,890). The value added tax rate applied to tourism and banking told parliament. will be cut from 14 to seven per cent and will eventually be

phased out altogether, the Ministry of Finance said. ances from Moroccans working The treasury plans to collect 11.72 billion dirhams (\$1.21

billion) in indirect tax revenues in 1994, Mr. Sagou said. A privatisation programme covering 112 state-owned con-cerns, launched in 1993, is expected to garner 3.5 billion dirhams (\$364 million), he added.

The government plans to

borrow five billion dirhams (\$520 million) domestically and 12 billion (\$1.25 billion) abroad The budget includes public investments worth 19 billion dirhams (\$1.97 billion), or 6.7 per cent of DGP, to be in-

veasted mainly in education,

health, agriculture and energy.

increase in 1994 and reach \$3.8 billion, the equivalent of six months' imports," Mr. Sagou

Morocco's main hard currency earners are tourism. phosphate exports and remitt-

A Casablanca think tank, the Centre Marocain de Conjoncture, forecast an economic growth rate of up to eight per cent in 1994. The economy grew by 0.6 per cent in 1993. The opposition has crincised

Mr. Sagou's new budget,

saying it would not encourage growth.
"It contained no new elements for economic growth," said Souhail El Maati, a university professor of economics and a member of parliament for the USFP-Socialist Party. "The budget resources are not enough and the government forecasts are not based on

strong economic grounds."

Lebanon plans new power stations, looks for Syrian gas

non plans to building two 450megawatt power stations and one of them could be supplied with Syrian natural gas, Water and Electrical Resources Minister Elie Hobeika said

Tuesday. The clan is the latest in a series of projects by the Lehanese authorities to rebuild and develop the country's infrastructure which was damaged during the 15-year civil war that ended in 1990.

while said that several international firms have submitted offers to take part in the threeyear construction project. "Natural gas from the area around Homs (northeastern Syrian) could be brought by pipeline to the Tripoli region (in northern Lebanon)," Mr.

Hobeika told AFP before leav-

Electricity officials mean-

ing for Damascus for talks with

Syrian officials. He said the power plant, which will have a combined cycle to use fuel or gas, would be built in northern Lebanon near the border with Syria at an estimated cost of \$400 mil-

Initially it would supply electricity to northern Lebanon

and the easiern Bekaa Valley. But the plant's production capacity could be increased to supply electricity to northern Syria if Damascus were to supply natural gas and take part in the financing of the project, Mr. Hobeika added.

Last month the Arab Petroleum Investment Corporation granted Syria a \$65 million loan aimed at expanding a gas field in Jbeisse, northeastern Syria, to supply power sta-

Under the deal the Jbeisse field will produce 2.7 million cubic metres of gas per day. more than twice the current daily production of 1.2 million

cubic metres. Syria and Lebanon signed a cooperation and coordination treaty in May 1991 to strengthen relations in various sec-

In September the two countries signed four agreements covering bealth, transport,

economy and agriculture. The Lebanese authorities recently issued conditions for the construction of the plant as well as another 450-megawatt power station to be built in south Lebanon, the head of the state-run electricity office.

Muhib Itani, told AFP. Several international constructors submitted for tenders but 11 firms from Japan, Bri-

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AMMAN - JORDAN

IN THE NEAR EAST

tain, Germaoy, France, Italy and Canada have been conselected for the three-year construction project. Mr. Itant-

He said that relection was made by the state-run Council . • for Development and Recon-. . struction, the international ... branch of the French electricity ... authorities as well as the World Bank which journey carried out :- : the feasioility study.

Mr. Itani said that Lebanon was hoping to produce more than 2,000 megawarts by the year 2,000.

Current production by five. power and hydraulic stations : I nationwide stand at 700 mega-.-. watts "although theoretically." they should be producing 1,400 :megawatts to meet the country's needs." Mr. Itani added.

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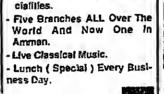




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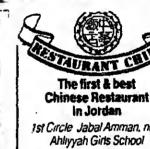
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Bosnia fighting shadows peace talks

SARAJEVO (R) - Bosnian rivals fought across their beleaguered republic Wednesday, accompaining the contrast hetween the desire for peace voiced at talks in Austria and the stark reality on the ground.

"I'm afraid we have to tell you that what we find on the ground is very different from what we have in the negotiations." Lord Given told reporters as Bosnian and Croatian negotiators began a second day of lalks in the Austrian capital.

"On the granted, the evidence is that the forces are continuing to fight each other in central Besnia... The movement into central Bosnia of the Muslim forces continues, and also the movement of Croatian forces," he added.

We do not see any evidence unfortunately of the war itself stopping - rather the con-trary. It a ppeared that the Muslim forces are attempting to take territory like Busovaca and Vitez." Lord Owen added. referring to encircled Creatian enclaves in the strategic Lasva

Muslim-controlled Bosnian Radio reported shelling of Muslim strongholds of Zenica and Turla north el Sarajevo Wednesday and of all front tines in the central Lasva Valtey, including Gornji Vakuf and Stari Vitez, Tuesday.

Bosnian Muslim leaders bave recently warned they would take the Lasva Valley by force if some 65,000 Crost residents did not withdraw,

Croatian radio accused the Meslims of massing 55,000

troops in the area and Croatian officials issued veiled warnings last week that it could send reinforcements to the aid of their ethnic kin if the Muslim

offensive were not balied. But the U.S. envoy to the United Nations. Madeleine Albright; warned Croatia Wednesday to stay out of the Bosnian war or face economic

In Vienna Tuesday, both sides at the talks played down that threal, But Lord Owen said it would be a serious escalatison of the conflict if Croatia - which already contributes covertly to the Croat side in Bosnia - openly engaged in the war.

The Vienna talks between two uf the three warring parlies are seen as a vital preliminary to the resumption of fullscale pence negotiations in Geneva on Jan. 18, when the dominant Bosnian Serbs are scheduled to join in.

Bosnian Prime Minister Haris Silajdzic and Croanan Foreign Minister Mate Granic, whu met for five hours at Vienna's imperial Hofburg Palace Tuesday, resumed their discussions Wednesday after aides took rolled maps into the

Both sides said Tuesday's talks had been constructive but added that the toughest issues - the drawing of internal borders and the Muslim demand for access to the Adriatic coast controlled by Croatia - still lay before them.

Bosnia's Muslim-led government and the government of

and attacks on their families."

NEWS IN BRIEF

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) - The African National Congress

ongoing violence in black areas. Residents of Johannesburg's

eastern townships said trouble between rival SDUs had been

simmering for some months and had boiled over last weekend

with the murder of a unit commander, allegedly by a rival

SDU, the Star newspaper reported Tuesday. Three more SDU

members were killed in apparent retaliation, the Star said.

ANC spokesman Obed Bapela said gangsters had infiltrated

SDUs operating in the Katlehong township. "resulting in malicious rumour-mongering and character assassination of local leaders and members of the SDUs, leading to murder

SYDNEY (AFP) - Units of the Australian army were

brought in to belp exhausted volunteer firemen fighting a

losing battle to control bushfires which had claimed three lives

up to late Wednesday, authorities here said. Volunteer Norman Joho Authes, 45, became the second bush firefighter

and the third person to die in the fires after he was engulfed by

fiames as he tried to cut down a hurning tree just before

midnight Tuesday. The accident happened at a nature reserve

on the appropriately named Mount Horriole near Bathurst in

the easiern state of New South Wales in which some of the

worst bushfires for 25 years are still raging. More than 50 fires

raging throughout the state Tuesday had mushroomed by

Wednesday to more than 70 with a large number out of

NEW DELHI JAFP) - More than 8.100 people have been

killed and 3,300 homes, offices and schools destroyed by fire in

Kashmir since 1990 when a Muslim secessionist drive turned violent, the Indian government said Wednesday. The state-

ment on the violence linked to the five-year-old separatist

compaign in the northern state was the first aunouncement

since Monday when talks between archrivals India and

Pakistan on Kashmir ended in stalemate. The Indian govern-

ment said 1,080 people had been abducted in Kashmir ey

Muslim guerrillas since 1990. It said 2,400 Muslim insurgents

had been shot dead by Indian troops and 2.250 civilians had

died, of whom 835 were hit by stray bullets during gunbattles

between Kashmiri rebels and the security forces. The survey

did not reveal the exact number of casualties among the tens of

thousands of troops deployed to crush the Muslim insurgency.

ANGLEY, Virginia (R) - President Bill Clinton vowed

Tuesday to "stand by" the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

which some critics want to scale back or scrap now that the

cold war is over. On his first visit to the spy agency's sprawling

campus-like headquarters since he took office nearly a year

ago. Mr. Clinton seemed to go out of his way to show he bore

no grudge over intelligence analyses that have complicated his

job in some hot spots like Haiti and North Korea. "While

much of your work is sensitive and cannot be discussed

publicly. I know what you do. I value it, and I respect you for

doing ir." he said. Last year, the intelligence community

circulated a disputed and unflattering psychological profile of

exiled Haitian President Jean-Bertrand Aristide at a time that

the administration was seeking to build support for him. More

recently, the CIA and other intelligence agencies said in a

classified assessment that North Korea probably had de-

veloped one or two nuclear bombs. This deepened Mr.

Clinton's dilemma as he tries to reach diplomatic accord with

Pyongyang on nuclear inspections white also fulfilling his pledge that "North Korea cannot be allowed to develop a

Yeltein aide quits to slf in Duma

Clinton yows to 'stand by' CIA

control, a Bush Fire Service spokeswoman said.

8,100 killed in Kashmir since 1990

ANC to crack down on rebel units

Croatia agreed Wednesday to 'make firm efforts" to prepare a ceasefire implementation plan for all frontlines in central Bosnia and to halt all military activities.

A joint statement issued by Mr. Silajdzie and Mr. Granic said the plan would be put to a summit meeting in Bonn Satur-day between Croatian President Franjo Tudjman and Bosnian President Alija Izethego-

Frastrated by their impotence in the face of continued tigbling in former Yugoslavia. major Western nations seem prepared to pull their U.N. peacekeeping troops out this year — despite potentially dire CORSEGUERCES

Canada joined a growing number of Western nations that have issued warnings that they will not keep their soldiers in Bosnia indefinitely if the fighting does not stop. France called for tougher

international action in response to the almost daily humiliations suffered by United Nations peacekeeping troops in Bosma.

Meanwhile, fighting be-tween Bosnia rivals using small arms, machineguns and mortars broke out in the Serbbesieged Bosnian capital Sarajevo Wednesday, local reporters said.

Since the start of the week, 23 people have been killed and more than 80 wounded in heavy shelling of the capital.

Bosnian State Radio Wednesday reported heavy front-line fighting around Vogosca and Zuc, to the north and east of the city, where mainly-Muslim troops were re-ported to have fought off several Serb infantry assaults in the past 24 hours.

Sarajevo was without electricity and water Wednesday and the U.N. Protection Force said it would take days to repair transmission lines downed in the fighting. Sarajevo Airport was closed

shortly after noon after al least one mortar bomb landed on the tarmac, a United Nations official here told Reuters. A source at the international

Committee of the Red Cross said one of its planes was sitting on the runway unloading when shells began falling in the area. The U.N. official said there were no casualties. A French U.N. peacekeeper

shot dead a Bosnian Serb sniper in Sarajevo on Dec. 25 after the Serb fired at his commander, former President Valery Giscard D'Estaing said Wednesday.

Mr. Giscard D'Estaing, who was in the Bosnian capital at the time of the incident, defended the shooting as a legiti-mate act of self-defence.

The newspaper Ouest-France, which reported the incident earlier Wednesday, said it was the first time a French soldier serving with United Nations peacekeeping forces in Sarajevo had killed a sniper.

But the French commander U.N. forces in former Yugoslavia, General Jean Cot. said the shooting was not an isolated incident.

Army claims control in Mexico uprising

SAN CRISTOBAL DE LAS CASAS, Mexico (R) - A bloody rebellion in southeastern Mexico appeared to be losing steam Wednesday as hundreds of armed peasants melled into the mountains and the army said it was regaining control.

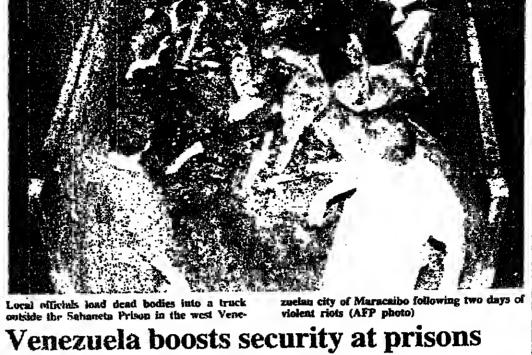
A government spokesman told reporters that army units had regained "virtual control" taken by insutgents from the Zapatista National Liberation Army during a five day rebellion that has killed at least 93

The rebels, who had vowed to light to the death for the return to their ancestral lands. were nounded late Tuesday with rockets and machine gun fire by units of the Mexican Air Force while army units continued to pour into the area,

Eloy Cantu, a senior Interior Ministry official, told reporters that sections of the southernmost state of Chiapas, where the rebellion began. were not yet "secure" but that life in the region was rapidly returning to normal.

"We have retaken virtual control of four of the towns that were occupied in the early hours of Saturday," Mr. Cantu said at a press conference in San Cristobal De Las Casas. the second city of Chiapas.

The Interior Ministry earlier said six towns were captured hy the rebets but it has since changed its count.



CARACAS (R) - Venezuelan officials fearing further bloodshed bousted security at ail prisons Tuessity after 10 people died in a mass prison escape ann a day aftet at least 107 inmates died in a "hellish" riot in another institution.

Forty inmates holred from one of Venezuela's largest prisons carly Tuesday through a 118-foot (36-metre) tunnel they had due under the facility. Nine of their, were killed in the attemnt along with a National Guardsman, officials said.

Security forces fanned out in the communities surrounding the Tocoron Frison, 120 kilometres southwest of Caracas, to find the escaped convices and captured nine of them during the day.

Tocoron jumates had sought to use as a discission a Monday flot and fire that killed at least 107 prisoners in Maracaibo, 520 kilometres west of Caracas, who were harned and hacked to death by immemade coulo rise at Maracaibo's Sabancta Prison as police continued their search of the facil-"An intensive process of

Aniyar said the death toll

identification is under way, but a good number of corpses are unidentifiable and, over time, they will deteriorate more, she told Reuters. Dora Bracho, director

general of prisons with the Justice Ministry, said security was boosted at prisons across Venezuela to prevent similar escapes and violences.

Prisoners at Sabaneta were being transferred to other de-lention centres while 3,000 anguished people waited outside its gains to learn the fate of family members inside.

Some bodies found at Sabancta, described as a bat-tleground of "mafias" using terror and violence to control the sale of food, drugs and even weapons, were reduced to "charted pieces of meat"

decapitated. "It was horrible. They were killing each other," one surviv-ing inmate told Venevision Television. "I saved myself by jump down onto another floor. If not, I would be dead."

"It was a catastrophe. It was hellish," said another, "I've

never seen anything like it."

The riot was ignited when rival gangs, one of them composed of Guajiro Indians, began fighting with makeshift knives and firearms in an apparent bid for control of the

The Indians, reportedly seeking vengeance for the murder of one of their members. locked enemies in a prison area and set it on fire, an unidentifieil National Guardsman told reporters. Monday's rampage in Sabaneta was the third uprising in two days at the prison. where officials appeared to have had difficulty controlling two smaller riots. The National Guard put down Monday's

1993 was pop star Whitney Houston, whose album, The Bodyguard sold 5.3 million copies and carned more than

S67 million. Following on Houston's heels was rhythm and blues singer Jackson, who sold 4.1 million copies of Janet. The year's third bestselling album was Kenny G's Breathless, which sold 3.5 million copies. Fourth best were grunge rockers Pearl Jam. whose VS. sold 3.5 million copies.

Michael Jackson keeps low profile

LAS VEGAS, Nevada (AFP) — Singr Michael Jackson has dropped out of sight again af-ter surfacing briefly in this city of glittery stars and high rollers. Jackson arrived Thursday at the Mirage Hotel flanked by bodyguards and in the company of former junk bond king Michael Milken and Mirage chairman Steve Wynn, according to a source who spoke on Jackson, who is facing childmolestation charges in Los Angeles, spent two hours. Saturday afternoon at the MGM Grand Hotel's theme park and was "heavily disguised." said hotel spokesman Tom Bruny. He attended Barbra Streisands' concert Saturday at the MGM Grand where he was whisked out by bodyguards and police just as the show ended. It was not known if Jackson has headed back to his ranch near Santa Barbara. California where he has been staying in seclusion since he cancelled his Dangerous tour and returned to the United States last month.

Caught hook, line and sarong

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Villagers caught a jobless man and handed him to police after he tried to lift the sarong of a sleeping woman with a hook and line from the roof of her house, the New Straits Times reported Wednesday; The woman screamed and villagers m the central Malaysian state of Perak nabbed the man as he tried to flee. He was carrying a large metal hook and line, and police later found more hooks at his house nearby. Police classified the case as "outraging the modesty of the woman." The newspapet quoted a police spokesman as saving the man would usually put on a mask, climb on the roof of houses and lower a hook to lift the clothes of sleeping women. Some of his victims were injured, the spokesman added.

Roseanne Arnold says she worked as prostitute

NEW YORK (AP) - Television star Roseanne Arnold said she worked as a prostitute and serviced customers in the back seats of cars between jobs while she struggled as a come dian. "I fell powerful, she said in the February issue of Vanty Fair magazine. "And in cortrol. ... I think prostitution should be legal, because the

(ANC) vowed Wednesday to crack down on its rebel self-defence units after fighting between rival bands was knives, official, said. blamed for triggering violence in South African townships east of here. At a press conference Wednesday, an ANC spokes-· Zulia Stale Governot Lulita rampage. and at least one inmate was man acknowledged that there were "undisciplined elements" in some of the Self-Defence Units (SDUs) — informal attend groups set up around the country in 1991 in response to 1 killed in shooting on Bhutto rivals

LARKANA, Pakistan (AFP) At least one person was killed and six wounded when police litted Wednesday on sercial hundred supporters of Murtaza Bhutlo, the brothet of Prime Minister Benazit Bhutto, near the family's ancestral home here, hospital and police"

sources said. Police claimed demonstralors had opened fire first.

The crowds had gathered at the family's Al-Muilara residence in Larkana to take part in ceremonics marking the both anniversary of the birth of Zulfikar Ali Shutto, former Pakisian leader and founder of the ruling Pakistan People's Party, who was lianged in 1979 after a military coup. Fearing clashes between riv-

al Bhutto family lactions. police had cordoned off the

MOSCOW (AFP) - Former

Georgian President Zviud

Gamsakhurdia who rebelled

against his successor Eduard

Shewardi wize has committed.

suicide, hit wife Manana was

quoted by Interfee as caying

Mr. Garnakhmaha's wile.

Action stars

premises and set up check points in the city to prevent Murtaza's backers from teaching the graveyard where his father is harried until after Benzait Bhutto had paid her

Muttaza, who was failed in November on charges of terrorism during the 11-year reign of the late General Mohammed Zia-Ul-Haq, was refused patnle to visit the grave by a Karachi court.

A slogun-chanting crowd suddenly umerged from Al-Murtaza, where Benazir Bhutto's estranged mother Nusrat Bhutlo was staying, and tried to march to the grave site 17 kilometres (10 miles) away. witnesses said.

Another group from the city tried to link up by fotcing their way through a police barricade

police opened fite only after they were fited on by demonstrators, an allegation denied by sources close to Nusrat Her spokesman said the premiscs came under a hail of bullets" and witnesses said

de around the residence.

The senior superintendent of

police, Bashir Memon, said

numerous bullet marks could be seen in the gate and walls of the house. "The incident was worse than anything experienced in the darkest days of Zia-Ul-

Haq," said one of her supporters. Earlier Benazir Bhutto had

visited her father's grave under tight security. Police ringed the graveyard

within a radius of 20 kilometres (12 miles).

Gamsakhurdia has committed suicide — wife brief civil war and was replaced rival's arrest.

vardnadze. The fugitive leader spent 18

who was in the Russian Caucasus Republic of Chechnya. said he killed I miself on Dec-31 fa a way Coarman village that was surrounded by gove-

Cranical theory. Mr. Camadanidia, 53, was ousted in familiary 1992 after a three months later by former Soviet Foteign Minister She-

months in exile in the capital of Chechnya, Grozny, before returning to lead a rebellion against Mr. Shevardnadze in September 1993.

Georgian government troops managed to quash the tebellion in western Georgia last fall, enjuring Mr. Gamsakhurda 's main stronghold of Zugtlidi, and Mr. Shevardnadze issued a warrant for his Mr. Gamsakhurdia, a hu-

man rights activist and former Soviet dissident, rode a wave of nationalism in May 1991 to become Georgia's first democratically-elected presi-But opposition forces

charged that he was leading the country towards dictatorial rule with his tight control over the media and a controversial law that prohibited "insulting the president."

wants more cooperation with West Zhirinovsky ROME (Agencies) — Russian ultra-nationalist Vladimir had no intention of forgang fies for the first time next week.

Zhirinovsky said Wednesday he wanted to cooperate more with the West and that he was the victim of a stur campaign by the media. "We are the Liberal Demo-

cratic Party in Russia and we aircady have a good rapport with the West," Mr. Zhirinovsky told Italian state radio. Our strategy is oriented towards improving that rela-tionship with Western nanons.

Mr. Zhirinovsky, leader of the extreme-right Liberal Democratic Party (LDPK), has frequently advocated restoring a Russian empire extending as far south as the Indian Ocean.

neighbours.

with extremist groups on the right or left in Lurope. He said the media wanted to paint him as an anti-Semite and war

monger.
"Journalists have written that I am au anti-Semite. That is absolutely false. My party is against any type of discrimination." ne said.

They will do anything to mar the intege of the party in the eyes of their readers, accusing an either of anti-Semidish or even of Zionism." The LDPR leader said the

media had misinterpreted statements he made in Vienna las: month about Russia's alleged "superbomh" which newspapers said Mr. Zhirinovsky had claimed was capable of destroying Europe.

A statement by the party said such an amnesty would be a "New Year present" and "a step on the road to consolida-

tion of society," TASS said. The spokesman noted that numerous political and economic activities which were illegal under Soviet Communist rule had been decriminalised since it collapsed.

He said the LDPR also favoured calling off the prorracted trial of top Soviet officials over a failed 1991 Kremlin coup, and dropping charges against people involved in a blood rebellion against President Boris Yeltsin last Octo-

Mr. Zlurinovsky has said Russians should put behind society.

pressing readiness to meet with Mr. Zhirinovsky.

"I find Klaus Kinkel's offer 10 meet with Zhirinovsky disconcerting," said Peter Hintze, the secretary general of the CDU in an interview published in the daily Berlin newspaper

"Il would be a grave error to minimise or even worse to politically boost (Zhirinovsky) by organising public discussion with him or by inviting him for a television dehate. 'No reasonable political

official should allow himself to he tempted.' he added. Mr. Kinkel said Monday that he would be willing to-

meet with Mr. Zhirinovsky. "Personally, I'm not scared of talking with him." Mr. Kinkel a following in Russia."

> way any society treat prostitutes reflects directly how it treats the highest, most Amold, the star of the television comedy series Rosemie, said she worked as a prostime to support her children

The party's success in Dec. them the bloody October We can't deny the fact MOSCOW (R) - Mikhail Poltoranin, one of the most 12 polls when it won about a "Russia still has the military that based on the number of events in which at least 147 cootroversial figures in Russian politics, has quit President means to defend itself," he seventh of the new parliavoles he gamered he does have peopel were killed and concen-Boris Yeltsin's service to take up his seat in parliament, said. "But I never and that we ment's scats, stunned the politrate on healing divisions in ITAR-TASS news agency said Wednesday. He was one of six had the intention of attacking tical establishment and sent Mr. Zhirinovsky threatened members of the presidential administration that Mr. Yeltsin shockwaves through Russia's His party cinerged unex-Germany with "a third world any enuntey." formally relieved of their duties so they could sit in the State war" after his visa application Mr. Zhirmovsky's party said pecterily as the single biggest Duma, the lower house of the parliament. Mr. Polloravin, 54, Mr. Zhiripovsky bas made Wednesday a vas proposing was turned down. On Monday faction with about a seventh of a leading advocate of radical economic and political reform. an armeris for coopie con-victed of a filling real consesome efforts since his pary's he sought to correct his state. the 450 stats in the lower has long bean a hate figure for Mr. Yeltsin's conservative chamber if State Duma after electoral success to project a ment by telling a German tele. enties. Widely known as a "drinking buddy" of the 62-year-old last mouth's perliamentary more moderate image, but mic crimes show 1985 vision station that he was "a president, he has wielded considerable influence from within made headlines last week when A spokesmen for LDPR cicctions friend of Germay," the administration. His latest post was head of the Federal In Betlin, Chancelor Helmut ennirmed a tepert by ITARhe was expelled from Bulgaria He is expected to submit Information Centre, which oversaw Russia's newspapers and and refused an entry visa by TASS news agency that it had Kohl's Christian Democrane another visa application folbroadcasting media. The centre effectively disappeared in a German authorities. prepared a draft amnesty delowing an invitation to attend a Union (CDU) criticised Forereorganisation of the administration's media branch Mr. Zhirinovsky described ign Minister Klaus Kinkel Wednesday for recently excree for discussion by Russia's congress of European far-right announced last month. his party as centrist and said it new parliament, which meets parties in Cologne next month.

Valley of central Bosnia.

Pretoria links Cape

Town killers to Transkei

JOHANNESBURG (R) -South Africa Wednesday directly linked the killers of four people at a Cape Town pub to the Transkei black homeland, one of Pretoria's most vocal opponents.

"Investigations have estab-lished a direct link between the perpetrators of the Heidelberg Tavera surcity and the territory of the Transkei," Law and Order Minister Hernus Krie!

Mr. Kriel said the weapons used in Thursday's stract on the tavern by black gunmen, in which three women and a man were killed, were "identical" to those used in the massacre of 12 worshippers at St. James's Charen in the city in

He said it was essential for the matter to be orgently taken up by the multi-party Transitional Executive Council (TEC), monitoring South Africa's transition from white to

majority rule.

Mr. Kriel, cailing for a joint investigation by the South African and Transkei police. said he wanted the Executive Council to advise him on how to deal with suspects "who take refuge in independent states.

Transkei, which South Africa has previously accused of harbouring guerrillas of the Azanian People's Liberation Army (AFLA), the armed wing of the radical Pau Africanist Congress (PAC), is one of 10 apartheid-created black homelands due for reincorporation after the April 27

Mr. Kriel said investigators had found the lieidelberg Tavern attack and other attacks "could well have been planned and executed from the Transkei. Dries Van Heerden, spokesman for the TEC set up in

dent F.W. De Klerk's white

government during the run up

all-race election.

to the election, said the TEC would probably discuss the matter when it met in Pretoria next Tuesday He said he doubted whether the council, which is dominated by the ANC would be called into session earlier, "but it depends on the gravity of Mr. Kriel's complaint and the

decision of the (TEC) management committee. Transkei's military ruter Major-General Bantu Helomisa told Reuters by telephone he had not been informed by South Africa of any breakthrough linking the homeland to the Cape Town killers but welcomed the issue being

brought to the TEC. "That body, the TEC, will handle the matter soberly. I don't have any objections to that. If Hernus Kriel facts we are not cooperating they must go to the TEC, I am glad they are going to the TEC. I think that is a good move on his part," he said.

Grammy nominees NEW YORK (R) — Pop stars Whitney Houston and Janet Jackson are good bets to be on the short list of this year's Grammy Award nominees, a prestigious honour that does not always translate into increased record sales. The 81

Houston, Jackson 🐔

categories of Grammy Awards

- a wide spectrum that in-

cludes pop, rock, jazz and clas-

sical music - are supposed to be based on "quality in the art of recording," according to a spokesman for the National

Academy of Recording Arts

and Sciences, whose members

vote on the winners. Names of

the nominees will be released

Thursday at a ceremony in New York's historic Apollo

critics snipe that the Grammy

Awards pay more attention to commercial success than artis-

tic achievement. As a practical

matter, the best gauge of a

performer's chances for a

Grammy is their showing at the

cash register. By that standard,

the easiest way to handicap

probable Grammy nominees is

by taking note of their sales

performance in the year just

past — between Oct. 1, 1992

and Sept. 30, 1993. Leading

the pack in album sales for

lead likely

napol serve Turing here Turing and 13,000 cm perfect adve Botish for Her Ferguson's

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Her first hali-an

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Her first hali-an , gruce header Rrace lieses with Ryan Cities with 12 perfect free will will see free of the control of the cont

Theatre that will be simultaneously conducted in Los Angeles. The 36th annual bare se awards ceremony will be held at New York's Radio City Music Hall on March 1. But Clough iespi id Raddock sav die uith ju in the second second in abstrue Su habites his firs: mand by the at site first to Foster was let in

> s Sciencichel h. au seconds lat Imomer alia ind smed the pass great the game ide sent quarie i Buc sneaked no defenders nesd or head atteless after Ca gred over a hau ions from the on the 20th nothced a magne in rathing Wi sin inflorance a

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LIVERPOOL (Agencies) — English champions Manchester United and former premier club Liverpool served up a six-goal classic here Tuesday that earned a standing ovation from a packed 43,000 crowd.

It was the perfect advert for action-packed British football - yet Alex Ferguson's premiership were left kicking themselves after leading 3-0 inside the first half-an-hour only to be pegged back by Graeme Souness's never-saydie side.

A Steve Bruce header, followed by a Ryan Giggs wonder goal and a perfect free-kick from Denis Irwin all within a quarter of an bour of each other-seemed to bave secured the points at Anfield.

But Nigel Clough responded with a double before the break.

The Neil Ruddock saw that justice was done with just ten minutes to go, thundering home a bullet beader to make it 3-3 after substitute Stig Inge Biornebue had floated over a cross with almost his first touch of the game.
The first half proved a clas-

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sic, punctuated by the five goals, non-stop action and total commitment.

As early as the first minute Robbie Fowler was let in after a long shot bounced to him of a defender but he fired over when it looked easier to score.

Peter Schmeichel had to dasb out seconds later to smother another attack as Liverpool upped the pace but United turned the game on its head in the next quarter of an

First Bruce sneaked in between two defenders in the ninth minute to head down past Grobbelaar after Cantona had chipped over a harmlesslooking cross from the left.

Then in the 20th minute Giggs produced a magical moment after catching Wright in possession following a loose back pass from Jamie Red-

The Welsb international. under pressure from the backpedalling Wright and Ruddock chipped a glorious sbot over-Grobbelaar from the leftur corner of the box to make it

Liverpool were clearly stunned - but things got even worse four minntes later when-Irish fullback Irwin bent an unstoppable free-kick over the defensive wall and into the top left-hand corner.

At 3-0, the home side looked doomed to a thrashing, but the game took a new turn just a

Midfielder Clough, latching

bettering Heidi Voelker's time by one and a half seconds.

Everton's Mark Ward (No. 7) rushes to intercept Eddie Newton of Chelsea during the match

which Chelsea won 4-2 (AFP photo)

onto the ball 30 yards out, produced a dipping snappshot which curved away from the keeper and ricocheted in off the base of the right post for

his seventh goal of the season. Then, seven minute from half time, Clough did it again, charging on to a lose ball in the area and drilling the ball into the left corner with Schmeichel stranded.

There was still time for Giggs to totally miss the ball five yards out with Grobbelaar grounded after an earlier and Fowler to net, only to have the goal disallowed after a foul on right back Paul Parker.

The second half was marked by a string of fine saves. Grobbelaar keeping out Giggs in the 62nd minute with a full-length save to his left and Schmeichel responding with an equally

good stop seconds later. Grobbelaar produced another fine block to keep in the game. Edging a Roy Keane drive, around the post, after Eric Cantona had picked him out with a fine ball from the

Incredibly, Liverpool had 14 shots during the 90 minutes while United outdid them with

Afterwards Ruddock described it as the greatest game

he had ever player in. Celebrating his second goal in successive games, the defender said: "We were all over the place in the first half hour but we re-found our shape. "To get back after being 3-0 down against the champions shows how much potential we

"Clough's first goal gave us a glimmer of hope and we thought we could win at half time. The atmosphere was unbelievable - it's the greatest game I bave ever played in." In other Tuesday evening

action, Newcastle pipped Nor-wich 2-1 with an 80th minute goal from scoring sensation Andy Cole - his 28th of the season. But the fans were more worried about chanting their

opposition to Everton's reported poaching attempt for the Canaries' manager Mike Walker. "There's only one Mike

Walker," they chorused. Club Chairman Robert Chase has threatened legal action if Everton approach the Norwich boss after being refused permission, but Walker bas indicated a desire to talk with Everton and may yet be tempted with a "double your

money" pay package. The opening goal came after four minutes when Ruel Fox tricked John Beresford and pulled his cross behind retreating defenders for Mark Bowen to volley his fourth goal of the

Newcastle hit back with a surprise 20th minute Peter Beardsley equaliser after a

one-two with Lee Clark, the former England international skipping past Gary Megson to

Cole hit the woodwork twice while Beardsley glanced the post before the winner.

Everton's headlong drop towards the relegation zone of the English Premier League continued Monday when they lost 4-2 at Chelsea for their fifth successive defeat.

The only comfort caretakermanager Jimmy Gabriel could take from his side's latest setback was seeing them score for the first time since Dec. 4.

It was revitalised Chelsea's third successive win after their own 11-match run witbout a victory ended last Tuesday. Two goals from Mark Stein and one from Craic Burley and Neil Shipperley gave the West London club all three points.

Third-placed Arsenal failed to make much headway on the leading pair when they were held to a 0-0 draw at home by Queen's Park Rangers. Arsenal's arch-rivals Tot-

tenbam lost for the third time their four-match holiday programme when they went down 1-0 at Sheffield Wednesday. Mark Bright scored the only goal after five minutes.

In another Sbeffield-London encounter, West Ham drew 0-0 with relegation-threatened Sbeffield United, who have now failed to score in seven of their last eight matches.

Sampras ousted in 1st round by little-known Moroccan in Doha

DOHA (AP) — Pete Sampras, the world No. 1 ranked tennis player, was knocked out in hte first round of the \$525,000 Qatar Open Wednesday by little known Karim Alami of Morocco.

Alami, ranked 204th, pulled off the stunning upset by prevailing over the American in a tense battle 3-6, 6-2, 6-4.

"I had already made a flight reservation to leave Doha tonight when I found out I was due to play Sampras," said the 20-year-old from Casablanca, who entered the competition via the pre-tournament qualification playoff.

"When I saw the draw 1 thought to myself that it would be a good experience for me and a good opportunity to play him. He made a lot of mistakes and I played great today."
Sampras said later he had let

victory slip through his fingers.
"I let him off the book. I didn't play well at all. I had the match under control, but for a set and a half my serve just vanished," said Sampras, who served up a total of eight double faults in the match.

"This is not the way I wanted to start the year off, but he is a crafty player who played well. It can be difficult against a manwho you have never come up against before.

The first round match had been held over from Tuesday because of a slippery surface caused by an unusually high humidity levels. Sampras had been leading 3-1 in the first set.

The American ace, who earned a staggering \$4.5 million last season compared to Alami's meager \$33,000, breezed through the first set.
He broke Alami in the first

game of the second set and then held to lead 2-0. But then the Moroccan came back and broke Sampras three times in succession.

The long-shot challenger gained confidence when he took the sixth game of the second set with a sweep drop shot that left Sampras struggling at the back of the court. Alami won the set when Sampras served up a double fault.

In the final set, Sampras drew first blood by breaking to lead 3-2. But his opponent hit straight back saving three break points to even the match

Both players held serve until Alami was leading 5-4: Sampras then cracked, giving the young Moroccan two match

But he only needed one. Sampras smashed a forehand into the net to hand the match to the Moroccan.

"I played great tennis to-day," said Alami, who goes against Paul Haarhuis of the Netherlands in the second round. "This victory is a present for my father who was

Sampras meanwhile vowed to bounce straight back from

"I'm very disappointed but upsets happen every day in sport. Today it happened to me," he said. "I played well enough to win. I just didn't (win). Some days you just come up short which hasn't happened too often over the last few years.'

He added: "But I will workjust as hard as I did last year when I won two Grand Slams.

can do it again and I'm. looking forward to winning another one."

Croatia's Goran Ivanisevic was forced Tuesday to oattle all the way to reach the second round of the Qatar Open, as three seeded players tumbled out of the tennis tournament on the second day.

The No. 4 seed Cromian star took almost two hours to defeat Japan's Shuzo Matsuoka 6-4, 0-6, 6-4.

No. 5 seed Marc Goellner of -Germany lost to Holland's Jacco Eltingh 3-6, 6-7, (7-3), No. 7 seed Andrei Cherkasov of Russia went down to Germany's Karsten Brausch 1-0, 6-3, 4-6, while No. to seed : Javier Sanchez of Spain also lost in the first round to Siefun Pescosolido of Italy 4-6, 2-6.

Going through to the second. round is Frenchman Olivier Delaitre, who defeated quali-, fier FernonWibier of Helland 7-6, (7-2), 6-2.

French Catar Henri Leconte round, deteating qualifier and fellow countryman Frederic Vitoux 6-3, 6-2.

Medvedeva advances in Australian hardcourt

BRISBANE, Australia (AP) -Third seed Natalia Medvedeva advanced to the third round of the Australian Women's Hardcourt Tennis Championship here Wednesday and then described playing in the middle of the day as a crime.

'It's realy a crime to play in conditions like this," the 22year-old Ukrainian said after beating Belgian Sandra Wasserman 6-4, 6-4.
On court temperatures have

risen to 55 degrees Celsius at times and bave forced two players to retire with heat exhaustion.

"It's very dangerous for the players. Something should be done about the schedule at least," Medvedeva said. Bnlgarian top seed Mag-

dalena Maleeva has also ques-tioned the sanity of having to play in such pressure-cooker conditions. Women's Tennis Associa-

tion rules, which allow for play to be delayed under extreme conditions, only relate to the air temperature. But because the rubberised rebound ace surface retains the heat, the temperatures on-court are often much higher. Players have even had to

change their shoes to cool their However, Australia's Michelle Jaggard-Lai kept her

cool to upset 14th-seeded Mexican Angelica Gavaldon in the second round. The 24-year-old, wbo

reached the semifinals last year, beat Gavaldon 6-2, 7-6, winning the tie-break 7-5 on her fourth match point.

Muster ousted

In Adelaide, South African Grant Stafford beat top seed Thomas Muster in the rain-hit second round of the Australian Men's Hardcourt Tennis Championship Wednesday.

Stafford, ranked 86 in the world, upset the super-fit Austrian 7-6 (7/3), 4-6, 6-4 to advance to Friday's quarterfin-

Three lengthy rain delays caused the match to be the only one completed in the day session and Muster, the world No. 9, became the fourth seeded casualty

Czechs reach Hopman final as Australia falter

PERTH, Australia (R) — The Czech Republic stayed on course to become the first nation to win the Hopman Cup team tournament twice by beating Australia in the semi-finals Wednesday.

The top seeds, were, again well served by Petr Korda who saw off the gallant challenge of Wally Masur 4-6, 6-4 to to give his country an unbeatable 2-0 lead after the singles. Jana Novotna had already

won her first singles match in four attempts at the event, outclassing Nicole Provis 6-2, 6-2 in 55 minutes. The Czech pair will now meet either Germany or Austria in the final

Korda turned his match with Masur around in typically dashing style after switching to a lighter racket at the end of the first set.

"Wally played well in the first set, but I felt like I was sleeping," said Korda, still suffering the after-effects of jet-lag. "I'm improving right now, which is important with the final and Australian Open to

Masur broke Korda's serve four times in the one hour-51-minute encounter, but could never quite force the world number 12 totally on the back foot. "Chances, were pretty slim.

Today he came back a gear and : made certain he made the big ! shots," said the Australian. Novotna was scarcely recog-

nisable from the different figure who lost in straight sets to " Manuela Maleeva-Fragniere :-24 hours earlier. She looked a level above :

Provis who had beaten her 6-1. 6-4 on the same court last year. and was able to reel off 10 ? games on the trot on her way from 2-1 down in the first set to 5-0 up in the second.

Her serve was particularly impressive and she had delivered four aces by the time a one-sided match was over.

"I played a very solid match ... and didn't give Nicole any. thing," said Novotna. Her . opponent was philosophical. "Some days they go in, some days they go out. Today they all went out," Provis said.

Compagnoni giant slalom hat-trick

MORZINE, France (AFP) -Italy's Deborah Compagnoni needed some heart-stopping skiing to beat Austrian Anita Wachter and notch a World

Cup giant slalom hat-trick here Wednesday. Wachter, the World Cup champion, had been lying second to Compagnoni atter the first sun, and looked the favourite when she clocked

lmin 7.16sec on the second -

WITH OMAR SHARE & TANNAH HIRSCH

Neither vulnerable. South deals.

BAST

♦ 7632 ♥ 9

3 • Pass 3 ° Pass 6 ° Pass

NORTH ♣ K J 10 ♥ Q J 10 7 ♦ Å 10 8 4

SOUTH

The bidding: South West North East Page

Opening lead: Three of Q If you're a perennial finesser, your chances of landing aix hearts

on this deal are about 75 percent. If you're a sound technician, you can

increase those odds to almost 100

percent if trumps break 2-1, without

stroying other chances if they're

WEST

4Q95 ∇K4 ○K953

₽ Q 10 7 4

GOREN BRIDGE

sewn up when Compagnoni was clocked two tenths of a second outside the Austrian's time at the intermediary stage.

But Compagnoni made up nearly half a second during a storming run on the lower half of the course to finish in 2:14.47 -- 0.27sec ahead of her

South, respectively. North's jump to three clubs showed a heart fit and asked partner to bid a singleton.

Three hearts asked for aces and four

winning the ace, most players would take a losing finesse in trumps, then try to divine which defender held the queen of spades. On a good day

they might even guess right. Corn did not have to rely on inspiration. He woo the diamond lead with the ace and ruffed a diamond. Next

came the ace of hearts and, even though both defenders followed low,

the slam was now a virtual lock. The

king of clubs served as an entry for another diamond ruff and after

cashing the ace of clubs, a club ruff

was the link to the table to ruff the last diamond. With the minor suits eliminated, declarer simply exited

with a trump. Whichever defender

won would either have to break spades, picking up the queen for declarer, or yield a ruff-shift.

What if trumps were 3-0? In that

event Corr like the rest, would have

had to guess the location of the

hearts showed three of five, with the king of trumps counting as an ace. West led a diamond and, after

It was her third victory after Tignes, here in France, and Victory looked to have been Veysonnaz in Switzerland.

Voelker, from the United States, finished 1.8sec of the pace. She had managed to set a fastest time despite finishing the last 20 feer with only one ski stick.

Sweden's Pernilla Wiberg. who has had one win, two thirds and a second place this erm since coming back from injury, was fourth-fastest on the first run and was leading in the second when she fell spec-

Bike rider dies in Paris-

PARIS (AFP) - A Belgian motorbike rider was killed on the Paris-Dakar Rally Wednesday. Michel Sansen, aged 30, fell at high speed from his BMW bike in Mauritania.

killed in this year's event. Over 30 people bave been killed in the rally's 14-year history.

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Dakar rally

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left-wing groups. German Soccer Federation 3 bedrooms roof, 3 bathrooms, large guest, dining and

The DFB planned a special

BONN (R) — German and English soccer officials will meet later this month to decide whether to go ahead with plans for a friendly international in Hamburg in April on the anniversary of Adolf Hitler's

birthday.
The Germans have already given up hopes of staging an under-21 game against England in the city the day before the April 20 friendly because they feared clashes between right-wing extremists, using the match to celebrate the former dictator's birthday, and Hamburg's large number of

(DFB) General Secretary Horst Schmidt said Tuesday meeting with Hamburg officials, who are worried about security, and English Football Association (FA) chiefs to discuss the possibility of crowd

trouble. We bave received a letter from the English federation and from left-wing groups who are expressing concern about the match," Schmidt said.

A spokesman for the English FA in London denied sending the DFB a letter regarding the cancellation of the match but confirmed that discussions with

the DFB would be continuing. Schmidt added: "Later this month we plan to meet Hamburg officials and it is proposed that the English will be rep-

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Germany England match may be moved or abandoned

"The left-wing groups in Hamburg believe it will be very difficult to avoid trouble if right-wing extremists come to the match.

Hamburg council spokes-man Peter Eleich said the city's security de artment was worred about the match in the . Volksparkstadion on the outskirts of the city.

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queen of spades or bet on the club finesse. The anction shown is by French atemationalists Michel Lebel and Michel Corn, sitting North and Tel.: 677420 CONCORD CONCORD '1' ASSASSIN Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

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Welcome arab summit

Russia issues new warning over opening NATO to East

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Russia issued its sternest warning vet to the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) and the West Wednesday, asserting that any moves to admit Moscow's former allies into the alliance would jeopardise the end of the cold war and upset the balance of power in Europe.

In a statement, the Kremlin dismissed multiplying requests for NATO membership from East European states and former Soviet republics as "unconvincing" given Russia's democratic transformation, but said the applications. nonetheless "worried" President Boris Yeltsin.

The statement was issued a day after Lithuania became the first former Soviet republic formaily to ask to join NATO and the text made clear it was directly related to that move. Expanding NATO, especial-

ly to countries immediately bordering Russia. 'will trigger a negative response from Russian public opinion" and "will contribute to a growth of undesirable ideas in civilian and military circles," the statement

This was viewed as a clear allusion to anti-Western feeling already on the rise in Russia amid electoral gains by extreme nationalists and likely to be exacerbated by a perception

BONN (Agencies) - The

German government Wednes-day formally asked Iran to

spare German engineer Hel-

mut Szimkus, who is awaiting

the death sentence for alleged-

ly spying for Iraq, foreign

ministry spokesman Martin

He said that Bonn also

hoped tht Mr. Szimkus, 59,

would be freed soon, after

being held in prison for four

Iranian Prosecutor-General

Abul Fazl Mussavi Tabrizi said

in Tehran earlier Wednesday

that Iran's supreme court had

Mr. Tabrizi said the decision

could be overturned only by

Iran's spiritual guide Ayatollah

Ali Khamenei, but no such

request had yet been made.

by his lawyers in April to have

been sentenced to death, but

Tehran authorities had offered

no information about him since

January last year, when they

Mr. Szimkus had been said

against Mr. Szimkus.

Erdmann said.

among Russians of further political and military isolation. Opening NATO would also "lead to military and political destabilisation in a region crucial to the destiny of the world, said the statement.

which was issued by Mr. Yelt-sin's spokesman, Vyacheslav

Russian: military and political leaders have already made clear their opposition to expansion of NATO, but Wednesday's statement was particularly firm and came as the Atlantic alliance faced mounting pressure to extend security

guarantees eastwards.
Mr. Kostikov said President
Yeltsin expected NATO leaders, meeting for a summit next week, to take a clear stand on the issue.

The unexpectedly swift and strong Russian reaction highlighted the dilemma of NATO leaders who already face membership bids from countries such as Poland and Hungary but fear that taking them on board would antagonise Mos-

The question of whether and when to expand the organisation will dominate next week's

Mr. Yeltsin said in Brussels last month that Russia considered unacceptable any extension of the alliance to include

Bonn asks Tehran to spare

German sentenced to death

deliberating his sentence.

said the supreme court was

Mr. Tabrizi said the sent-

ence had been issued before a

visit to Tehran last month by German Deputy Justice Minis-ter Rainer Funke.

German Foreign Minister

Klaus Kinkel, who visited Mr.

Szimkus in jail while he was justice minister, has appealed

to Iran on the engineer's behalf, as did his predecessor Hans-Dietrich Genscher.

A German businessman.

Gerhard Bachmann, who was

jailed on Oct. 9 in Iran for

illegal contacts with the armed

on Nov. 4 after an intervention

The German government

said it had requested a pardon

from Iran immediately after

the sentence was announced

and was making it clear to Iran

that it would not be happy if

the sentence were carried out.

"Germany is the only West-

ern industrialised nation that

hasn't isolated Iran and they

by Mr. Kinkel.

former Warsaw Pact members.

The anxieties of Russia's East European neighbours have been heightened by last month's strong election showing by the party of ultra-nationalist Vladimir Zhionovsky, who advocated the restoration of a Russian empire.

Mr. Kostikov's statement said Moscow respected the right of independent states to join international organisa-

But he criticised the "bloc psychology" of the would-be NATO members. Russia's embrace of democracy and its new military doctrine ruled out aggressive tendencies in foreign policy, and their motives and arguments were therefore unconvincing.

Lithuania's Baltic neigh-bours supported its position. All three countries of the region regained their independence in 1991, half a century after being annexed by Soviet dictator Josef Stalin.

"When our time comes, we'll do the same thing." said Gunars Meierovics, Latvia's state minister for relations with Baltic states and Nordic coun-

But he said by telephone from Riga it would not make sense for Latvia to apply now because, unlike Lithuania, it still had up to 20,000 former Soviet troops on its territory.

would not be in their interests

Asked whether Germany

took a position on whether Mr.

Szimkus were guilty of espion-

age, Mr. Erdmann said: "We

have no proof one way or the

gineer Helmut Szimkus has

been finalised by the highest

court of Iran and he was sent-

enced to death on charges of

spying," Mr. Tabrizi told a

Mr. Tabrizi's announcement

the verdict was carried

state-run Tehran Radio and

the official Islamic Republic

details in the case. Mr. Tabrizi did not

announce a date for carrying

Mr. Tabrizi said Mr. Funke

has asked for elemency for Mr.

Szimkus, but the request has

out the death sentence.

not been forwarded

He refused to give any more

Tehran news conference.

News Agency

"The case of German en-

to carry out this sentence.

said Mr. Erdmann,

other.'

NEWS IN BRIEF

U.S. praises peace negotiators

OSLO (R) - U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher praised two Israeli and Palestinian negotiators and urged them to keep pressing for a peace accord, Norway's foreign ministry said on Wednesday. Uri Savir. a director general with Israel's foreign ministry, and senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official Ahmad Qurea are now in Norway to receive a Norwegian honour for their efforts to help sign a deal on Palestinian self-rule. "I am certain that they will continue their efforts to see that the agreement now gets implemented and lays an essential building block for a just and lasting peace,"
Mr. Christopher said in a letter to Norway's foreign ministry.
The letter added: "I can think of no two individuals who have worked harder during the course of the past year for peace, and for the achievement of real reconciliation between the Israeli and Palestinian people.

israei gives cash to help collaborators

TEL AVIV (AFP) — The government has given the Shin Beth security service a special budget to help Palestinian collaborators fearing retribotion once the autonomy plan goes into effect, the daily Haaretz said Wednesday. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin has authorised the creation of the budget to help some 2,000 collaborators and their families. They will be evacuated from areas of the Gaza Strip and Jericho which come under Palestinian control, or rehoused far from their native villages.

Weizman to visit Turkey this month

ANKARA (AFP) — President Ezer Weizman will make the first official visit by an Israeli head of state to Turkey, from Jan. 24-27, a government statement said Wednesday. His talks with his host, President Suleiman Demirel, will cover the development of bilateral relations in all sectors and international and regional problems. A number of agreements will be signed, particularly covering economic matters, the Turkish Foreign Ministry said.

Tehran sees 'new israei' in iraq

TEHRAN (AFP) - A semi-official Iranian newspaper on Wednesday warned against the establishment of a Kurdish state in northern Iraq as a plot by Western countries to create a "new Israel." The English language Tehran Times predicted that the West's "hatred" for Iraqi President Saddam Hussein would prompt it to recognise the self-proclaimed Kurdish government in northern Iraq. The leader of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK), Jalai Talabani, "has been designated the control of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK), Jalai Talabani, "has been designated the control of the con nated to implement the plot," it warned. "The creation of a new Israel in northern Iraq could seriously jeopardise the territorial integrity of all countries in the region," it added,
The paper called for close cooperation between Iran and
Turkey and consultation with Syria and Iraq in a bid to
"thwart the Western ploy."

Lebanese member of parliament dies

BEIRUT (AP) - Abdullah Rassi, a Greek Orthodox physician-turned-politician and a minister in several previous governments, died Wednesday, He was 65. Dr. Rassi died of cancer in the Hotel Dieu Hospital, a spokesperson said. His was the first death of a deputy in the current 128-member parliament since its installment last summer as interior minister in 1987, Dr. Rassi narrowly escaped death when a bomb exploded in a military helicopter carrying him and the late Prime Minister Rashid Karami from the northern port of Tripoli to Beirut. Mr. Karami was killed, but Dr. Rassi suffered minor facial burns. Dr. Rassi had represented the northern province of Akkar in the house of deputies since roment will have to call a hyseat in the half-Christian, half-Muslim assembly.

Two Ethiopian opposition jeaders freed

ADDIS ABABA (AFP) --- Two leaders of Ethiopia's Oromo Liberation Front, who were arrested when they returned from exile to attend a conference held by the opposition in December, have been freed, officials said Wednesday, Leneho Leta and Ibssa Goutema were released on Tuesday after they gave a written undertaking to the justice minister "to work peacefully for the transition" in Ethiopia, state radio reported. They were among eight exiled opposition figures arrested on their return to Ethiopia to attend the peace and reconciliation conference organised here last month. The OLF claims to represent the Oromos, one of the largest of Ethiopia's 80

Sudan gives nationality to Copts

KHARTOUM (Rt - President Omar Hassan Al Bashir has ordered that about 1,000 Copts in Sudan be given Sudanese nadonality, an official newspaper reported on Wednesday. Al Ingaz Al Watani said General Bashir issued the directive during a meeting he held with a delegation representing the Copts, headed by the head of the Coptic Church in Khartoum, Bishop Daniel. Another official newspaper, Al Sudan Al Hadith, quoted Gen. Bashir as saying the government served all Sudanese regardless of their religion or beliefs. The paper said Gen. Bashir directed that all Copts denied Sudanese nationalilty hy previous governments should receive it.

PLO team in Riyadh for funerai of envoy

AMMAN (R) - A high-level Palestinian delegation has arrived in Rivadh to attend the funeral of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) envoy, officials in Amman said Wednesday. PLO officials said the team was headed by Salim Zanoun, acting head of the Palestine National Council (PNC), and included Intisar Al Wazir, wife of slain Fateh commander Khalil Al Wazir, and Abbas Zaki, a senior aide to PLO leader Yasser Arafat. They left Amman late on Tuesday to attend the Wednesday funeral of Subhi Abo Karsh, the PLO's ambassador in Riyadh, who died early on Tuesday of cancer. Mr. Abu Karsh was a founder of the mainstream PLO faction, Fateh.

Juppe to visit Egypt next week

PARtS (AFPt - French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe will make an official visit to Egypt on Jan. 12 and 13, his spokesman Richard Diique said Wednesday. He will have talks with the country's senior authorities. Mr. Duque said. Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak visited France at the end of October and French President Francois Mitterfand spent Christmas in Egypt.

Guit torce to be 15,000 to 17,000

BAHRAIN (AP) - The joint rapid deployment force of the Saudi-led group of Gulf countries will be doubled from 8,1000 to 15,000-17,000 to reach the strength of a division, the secretary-general of the ailiance said Wednesday. The boostine of the force was significant because it gave a concrete signal that Gulf states are intensitying their military evoperation. But the expanded force still would be no match for the armes of Iraq or Iran, and would not have been sufficient to prevent the incusion of Kuwait in 1990. It was the first time that officials have openly given the present and proposed strength of the air, land and sea force litst formed in the mid-1988 by Saudi Arabia, Kowart, Qatar , Bahrani, Oman and the United Arab Emmates. The force, named Peninsula Shield and based in the Sandi northeastern region of Half Al Batin, was ineffectual when the Iraqu forces stormed across the borders of Kinvait on Aug. 2, 1990. To date, it had been said to be 10,000-strong "Raising the strength of the Peninsula Shield Force from 8,000 to 17,000 is no doubt a good step, said Sheikh Fabent M Qassum, the secretary-general of the Gulf Cooperation Council, in statements circulated by Bahrain's official Gulf News Agency.

House votes to reconsider Ensour election challenge

By Suhair Obeidat Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament Wednesday asked one of its committees to reconsider its ruling in a contest over the election of Deputy Abdullah Ensour in Balqa Governorate to the 12th Parliament.

The committee had initially rejected the contest on the ground that the contestant was a "candidate" rather than a voter." based on the committee's interpretation of article 59 of the Election Law.

Article 59 states that "every voter has the right to contest the soundness of the election of any member of the Lower House of Parliament... According to the same law, no person may run for election

unless he/she was registered in the voter lists. A lengthy debate in which most deputies participated resulted in a vote over a motion by Deputy Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh to refer the contest back to the concerned

committee for further consideration. The vote was taken with an overwhelming majority, except for two deputies attending Wednesday's session (Nawaf Al Qadi and Fayad Jarrar), asking the committee to go back to the lists of voters in Balga Governorate to make sure that Nael

Masalhah, the contestant who ran on the ticket of the Islamic Action Front, (IAF) was registered as a voter in that district. A number of depudes, including Mr. Rawabdeh, Mobammad Owaida and Mohammad Dawoudieh, argued that the committee had met with Mr. Masalhah, Dr. Ensour and a

number of witnesses after it had rejected the contest. This argument is based on a legal interpretation that the committee should not have rejected the contest "in form" after conducting in-detail investigations, and having done so should have given a legal verdict on the contest rather than rejecting it on technical grounds.

Abdullah Akaileh, an IAF deputy, said that a candidate is not considered one unless he first qualifies as a voter and the term "voter" does not mean that a candidate cannot be

An exchange of accusations between the committee's head. Deputy Mufleh Ruheimi, and Deputy Ibrabim Zeid Keilani ended with Mr. Ruheimi requesting the House to accept his and other members' resignation from the committee "because we do not accept any accusations. Speaker Taher Al Masri asked the secretariat to delete this

incident from its official records. The House earlier referred to its Judiciary Committee the

temporary education law of 1988 after it came back from the Senate with some adjustments.

During its four-hour session, the House also completed the formation of a number of temporary committees; education, health and environmental safety, rural and badia regions, public freedoms and citizens' rights, agriculture and irrigation, Palestine and occupied Arab territories and power and water

The House also discussed a number of motions by deputies and complaints presented to the Lower House, such as the civil pension law, decentralisation with regard to local authorities and administrative divisions, the legal dispute between the Ministry of Telecommunications and a printing press on the former's rejection of a telephone directory produced by

The House voted on these and other motions and com-plaints and referred them to the government, various house committees, and filed others.

Rebel jets bomb Kabul amid Iranian mediation

tured Kabul airport from the militia of ex-communist General Abdul Rashid Dostum on the fifth day of bloody battles for supremacy in Afghanistan that have killed dozens of people and injured more than 1,500.

government sources said.

by Gen. Dostum since he launched his coup attempt at dawn

Hezb-e-Islami forces loval to Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar began shelling government positions in Kabul late Wednesday.

The group, which had taken an equivocal stance in hostilities started by Gen. Dostum's attack on the government, began firing heavy artillery at government troops, witnesses

with Gen. Dostum's troops but had seen relatively little action over the past couple of days as observers speculated Mr. Hekmatyar was waiting to assess the military situation.

Major battles Wednesday were still going on as govern-ment troops launched an artil-lery and infantry assault on Bala Hissar Fort — Gen. Dostum's last stronghold in the capital — and fighting raged on in Kabul's Microryan residential complex. Forces under former De-

fence Minister Ahmad Shah Masoud wrested control of the Kabul airport earlier Wednesday, allowing for several air strikes against rebel positions. But the participation of heavily armed and well-trained

Hezb-e-Islami troops could reduce pressure on Gen. Dostum's forces, observers here said, adding that the pro-Iranian Hezh-e-Wahdat remained neutral in the clashes. Two bombs landed in the diplomatic suburb of Wazir Akbar Khan. One hit the home of the deputy minister of aviation and tourism, who was out at the time, and the other landed near one of the few bakeries still open.

Iranian diplomats were trying to negotiate a temporary truce between the president and Gen. Dostum's forces. It was unclear whether the diplomats had reached Mr. Hekmatyar who has his base about 25 kilometres south of

Leave Somalis alone - secessionist leader

NAIROBI (Agencies) - The leader of the breakaway Somali land republic which declared independence from Somalia in 1991 said Wednesday that the United Nations should leave Somalia to settle their own problems.

President Mnhanimad Egal, addressing supporters in the Kenyan capital Naimhi after lengthy talks with faction leader Mohammad Farah Aidecd, said: "The U.N. should not portray Aidced as a monster. The U.N. does not understand the complexity of the Somali prohlem.

U.N. troops last year clashed with supporters of General Aideed, the sirnngman of southern Mogadishu.

and he was declared a wanted man for murderous attacks on Pakistani peacekeeping soldiers. The hunt for him was subsequently called off.

Mr. Egal called for further mediation by leaders of neighbouring African countries to stop Somalia sliding back into chaos after U.S. forces withdraw in March.

He advised the United Nations, repeatedly embroiled in disputes with his government over the world body's refusal to recognise Somali land, to stick to relief work. The U.N. should just work

as a non-governmental organisation and leave the negotiations to the Somalis and the African leaders in the region,"

Hurd backs beleaguered

U.K. minister

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LONDON (R) — British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hund Wednesday gave his support to be leaguered Environment Minister Tim Yeo, fighting for his political life after admixing be had a child from an extra marital affair. "I think he is a marital affair worthwhile and effective minister and I effective minister and I hope JOTG he stays," Mr. Hurd told BBC III Radio as Mr. Yeo's constituency contemplated the fate of the ing local officials in the ruling in the lordan Tim Conservative Party for almost three bours Toesday night, Mr.
Yeo, 48, said: "I was able to deferations. I express the regret that I feel the plestine Libe for the circumstances that the plestine Coursed so much embarrass ment to my constituents." Mr.
Yeo has admitted he acted the foolishly but refused to resign, saying be would not be hounded out office. Revelations of his affair have been particularhis affair have been particularing period. It is affair have been particularing period between it is servative Party because it has made morality a ceotral bank in palestinian profits policy and longly and magniscs a broadly palestinian profits policy and longly and magniscs a broadly palestinian profits policy and longly and lo and for cooperation paign for a return to "back to

Car ioaded with 15 peopie, 4 pets roils into ditch

basics" family values.

FAIRFIELD. lowa (AFP) A compact car loaded with 15 people, two dogs and two cats skidded off an icy road and rolled over in a ditch, leaving the pets unscathed but three passengers slightly injured. Lori Ann Cable, 30, was charged with failure to control her car. "I was told there were six in the front and nine in the back. I never did ask where the animals were at," said Jeffer-son County Cbief Deputy Sheriff Jerry Droz. The passengers included Mr. Cable's six children and six children of another passenger. Three of the children were treated for minor injuries.

Bank charges for free lunch

LONDON (R) — A British bank manager out for lunch discovered out to bis astonishment that be had been charged £110 (\$163) on his bank statement for the man's time. Chris-Reddall, who runs a printing firm in the southern seaside resort of Brighton, said after paying for the lunch and then being charged for two hours and 40 minutes of the manager's time: "It is a total cheek." But a spokesman for Barclays Bank was unrepentant. He told the London Times: "Our manager had to read op on the file before lunch and spend a lot of time doing paperwork afterwards."

Lost Haydn sonatas exposed as 'fake'

LONDON (AFP) - Six piano sonatas originally believed to be the work of 18th-century conposer Joseph Haydn are probabiy elever fakes, London's Guardian newspaper reported. The existence of the scores was announced in a front-page story in the Times newspaper. Dec. 15 last year. The pieces. were said to have been discovered in the home of an old lady in Munstar, Germany, by music teacher Winfried Michel. Although the sonates were not in Haydn's hand, this was not considered a problem as sheet music in the past was. mostly the work of professional copyists. The Guardian said that the scores had received world renown without any kind of scientific tests being carried out to check their authenticity. despite the fact that so far only photocopies of the originally sonatas have been made available by Michel, Stephen Roe, the expert io music manuscripts at London anctico house Sotheby's, confirmed to AFP he believed the documents were fake and that the writing was a 20th-century hand. He said: "No-one can prove it. There is only circumstantial evidence, but the carcumstantial evidence is so overwhelmingly strong, to me there is no doubt they are forgeries." Michel has insisted the sonatas are genuide and has said the old lady had made it a condition of their publication that ber privacy should be respected. Scholars have long known that a total of eight sonatas dating from the middle of Haydn's life were massing because the composer compiled a catalogue that listed the first few bars (incipits) of cach

Britain's Rose to take over U.N. forces in Bosnia UNITED NATIONS (Agen-

cies) - Lieutenant-General Michael Rose of Britain will become the new commander of U.N. forces in Bosnia, the British Defence Ministry said in London Wednesday. Gen. Rose will succeed Bel-

gian Lt. General Francis Briquemont who has asked to be relieved of his post at the end of the month as commander of the more than 12,000 U.N. troops in Bosnia. Gen. Rose led the British

commando forces in the Falkland Islands war. He is now commander of the United Kingdom field army. Gen. Rose led the Special

Air Services (SAS) commando strike force that spearheaded the British drive to retake the Falklands from the Argentine army in 1982.

In New York, a high ranking U.N. official confirmed that Gen. Briquemont would be replaced by Gen. Rose, Talks, fighting continue,



Hamas will vote in Palestinian elections, but will boycott rule

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — The Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, will vote for a Palestinian authority in Gaza and Jericho but will boycott its rule, a leading member was qooted as saying on Wednesday.
"(Hamas) will take part in

any elections to choose repre-sentatives of the Palestinian people provided they are not linked to prior conditions," Mahmoud Al Zohar said in an interview with Al Quds news-

But be added: "It is oatural we will not take part in any legislative or executive institution with any relacion to selfrule so as not to take on the burden of an agreement that does not accord with our values and policical program-

Under the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace agreement signed in September, the two million Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip will vote by July 13 for a selfgoverning council. Hamas is the most powerful

opponeot of the accord and the vote will be the first major test of its support in the occupied territories against the PLO.

Hamas has previously said it would participate in the elections and many Palestinians believe the group's position will be crucial to the success or failure of Palestinian self-rule. Hamas has wide support in

the Gaza Strip where self-rule will first be tested. At the same time, Hamas says it will try to avoid conflict with the PLO-run authority

that will be cooperating with Israel on security issues. Mr. Zohar, a lecturer at the Islamic University of Gaza and one of 415 Hamas supporters expelled to Lebanon in 1992, said Hamas would advise the Palestinian authority to break out of the servile role assigned

to it by Israel: "Even if this is the model imposed on them, they will not fulfil it. just as we will be a tender heart and helping hand and advising tongue to help them with their duties."

Likud not bound by deal

Israeli opposition leader Benjamin Netanyahu said he would not feel bound honour the Israeli-PLO agreement if he were elected to power, he said in an ioterview published in Wednesday's New York

The Likud party leader said PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat had already broken promises by failing to stop anti-Israeli attacks and by not revoking sections of the PLO charter

calling for Israel's destruction. "Agreements are made to be honoured, but they're not made to be honoured onilaterally," Mr. Netanyahu said, adding that in such circumstances the September agreement Mr. Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin signed in Washington was no longer binding on

Mr. Netanyabu said he would feel no obligation to honour the accord if he were to gain office.

The opposition leader. however, did not go as far as his predecessor, former Prime Mioister Yitzhak Shamir, in vowing to break the agree-

KABUL (Agencies) - Rebel jets bombed the Afghan capit-al Kabul Wednesday killing at least one person and injuring six as Iranian diplomats tried to mediate a ceasefire between President Burhanuddin Rabbani and a mutinous northern warlord.

Government troops cap-

However, Gen. Dostum's forees pushed Mr. Rabbani's forces back from the warlord's main airport in northern Mazar-e-Sharif. cnahling several of his jets to launch three bombing runs on Kabul and the Bagram airhase a few kilometres north of the capital.

These were the first air raids on New Year's Day.

The faction initially sided